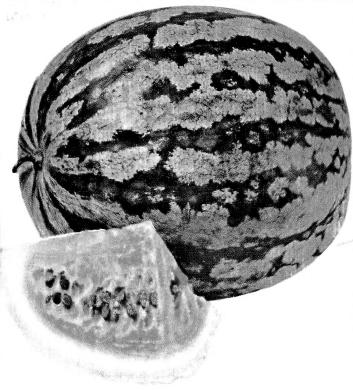
Historic, Archive Document

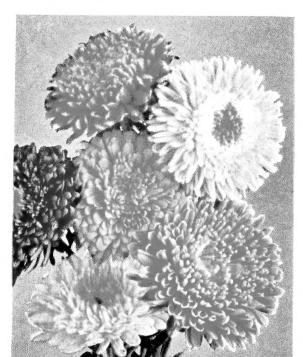
Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



Premium 1953 Seeds









N

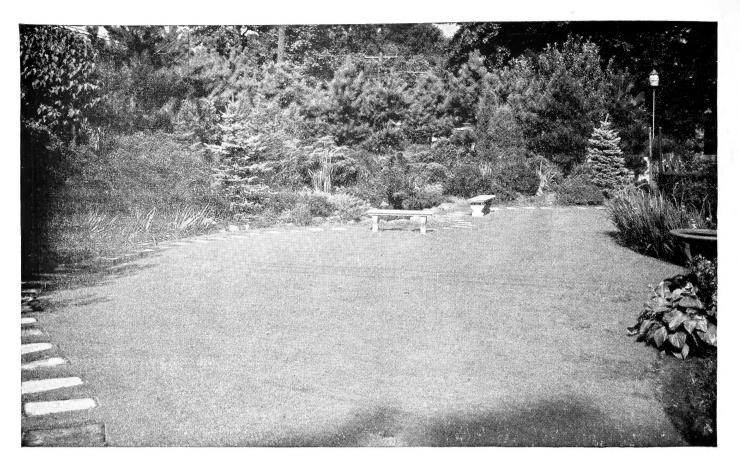
C.







219-223 E. Jefferson St. Louisville 2, Kentucky



Premium LAWN GRASS SEEDS

RECLEANED . . HIGHEST PURITY . . HIGHEST GERMINATION

PREMIUM LAWN GRASS

One pound sows 400 square feet; 60 to 75 pounds will sow an acre.

A mixture of grasses that is adapted to lawn making, and contains none of the coarse grasses nor those that grow in tufts or clumps. No one grass makes an ideal lawn, so we have put into our lawn grass a well-balanced mixture of grasses that are at their best during different months of the year, will give a beautiful green growth at all seasons, and will make a rich, deep green velvety lawn in as short a time as possible.

Lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.75; bu. (20 lbs.), \$17.00.

SHADY LAWN GRASS

In nearly all lawns there are shaded spots under trees or near the house, where it is hard to get a satisfactory growth. Shady Lawn Grass is prepared especially for such situations and will produce a thick growth that will blend nicely with the grass growing in other parts of the lawn.

Lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.75; bu. (20 lbs.), \$17.00.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS

Our stock of this popular grass is fancy recleaned seed and extra heavy. Succeeds well on most fertile soils in the central and northern states. Grows slowly at first but makes a thick, compact turf if properly cared for after sowing. For lawn purposes sow from 3 to 4 bushels per acre.

Lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.75; bu. (14 lbs.), \$11.00.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER

For lawns. Makes a small, close, compact growth, covering the ground like a carpet. Sow either in the spring or fall. When sown by itself, use 5 to 6 pounds per acre; it is better, however, sown in mixture with other grasses.

Lb., \$1.00. RYE GRASS

Excellent for producing an immediate effect. Deeprooted, fast growing, used for terraces and hillsides. Will stand shade.

Lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.15; 10 lbs., \$2.00.

SHEEP MANURE MAKES PLANTS GROW

This concentrated, weedless, soil-building manure puts new life and beauty into all plants. For lawns and gardens use 10 pounds to 100 square feet. Simply broadcast as you would sow seed. Rake into the surface soil around established plants.

5 lbs., 40c; 25 lbs., \$1.40; 50 lbs., \$2.25.

For Beautiful Green Lawns
Feed Regularly With This Complete
Balanced Diet.

VIGORO or VERTAGREEN

1-lb. pkg., 15c; 5-lb. pkg., 53c; 10-lb. pkg., 95c; 25-lb. bag \$1.70; 50-lb. bag, \$2.80; 100-lb. bag, \$4.55.



219-221-223 E. Jefferson St.

Home of Premium Seeds

We take this opportunity to thank our many friends and customers for their patronage and we earnestly solicit a trial order from anyone not using Premium Seeds.

Yours for Premium Seeds and Service.

E. H. SCHAFFNER, President

G. W. McDANIEL, V. Pres. and Treas.

WALTER H. SCHAFFNER, Sec'y.

HALL SEED COMPANY

INCORPORATED

January 1, 1953

READ CAREFULLY BEFORE ORDERING

ERRORS—We exercise the utmost care in filling orders, striving to do a little more than we offer; yet in the press of business, errors sometimes occur, in which event we wish to be promptly notified of the fact, and will make such corrections as will be satisfactory. Please keep copies of all your orders for comparison.

ABOUT WARRANTY

The HALL SEED COMPANY gives no warranty, express or implied, as to the productiveness of any seeds or bulbs it sells and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. Our liability, in all instances, is limited to the purchase price of the seed.

Crops are dependent for success or failure on so many things besides seeds that it is impossible for us to give any crop warranty or guarantee. This does not mean that we lack confidence in the seeds we sell, but we have no control over the seeds after they leave our house, especially so as to the methods of planting, cultivating and fertilizing, all of which are important factors in the success of any crop. If we should warrant or guarantee seeds in any way, we could be held responsible for the failure of the crop, regardless of cause, and this is a responsibility we cannot accept. No responsible seedsman gives any such warranty.

THE VARIETIES OF GARDEN SEED offered in this catalog are the BEST for this latitude. They have been tried out and have proven to be the best. We have tried to confine our stock of seeds to those varieties that really have merit and are best suited to our local market. If you are in doubt about which varieties to plant, we sincerely hope this catalog will help you to decide. We will cheerfully give you any further information that we can.

ORDER YOUR SEEDS AT ONCE—Read this catalog through carefully and make up your order while you have plenty of time. Planting time will soon slip around and you want to be ready with the seeds on hand. SEND US YOUR ORDERS WHILE OUR STOCKS ARE COMPLETE.

OUR PRICES are subject to market changes and previous sales.

WE DO NOT PAY POSTAGE except on packets, ounces and quarter-pounds of vegetable and flower seeds at catalogue prices, for larger quantities add postage if ordered by parcel post. All other items listed in this catalogue unless otherwise stated, prices are f. o. b. Louisville, Ky.. if delivery by parcel post is wanted sufficient postage should be added.

WE DO NOT SEND C. O. D., as the cost of collecting return charges is quite an unnecessary item of expense, and the prices being given, we can conceive of no necessity to warrant goods being so sent.

HOW TO SEND CASH—We prefer that you send stamps or Post Office Money Order, for small amounts. Send Post Office Money Order, Express Money Order or Certified Checks or Bank Draft on Louisville for larger amounts. Your Rural Carrier or Postmaster will make out the Money Order for you.



Market Street Entrance

SEE FOLLOWING PAGE FOR PARCEL POST RATES

THALL SEED CO.

NOTICE

SEE PAGE ONE WHEN ORDERING BY PARCEL POST

PARCEL POST RATES

We Do Not Send C. O. D.

ZONE				
WT.	LOCAL	1-2	3	4
		\$ ct.	\$ ct.	\$ ct.
. 1	1	4 -		
1	.15	.17	.17	.19
$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$.17	$.20 \\ .22$.21	.24 $.29$
4	.19	.25	.28	.34
5	.20	.27	.31	.38
6	.22	.29	.35	.43
7	.23	.32	.38	.48
8	.24	.34	.42	.53
9	.25	.37	.45	.57
10 11	.27	.39	.49	.62
12	.29	.41 .44	.56	.67 $.72$
13	.30	.46	.59	.76
14	.32	.49	.63	.81
15	.33	.51	.66	.86
16	.34	.53	.70	.91
17	.35	.56	.73	$\begin{matrix} .95 \\ 1.00 \end{matrix}$
18	.37	.58	.77	
19 20	.38 . 39	.61 .63	.80	$\frac{1.05}{1.10}$
21	.40	.65	.87	1.14
22	.42	.68	.91	1.19
23	.43	.70	.94	1.24
24	.44	.73	.98	1.29
25 26	.45	.75 .77	1.01	$\frac{1.33}{1.38}$
27	.48	.80	1.08	1.43
28	.49	.82	1.12	1.48
29	.50	.85	1.15	1.52
30	.52	87	1.19	1.57
31	.53	.89	1.22	1.62
32	.54	.92 $.94$	1.26	$\frac{1.67}{1.71}$
34	.57	.97	1.33	1.76
35	.58	.99	1.36	1.81
36	.59	1.01	1.40	1.86
37	.60	1.04	1.43	1.90
38	.62	1.06	1.47	1.95
39	.63	$\frac{1.09}{1.11}$	1.50	$\frac{2.00}{2.05}$
41	.65	1.11	1.57	$\frac{2.05}{2.09}$
42	.67	1.16	1.61	2.14
43	.68	1.18	1.64	2.19
44	.69	1.21	1.68	2.24
45	.70	1.23	1.71	2.28
46 47	.72	$\frac{1.25}{1.28}$	1.75	2.33
48	.74	1.30	1.78 1.82	$\frac{2.38}{2.43}$
49	.75	1.33	1.85	2.47
50	.77	1.35	1.89	2.52
51	.78	1.37	1.92	2.57
52	.79	1.40	1.96	2.62
53	.80	1.42	1.99	2.66
54 55	.82	1.45 1,47	2.03	$2.71 \\ 2.76$
56	.84	1.47	2.10	$\frac{2.76}{2.81}$
57	.85	1.52	2.13	$\frac{2.81}{2.85}$
58	.87	1.54	2.17	2.90
59	.88	1.57	2.20	2.95
60	.89	1.59	2.24	3.00
61	.90	1.61	2.27	3.04
62	.92	$1.64 \\ 1.66$	2.31 2.34	3.09
64	.94	1.69	2.34	3.14 3.19
65	.95	1.71	2.41	3.19
66	.97	1.73	2.45	3.28
67	.98	1.76	2.48	3.33
68	.99	1.78	2.52	3.38
69 70	$1.00 \\ 1.02$	1.81	$2.55 \\ 2.59$	$\frac{3.42}{3.47}$
	1.02			

INDEX

Page	Page
A	Ant Dust37
Adco40	Aquilegia27
Ageratum21	Arsenate of Lead37
Alfalfa31	Asparagus Roots 3
Alsike Clover31	Asparagus Seed 3
Alyssum21	

B P Baby's Breath23	9	ore
Delaste Deserth 00	6	5
Baby s Breath25	- 2	
Bachelor ButtonBalsamBean Beetle Dust	. 2	2
Balsam	.2	2
Bean Beetle Dust	2	7
Beans—Garden3- Beans—Lima Beans—Soja or Soy	1	· =
Beans—Gardens	1	
Beans—Lima		Ð
Beans—Soja or Soy	.3	3
Beans—Soja or Soy		6
Deets Manual	•	ě
Beets-Mangel	_	0
Begonias	.2	1
Binder Twine	4	0
Birdsfoot Trefoil	2	1
Diagram Comm	ค	'n
Diack-Eyed Susan	-	9
Black Leaf—40	.3	1
Blue Grass	3	2
and Inside Front Co.	v	61
Directors	6	0
Bluestone Bone Meal	- 2	U
Bone Meal	3	7
Bordeaux Mixture Broccoli Brome Grass Brussels Sprouts Buckwheat	2	7
Dordeatty Mixture	·	
Broccon		O
Brome Grass	3	2
Brussels Sprouts		6
Puckwheet	•	ñ
Duckwheat	О	4
C		
Cabbage		7
Cabbago Chinaga		÷
CabbageChineseCalendulaCalifornia PoppyCampanulaCandytuft		6
Calendula	2	2
California Poppy	2	3
Campanula	9	7
Candytuft	6	6
Candytuit	4	2
Cane Seed	3	2
Cantaloupe	1	1
Campanua Candytuft Cane Seed Cantaloupe Cardinal Climber Carnots Castor Beans Cauliflower	9	8
Camatian Chinder	5	0
CarnationZZ-	2	"
Carrots		8
Castor Beans	2	2
Cauliflower		e
Calama		2
Celery	_	o
Celosia	2	2
Centaurca	2	2
Ceresan	2	9
Cauliflower Celery Celosia Centaurca Ceresan Chard—Swiss Chinese Cabbage Chinese Lanterns	v	2
Chard—Swiss		0
Chinese Cabbage		7
Chinese Lanterns	2	8
Chloradana	3	7
Chromadane	ö	:
ChloradaneClover—Alsike	3	1
Clover—Crimson	3	1
Clover—Korean	3	1
Clover-Ladino	2	1
Clovel Badino	្ព	1
Clover—Red	3	1
Clover—Sapling	3	1
Clover—Sweet	3	1
Cooksoomh	ñ	ô
Cockscomb	4	2
Collards		7
Columbine	2	7
Coreopsis	2	7
Corn Engilage	2	À
Corn Eigld	ย	×
Corn—Field	3	U
Corn—Hybrid	3	0
Corn—Pop		9
Corn—Sweet	>	ă
Com Make	?-	0
Corn—Table8	5-	9
Clover—Alsike Clover—Crimson Clover—Korean Clover—Korean Clover—Red Clover—Red Clover—Sapling Clover—Sweet Cockscomb Collards Columbine Coreopsis Corn—Ensilage Corn—Field Corn—Hybrid Corn—Pop Corn—Sweet Scon—Table Corn—Table Corn—Tower Cosmos Cown Cown Cown Cown Corn—Cown Corn—Cown Corn—Cown Corn—Cown Corn—Cown Corn—Cown Cown Cown Cown Cown Cown Cown Cown	2	2
Cosmos22-	2	3
Cow Peas	2	2
Committee	0	0
Crowton	ð	ŭ
Cucumbers		9
Cucumbers Cultivators Cushaw	3	8
Cushaw	1	e
Cyclone Seed Sowers	9	e
Come Seed Sowers	ó	Ó
Cypress Vine	2	8
D		
Dahlia Roots	9	1
Dahlia Sood	n	•
	2	ð
Damia Seed		
Dahlia Labels	3	6
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\frac{6}{7}$
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted	3 2 9	6 7 8
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shorte	2 2	6 7 8 9
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta	2 2 2	6 7 8 8
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta	3 2 2 2 2	6 7 8 8 0
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta	3 2 2 2 2	67880 7
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta	3 2 2 2 2	6788077
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalis 23-	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$	777
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalis 23-	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$	777
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalis 23-	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$	777
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalia 23-	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$	777
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalia 23-	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$	777
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalia 23-	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$	777
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalia 23-	$\frac{3}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$ $\frac{2}{2}$	777
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Dianthus Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3	77790875
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3	77790875
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Dianthus Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 3 3 3 3	77790875
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters 34- Dwarf Essex Rape	3222222 42333	777908752
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters 34- Dwarf Essex Rape	3222222 42333	777908752
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters 34- Dwarf Essex Rape	3222222 42333	777908752
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters 34- Dwarf Essex Rape	3222222 42333	777908752
Dahilia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters 34- Dwarf Essex Rape	3222222 42333	777908752
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Dianthus Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters Dwarf Essex Rape E Egg Plant Endive End o Pest End o Weed	3222222 42333 123	777908752 9024
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Dianthus Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters Dwarf Essex Rape E Egg Plant Endive End o Pest End o Weed	3222222 42333 123	777908752 9024
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Dianthus Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters Dwarf Essex Rape E Egg Plant Endive End o Pest End o Weed	3222222 42333 123	777908752 9024
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Dianthus 23- Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters 34- Dwarf Essex Rape E Egg Plant Endive End o Pest End o Weed English Daisy Ensilage Corn	3222222 42333 12323	777908752 902470
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Dianthus 23- Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters 34- Dwarf Essex Rape E Egg Plant Endive End o Pest End o Weed English Daisy Ensilage Corn	3222222 42333 12323	777908752 902470
Dahlia Labels Daisy—English Daisy—Painted Daisy—Shasta D. D. T. Delphinium Dianthus Digitalis Dill Doz-Zix Doliches Dry Lime Sulphur Dusters Dwarf Essex Rape E Egg Plant Endive End o Pest End o Weed	3222222 42333 12323	777908752 902470

Page
Fescue33 Flower Seeds21
Flower Seeds21
Forget-Me-Not23
Forget-Me-Not23 Four O'Clock23 Foxglove27
Fruit Spray37
Fungicides37
G
Gaillardia27 Germaco Hotkaps36
Germaco Hotkaps36
Gladiolus29
Gloves40
Grass Seeds—Field31-32
Gladiolus29 Gloves40 Gourds8 Grass Seeds—Field31-32 Grass Seeds—Lawn—
Inside Front Cover Greenleaf4-7
Gypsophila23-27
Hardy Sweet Boss 97
Hardy Sweet Peas 27 Helichrysum 23 Hollyhock 23-27 Horn Seed Sower 36
Hollyhock23-27
Horn Seed Sower36
Hot Bed Glass86
Hot Bed Glass 36 Hotkaps 36 Hyacinth Bean 28
Hybrid Corn30 Hydrated Lime—
Hydrated Lime— Inside Front Cover
Iceland Ponny 28
Iceland Poppy28 Inoculation31
Insecticides87 Isotox30
J
John Deere Tractor
Back Page
K
Kale10
Kentucky Blue Grass 32
Knee Pad40
Kale 10 K. R. O. 37 Kentucky Blue Grass 32 Knee Pad 40 Kohl Rabi 10
Korean Lespedeza31 Krilium23
Labels—Dahlia36 Labels—Plant36 Larkspur23 Lathyrus27
Labels—Dahlia 36 Labels—Plant 36 Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds—
Labels—Dahlia 36 Labels—Plant 36 Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds—
Labels—Dahlia 36 Labels—Plant 36 Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds—
Labels—Dahlia 36 Labels—Plant 36 Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds—
Labels—Dahlia 36 Labels—Plant 36 Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds—
Labels—Dahlia

Baby's Breath23-27	Fescue33	Peas-Garden15
Bachelor Button22	Flower Seeds21	Peat Moss40
Balsam22	Forget-Me-Not23	Peppers14
Bean Beetle Dust37	Four O'Clock23	Petunia24-25
Beans—Garden3-4-5	Foxglove27	Phlox24
Beans—Lima 5	Fruit Spray37	Physalis28
Beans—Soja or Soy3 Beets—Table6	Fungicides37	Pinks23-27 Planet Jr. Tools38
Beets—Mangel 6	G	Plows—Garden38
Begonias21	Gaillardia27	Plymouth Binder Twine_ 40
Binder Twine40	Germaco Hotkaps36	Pop Corn 9
Birdsfoot Trefoil31	Gladiolus29	Poppies—Annual25
Black-Eyed Susan29	Gloves40	Poppies—Hardy28
Black Leaf—4037	Gourds28	Poppy—California23
Blue Grass32	Grass Seeds—Field31-32	Portulaca25
and Inside Front Cover	Grass Seeds—Lawn—	Potatoes16
Bluestone20 Bone Meal37	Inside Front Cover Greenleaf4-7	Poultry Supplies39 Pumpkin16
Bordeaux Mixture37	Gypsophila23-27	Pyrethrum28
Broccoli 6	Gypsopiila =========	1 fiethfull2
Brome Grass32	н	R
Brussels Sprouts 6	Hardy Sweet Peas27	Radish17
Buckwheat32	Helichrysum23	Rape32
_	Hollyhock23-27	Red Arrow37
C	Horn Seed Sower36	Red Clover31
Cabbage—Chinese 7	Hot Bed Glass36	Red Hot Poker28
Cabbage—Chinese 7 Calendula22	Hotkaps36 Hyacinth Bean28	Redtop32
California Poppy23	Hybrid Corn30	Rhubarb Roots17
Campanula27	Hydrated Lime—	Rhubarb Seed17
Candytuft22	Inside Front Cover	Rock Garden Mixture25 Rootone40
Cane Seed32		Ruta Baga20
Cantaloupe11		R. V. Lite39
Cardinal Climber28	Iceland Poppy28	Rye Grass32
Carnation22-27 Carrots 8	Inoculation31 Insecticides37	and Inside Front Cover
Castor Beans22	Isotox30	
Cauliflower 6		s
Celery 6	J	Salsify17
Celosia22	John Deere Tractor	Salvia25
Centaurca22	Back Page	Sapling Clover31
Ceresan32		Scabiosa25 Scarlet Runner Bean29
Chard—Swiss6	K Kala	Scarlet Sage25
Chinese Cabbage 7	Kale10 K. R. O37	Seeders38
Chinese Lanterns28 Chloradane37	Kentucky Blue Grass32	Seed Flowers36
Clover—Alsike31	Knee Pad40	Semesan14
Clover—Crimson31	Kohl Rabi10	Semesan Bel16
Clover—Korean31	Korean Lespedeza31	Semesan Jr30
Clover—Ladino31	Krilium23	Sericea Lespedeza31 Shady Lawn Grass—
Clover—Red31	L -	Inside Front Cover
Clover—Sapling31	Labels—Dahlia36	Shasta Daisy28
Clover—Sweet31		M1 8.5
Cockecomb	Labels-Plant36	Sheep Manure36
Cockscomb22	Labels—Plant36 Larkspur23	Slug Shot37
Collards 7	Larkspur23 Lathyrus27	Slug Shot37 Snapdragons25
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27	Larkspur23 Lathyrus27 Lawn Grass Seeds—	Slug Shot37 Snapdragons25 Soja or Soy Beans33
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30	Larkspur23 Lathyrus27 Lawn Grass Seeds— Inside Front Cover	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds— Inside Front Cover Leek 10	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds Inside Front Cover Leek 10 Lespedeza Korean 31 Lespedeza Serice 31	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds 10 Leek 10 Lespedeza 31 Lespedeza 31 Lettuce 10 Lima Beans 5	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-8	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds— Inside Front Cover Leek 10 Lespedeza—Korean 31 Lespedeza—Sericea 31 Lettuce 10 Lima Beans 5 Lime—Hydrated—	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 29.23	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds— Inside Front Cover Leek 10 Lespedeza—Korean 31 Lespedeza—Sericea 31 Lettuce 10 Lima Beans 5 Lime—Hydrated— Inside Front Cover	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 29.23	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds— Inside Front Cover Leek 10 Lespedeza—Korean 31 Lespedeza—Sericea 31 Lettuce 10 Lima Beans 5 Lime—Hydrated— Inside Front Cover Lime—Lawn— Inside Front Cover	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds— Inside Front Cover Leek 10 Lespedeza—Korean 31 Lespedeza—Sericea 31 Lettuce 10 Lima Beans 5 Lime—Hydrated— Inside Front Cover Lime—Lawn— Inside Front Cover	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 46 Sweet Peas 46 Sweet Peas 47
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 426 Sweet Peas 27 Sweet William 28
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 46 Sweet Peas 46 Sweet Peas 47
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 46 Sweet William 28 Swiss Chard 6
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22-23 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 28 Swiss Chard 6
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 46 Sweet William 28 Swiss Chard 6 T Thunbergia 29 Timothy 32
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cuyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Swest William 28 Swiss Chard 6 Thunbergia 29 Timothy 32 Tithonie 26
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 38 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Swest William 28 Swiss Chard 6 Thunbergia 29 Tinothy 32 Tithonia 26 Tobacco Seed 20
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Zosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 46 Towet William 28 Swiss Chard 6 Tunobergia 29 Timothy 32 Tithonia 26 Tobacco Seed 20 Tobacco Worm Dust 20
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corumbine 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 D Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Shasta 28	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 6 Towet William 28 Swiss Chard 6 Thunbergia 29 Timothy 32 Tithonia 26 Tobacco Seed 20 Tobacco Worm Dust 20 Tomatoes 18-19
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corumbine 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Shata 28 D. D. T. 20	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunlfower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet William 28 Swiss Chard 6 Thunbergia 29 Tintonia 26 Tobacco Seed 20 Tobacco Worm Dust 20 Tomatoes 18-19 Transplanter Solution 20
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 20smos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cuclumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Shasta 28 Daisy—Shasta 28 Dalphinium 27	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 46 Tunbergia 29 Timothy 32 Tithonia 26 Tobacco Seed 20 Tobacco Worm Dust 20 Tomatoes 18-19 Transplanter 20 Toransplantone 40
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Columbine 27 Cornepsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cuyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 D Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 D. D. T. 20 Delphinium 27 Dianthus 23-27	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet William 28 Swiss Chard 6 Thunbergia 29 Tinthonia 26 Tobacco Seed 20 Tobacco Worm Dust 20 Tomatoes 18-19 Transplanter 50ution 20 Transplantone 40 Tre-Tox 37 Tri-Ogen 37
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corumbine 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Shasta 28 D. D. T. 20 Delphinium 27 Dianthus 23-27 Tointhus 23-27	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunflower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet William 28 Swiss Chard 6 Thunbergia 29 Timothy 32 Tithonia 26 Tobacco Seed 20 Tobacco Worm Dust 20 Tomatoes 18-19 Transplanter 20 Transplantone 40 Tree-Tox 37 Tri-Ogen 37 Tritoma 28
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Shasta 28 Daisy—Shasta 28 Daisy—Shasta 28 Daiblinium 27 Diathlus 23-27 Digitalis 27 <t< td=""><td> Larkspur</td><td> Slug Shot</td></t<>	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coruposis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Zosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Shasta 28 D. D. 20 Delphinium 27 Digitalis 27 Digitalis 27 Digitalis 27 Dickees 28	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunlfower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Clover 31 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet William 28 Swiss Chard 6 Tithonia 26 Tobacco Seed 20 Tobacco Worm Dust 20 Tomatoes 18-19 Transplanter 40 Tree-Tox 37 Tritoma 28 Turnip 20
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corumbine 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 CornMower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 D Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Shasta 28 D. D. T. 20 Delphinium 27 Dianthus 23-27 Digitalis 27	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coruposis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 D Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 D. D. T. 20 Delphinium 27 Diathlus 23-27 Digitalis 27 Digitalis 27 Doz-Zix 40 Doliches 28	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corumbine 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 CornMower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 D Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Shasta 28 D. D. T. 20 Delphinium 27 Dianthus 23-27 Digitalis 27	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cucumbers 9 Cutivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Shasta 28 D. D. T. 20 Delphinium 27 Digitalis 27 Dig	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Columbine 27 Cornepsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 D Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dailia Seed 23 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Dalphinium 27 Dialthus 23-27 Digitalis 27 Dill 9 Doz-Zix 40	Larkspur	Slug Shot 37 Snapdragons 25 Soja or Soy Beans 33 Spinach 18 Sprayers 35-38 Spray Pumps 35-38 Squash 18 Stocks 25 Strawflowers 23 Sudan Grass 32 Sulphur 37 Sunlfower 32 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Alyssum 21 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet Peas 26 Sweet William 28 Swiss Chard 6 Thunbergia 29 Tintohy 32 Tithonia 26 Tobacco Seed 20 Tobacco Worm Dust 20 Tomatoes 18-19 Transplantone 40 Tree-Tox 37 Tritoma 28 Turnip 20 Vertagreen 36 Vigoro—Inside Front Cover Vigoro Spr
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corumbine 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Corn—Gower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Shasta 28 D. D. T. 20 Delphinium 27 Diathus 23-27 Diathus 23-27 Diathus 23 Doi-Crix 40 Doliches 28 Dry Lime Su	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 D Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 D. D. T. 20 Delphinium 27 Diathlus 23-27 Digitalis 27 Dij 9 Doz-Zix 40 <t< td=""><td> Larkspur</td><td> Slug Shot</td></t<>	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corlumbine 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Corn—Gower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Doz-Zix 40 Doliches 28 Dry Lime Sulphur 37 Dusters 32 Dwarf Essex Rape 32	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Corn—Sweet 30 Corn—Sweet 38 Cownows 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 D Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Dail 9	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corlumbine 27 Corne-Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cybress Vine 28 D Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 D. D. T. 20 Delphinium 27 Digitalis 27 Digitalis 27 Digitalis 27 Digitalis 28 Dry Lime Sulphur 37	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds Inside Front Cover Leek 10 Lespedeza Korean 31 Lespedeza Sericea 31 Lettuce 10 Lima Beans 5 Lime Hydrated Inside Front Cover Lime Lawn Inside Front Cover Lime Lawn 37 Lupines 28	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corlumbine 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Corn—Gower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Doz-Zix 40 Doliches 28 Dry Lime Sulphur 37 Dusters 32 Dwarf Essex Rape 32	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Columbine 27 Corne-Ensilage 30 Corn-Field 30 Corn-Hybrid 30 Corn-Pop 9 Corn-Sweet 8-9 Corn-Table 8-9 Corn-Gwer 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 D D 21 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Labels 36	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds 10 Leek 10 Lespedeza Korean 31 Lespedeza Sericea 31 Lettuce 10 Lima Beans 5 Lime Hydrated Inside Front Cover Lime Lawn 28 Inside Front Cover Lime Lawn 37 Lupines 28 Mangel Beets 6 Marigold 24 Melon Dust 37 Melon Musk 11 Melon Musk 11 Melon Water 12 Moest Spray Pumps 38 Millet 32 Moest Killer 40 Monflower 29 Morning Glory 29 Morton Sugar Cure 40 Moss Rose 25 Musk Melon 11 Mustard 11 Mustard 11 Nasturtium 24 Nico-Fume 37 Nitragin Inoculator 31 Otats 32 Okra 13 Onion Seed 13 Orchard Grass 32 Orchard Grass 32 Oriental Poppy 28 Painted Daisy 28 Pansy 24 Alta	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corlumbine 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Corn—Gower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Daisy—Painted 28 Doz-Zix 40 Doliches 28 Dry Lime Sulphur 37 Dusters 32 Dwarf Essex Rape 32	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds Inside Front Cover Leek	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Columbine 27 Coreopsis 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cultivators 38 Cushaw 16 Cyclone Seed Sowers 36 Cypress Vine 28 D Dahlia Roots 21 Dahlia Seed 23 Dahlia Labels 36 Daisy—English 27 Daisy—Painted 28 D. D. T. 20 Delphinium 27 Dianthus 23-27 Digitalis 27 Digitalis 27 Digitalis 27 Dill 9 Doz-Zix 40 Doliches 28 Dry Lime Sulphur 37 Dusters 34-35 Dwarf Essex Rape 32 E E Egg Plant 9 Endive 10 End o Pest 22 End o Weed 34 English Daisy 27 Ensilage Corn 30 Erosionet 36 Erosionet 33 Everlasting Flowers 23	Larkspur	Slug Shot
Collards 7 Columbine 27 Corumbers 27 Corn—Ensilage 30 Corn—Field 30 Corn—Hybrid 30 Corn—Pop 9 Corn—Sweet 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Corn—Table 8-9 Cornflower 22 Cosmos 22-23 Cow Peas 33 Crowtox 30 Cucumbers 9 Cucumbers 9 Cucumbers 9 Cucumbers 36 Cypress Vine 28	Larkspur 23 Lathyrus 27 Lawn Grass Seeds Inside Front Cover Leek	Slug Shot

PREMIUM SEEDS

ASPARAGUS SEED

One Ounce will produce about 200 roots; 3 lbs. will produce enough roots for one acre.

MARY WASHINGTON RUST-PROOF—Has proved to possess remarkable rust-resisting qualities. Produces long, straight stalks of a rich green color running darker at the tips. While it has the thickness desired in Asparagus, you will find it tender and delicious. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Asparagus roots are planted in trenches 1 foot wide and 6 inches deep. Lay the roots 18 inches apart, taking care to spread the roots well with the crown up. Then cover them with about 4 inches of soil. As the plants begin to grow, gradually fill in the trenches to the surface. They may be planted in either single-row or double-row beds, allowing about 3 to 4 feet between beds, in either case, 2-year-old plants, set out in the Spring, will yield tips for use the following Spring; however, it is best to cut sparingly the first season. One-year-old plants should not be cut until the second season. 50c for 25; \$1.50 per 100; \$12.50 per 1000.

BEANS—Dwarf or Bush **Green Podded Varieties**

Prices on beans are not postpaid. If delivery by parcel post is wanted, sufficient postage should be added. See page 2 for parcel post rates. We do not Send C.O.D.

CULTURE—If planted at intervals of two or three weeks, commencing after the ground has become dry and warm and continuing until the latter part of August, a supply can be had all through the season. Sow in drills 2 in. deep and 18 in. to 2 feet apart dropping beans 3 inches apart in the drill. Hoe or cultivate often and very shallow, keeping ground stirred well until they begin to bear. Do not hoe or cultivate while leaves are wet. Pick pods as soon as they are large enough for use. One pint will plant about 125 feet in drill. Two bushels per acre.

LONGREEN STRINGLESS—56 Days—A new market bean originating as a straight selection from long podded tendergreen. The season, vine, pod type and color are similar to regular New Stringless or Tendergreen with the exception that the pod is considerably longer. Pods are round, straight, dark green in color and 7 inches long. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.45; gal. \$2.65; pk. \$4.95; ½ bu. \$9.65; bu. \$19.00.

EARLY BOUNTIFUL—Pods are large, thick, broad, flat, extra long.

EARLY BOUNTIFUL—Pods are large, thick, broad, flat, extra long, very uniform in shape, having a delicious flavor exclusively their own, ready for picking in about 6 weeks. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.45; gal. \$2.50; pk. \$4.70; ½ bu. \$9.15; bu. \$18.00.

very uniform in shape, having a delicious flavor exclusively their own, ready for picking in about 6 weeks. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.45; gal. \$2.50; pk. \$4.70; ½ bu. \$9.15; bu. \$18.00.

RED VALENTINE—Plants are very vigorous and healthy, have always been free from diseases which appear in the regular stocks of Red Valentine Beans. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.45; gal. \$2.60; pk. \$4.95; ½ bu. \$9.65; bu. \$19.00.

TENDERGREEN—New delicious, tender, fine-flavored, early dwarf bean. Pods are long, round, very meaty, of a light green color and entirely stringless. Try this new one this year. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.45; gal. \$2.65; pk. \$4.95; ½ bu. \$9.65; bu. \$19.00.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD—A valuable round pod bean absolutely stringless; pods are long, fleshy and tender of a vigorous rapid growth and extremely early. Most popular of all snap stringless varieties for market or family use. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 75c; ½ gal. \$1.25; gal. \$2.20; pk. \$4.10; ½ bu. \$7.90; bu. \$15.50.

GIANT STRINGLESS—Matures a few days later than Burpee's Stringless Green Pod, are a little longer and more nearly straight. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 75c; ½ gal. \$1.35; gal. \$2.45; pk. \$4.60; ½ bu. \$8.90; bu. \$17.50.

FULL MEASURE—Plants are hardy and prolific, bearing large round stringless, slightly creasebacked pods, ready to pick in about 7 weeks. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.50; gal. \$2.75; pk. \$5.15; ½ bu. \$10.00; bu. \$19.75.

TENNESSEE GREEN POD—This is a splendid Extra Early variety for market and more especially home use, being a very heavy producer of large, flat, green pods of the finest flavor, which is in some respects similar to that of a pole bean. It continues to blossom and bear for several weeks after the first setting of pods. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 75c; ½ gal. \$1.35; gal. \$2.45; pk. \$4.60; ½ bu. \$8.90; bu. \$17.50.

DWARF HORTICULTURAL OR ITALIAN—A popular sort with Louisville market gardeners. Pods medium light striped, splashed with crimson or yellowish brown; seeds pale pink

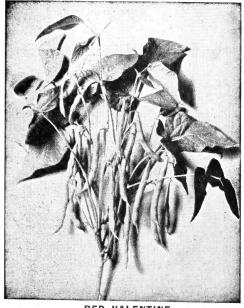
\$19.50. COMMODORE -OMMODORE — OR BUSH KENTUCKY WONDER — All American Winner. One of the most popular bush beans that we have ever offered. Producing long, slightly curved, rounded, meaty and delicious pods that indicate that superb Kentucky Wonder flavor that has been matchless for generations. Pkt. 25c; pt. 65c; qt. \$1.25; ½ gal. \$2.15; gal. \$4.00; pk. \$7.75; ½ bu. \$15.15; bu. \$30.00.



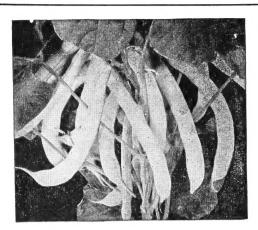
ASPARAGUS



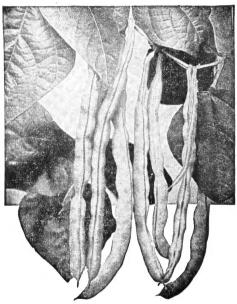
BURPEES STRINGLESS



RED VALENTINE



GOLDEN WAX BEAN



McCASLAN POLE BEAN

BLACK PANTHER GARDEN DUST AND SPRAY



BLACK PANTHER DUST is the rotenone supreme. Kills Mexican bean beetles and certain other insects. It is a successful blend of rotenone and other completely non-poisonous active ingredients. Can be used as a dust on wet spray. 1 lb. can. 40e; 4 lb. bag \$1.00.

GREEN LEAF



Green leaf is used for the control of many insects and blight on tomatoes, potatoes and certain other vegetables having hardy foliage. Use Green leaf before blight appears. Green leaf kills Mexican Bean Beetles, Potato Beetles, Cabbage worms and many others. If a spray is desired, Green leaf will do an excellent job. It contains a special wetting agent and should be used at the rate of one pound to four gallons of water. 4 lb. bag \$1.25.

BEANS-Dwarf or Bush Green Podded Varieties

WADE—All-American Gold Medal Winner for 1952. Exceptionally smooth, round, stringless, slender, dark green pods, 5½ to 6 in. long are profusely borne on strong growing plants well above the ground. Resistant to common bean mosaic and powdery mildew. A top-quality bush bean for home and market. Pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.50; gal. \$2.70; pk. \$5.10; ½ bu. \$9.90; bu. \$19.50.

Dwarf Varieties For Shelled Beans

RED KIDNEY-A well-known shelled bean. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 70c; ½ gal. \$1.20; gal. \$2.25; pk. \$4.35.

WHITE NAVY—A splendid table variety and very prolific. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 70c; ½ gal. \$1.20; gal. \$2.15; pk. \$4.00.

BEANS—Dwarf or Bush Wax Podded Varieties

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX—One of the most popular of the wax varieties. A heavy producer of medium size, round pods, clear and a waxy white. Used in many instances for pickling; also a very desirable snapbean. Pkt. 15e; pt. 45e; qt. 85e; ½ gal. \$1.40; gal. \$2.55; pk. \$4.85; ½ bu. \$9.40; bu. \$18.50.

GOLDEN WAX—Early, vigorous and a bountiful yielder of beautiful tender pods. The vine grows 1½ feet high, holding the pods well off the ground. The pods are shapely, flat and large. Pkt. 15c; pt. 50c; qt. 90c; ½ gal. \$1.55; gal. \$2.85; pk. \$5.45; ½ bu. \$10.65; bu. \$21.00.

Prices on beans are not postpaid. If delivery by parcel post is wanted, sufficient postage should be added. See page 2 for parcel post rates. We Do Not Send C. O. D.

BEANS—Pole or Running

CULTURE—Plant after the soil has become well warmed, using poles six to eight feet long, in rows four feet apart each way. Put five or six beans around each pole and thin to three plants to a pole; or if preferred, plant in hills a foot apart along a trellis (of poultry netting). Cultivate frequently. Pole beans do best in very rich soil. They do not mature as rapidly as the bush beans, but are more productive. Often planted in a corn field.

WHITE HALF RUNNER (50 Days)—A prolific bearer of 5 inch pods; stringless when young. The 20-inch vines are bushy at the bottom with short runners. Beans white; fine for winter baking. Pkt. 20c; pt. 50c; qt. 95c; ½ gal. \$1.55; gal. \$2.75; pk. \$5.25; ½ bu. \$10.15; bu. \$20.00.

*MPROVED KENTUCKY WONDER—Also known as Old Homestead.

*We believe this is the most extensively planted green-podded pole bean, suitable for use as snaps. It is an early, very prolific sort, with showy pods which are of most excellent quality. The pods are medium light green, very long, often reaching 9 to 10 inches, nearly round and crisp, when young. Our stock is fine quality. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 75c; ½ gal. \$1.25; gal. \$2.25; pk. \$4.20; ½ bu. \$8.15; bu. \$16.00.

WHITE KENTUCKY WONDER OR BURGERS STRINGLESS splendid variety, early, prolific, bearing handsome pods 6 to 7 inches long. Round, slender, and straight, very tender and fleshy, color dark green. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 80c; ½ gal. \$1.35; gal. \$2.45; pk. \$4.60; ½ bu. \$8.90; bu. \$17.50.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX—One of the earliest of the pole wax sorts. Pods 8 to 9 inches long, thick, decidedly creasebacked, very fleshy, brittle but stringy, attractive and fair quality; color light yellow. Pkt. 20c; pt. 55c; qt. \$1.00; ½ gal. \$1.85; gal. \$3.45; pk. \$6.60; ½ bu. \$12.90; bu. \$25.50

STRIPED CREASE BACK—A good variety for either pole or cornfield, bears very large green pods, are excellent shell beans. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 75c; ½ gal. \$1.30; gal. \$2.30; pk. \$4.30; ½ bu. \$8.15; bu. \$16.00.

HORTICULTURAL POLE—The pods are of immense size, striped and splashed with brilliant crimson, and the beans, when dry, are colored and marked the same way as the pods. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 75c; ½ gal. \$1.35; gal. \$2.35; pk. \$4.40; ½ bu. \$8.55; bu. \$16.75.

RED SPECKLED CUTSHORT—An old variety, very popular for planting among corn. Vines medium size; snap pods, medium green, short, 3 to 3½ inches in length, straight flat to oval; fleshy and of good quality. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 75c; ½ gal. \$1.35; gal. \$2.45; pk. \$4.60; ½ bu. \$8.90; bu. \$17.50.

LAZY WIFE—One of the most productive and easiest gathered of the pole beans. Green pods, 4 to 5 inches long, and are borne in large clusters. Beans white. Very desirable for shelling. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 75c; ½ gal. \$1.35; gal. \$2.45; pk. \$4.60; ½ bu. \$8.90; bu.

ST. LOUIS PERFECTION—One of the finest varieties available today for use as a green snap or dryshell bean in the home or market garden. Is early, prolific and bears pods 8 to 9 inches long, nearly straight, almost round and brittle. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.45; gal. \$2.65; pk. \$5.00; ½ bu. \$9.75; bu. \$19.25.

PREMIUM SEEDS

BEANS—Pole or Running

McCASLAN POLE—The large size pods fill perfectly and in the "snap" stage are deep green in color, meaty, stringless, and of delicious flavor. Vines continue to bear throughout the season if kept closely picked. When allowed to ripen the shell beans of pure white color are most excellent for Winter use. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.35; gal. \$2.45; pk. \$4.60; ½ bu. \$8.90; bu. \$17.50.

MISSOURI WONDER (Noxall)—An exceedingly productive, long bearing, late variety; pods 5 inches long, uniform, flat, curved, fairly tough, stringy and fibrous; medium green in color. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.35; gal. \$2.45; pk. \$4.60; ½ bu. \$8.90; bu. \$17.50.

GIANT PODDED ASPARAGUS BEAN—Also known as the Yard Long Bean—Produces an enormous crop of long green pods, measuring 2 feet or more in length. Pkt. 20c; pt. 60c; qt. \$1.00.

GENUINE CORNFIELD—Saves garden space and poles and grows in shade of corn. Furnishes a long, plentiful supply of snap beans for home or market. Vigorous growth, heavy bearing; 6-7 in. round, straight, medium green, fleshy, tender, somewhat stringy pods of good quality. Well known. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.35; gal. \$2.45; pk. \$4.60; ½ bu. \$8.90; bu. \$17.50.

BUSH LIMA BEANS

CULTURE—Lima beans are not hardy as snap beans, and should not be planted quite as early. They do best in good rich, loamy ground, and should be planted in rows two or three feet apart and from ten to twelve inches apart in the row, covering about two inches deep. Cultivate often, only when leaves are dry.

Prices on beans are not postpaid. If delivery by parcel post is wanted, sufficient postage should be added. See page 2 for parcel post rates. We Do Not Send C. O. D.

NEW FORD HOOK BUSH LIMA—An improved bush lima of the Dreer type. The plants stand erect and of a true bush lima growth. The pods are well filled with from 3 to 5 large fat beans; is more prolific than any of the other large varieties and earlier than Burpee's Bush Lima. Being easily shelled, market gardeners will profit by planting this bean. Pkt. 15c; pt. 50c; qt. 95c; ½ gal. \$1.55; gal. \$2.85; pk. \$5.35; ½ bu. \$10.40; bu. \$20.50.

BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSH LIMA—Produces a magnificent crop of pods, which measure from 5 to 6 inches long by one and one-quarter inches wide. Compared with Burpee's Bush Lima both pods and beans are much larger, while the beans, either green or dry are nearly twice as thick. The sturdy bushes are loaded with pods that are truly enormous in size. The luscious green beans are larger than any bush lima ever grown. Pkt. 15c; pt. 50c; qt. 90c; ½ gal. \$1.50; gal. \$2.70; pk. \$5.10; ½ bu. \$9.90; bu. \$19.50.

FORD HOOK No. 242—Developed by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. Plants as tall as regular Ford Hook with greater spreading habit. Pods slightly curved, with thinner walls than Ford Hook, containing 3 to 4 light green beans of same excellent quality. Yields well under high temperature conditions. Dry beans greenish cream and light green. Pkt. 15c; pt. 50c; qt. 95c; ½ gal. \$1.55; gal. \$2.85; pk. \$5.35; ½ bu. \$10.40; bu. \$20.50.

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA—Enormously productive; pods are small, but well filled. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 75c; ½ gal. \$1.25; gal. \$2.25; pk. \$4.20; ½ bu. \$8.15; bu. \$16.00.

JACKSON WONDER BUSH LIMA—A very prolific, speckled-seeded variety. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 75c; ½ gal. \$1.25; gal. \$2.20; pk. \$4.10; ½ bu. \$7.90; bu. \$15.50.

POLE LIMA or BUTTER BEANS

GIANT PODDED POLE LIMA—The pods often measure 8 inches in length by 1½ inches in width. The beans are extra large and thicker than most other sorts. Dark green in color and finest flavor. The pods borne in clusters of from four to eight stands. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.40; gal. \$2.50; pk. \$4.70; ½ bu. \$9.15; bu. \$18.00.

CARPINTERIA POLE LIMA—Well filled, medium green pods, 5 to 6 inches long, much thicker than the average pole lima. The beans are broad, plump and thick and as perfect as could be desired, and of rich, heavy green, which color they retain until maturity. It is very desirable, both for family and market. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.40; gal. \$2.50; pk. \$4.70; ½ bu. \$9.15; bu. \$18.00.

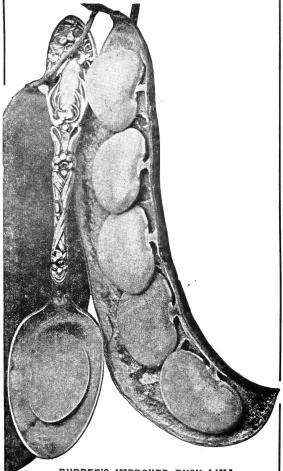
KING OF THE GARDEN—A medium early variety; large pods. A general favorite with market gardeners. Pkt. 15e; pt. 45e; qt. 85e; ½ gal. \$1.40; gal. \$2.50; pk. \$4.70; ½ bu. \$9.15; bu. \$18.00.

LARGE WHITE LIMA—Best for a general crop. A little later than other lima beans. Very productive. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.40; gal. \$2.50; pk. \$4.70; ½ bu. \$9.15; bu. \$18.00.

old FASHIONED SPECKLED—An old favorite. Bears from early to late. Medium size speckled seed. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 70c; ½ gal. \$1.25; gal. \$2.25; pk. \$4.25; ½ bu. \$8.15; bu. \$16.00

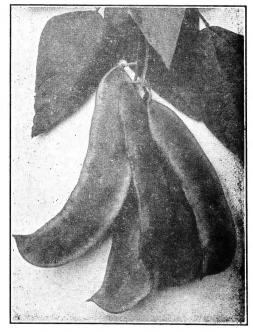
SMALL LIMA OR SIEVA—Heavy cropper; pods small, but well filled. Commonly called Butter Bean. About ten days earlier than other pole varieties. Pkt. 15c; pt. 40c; qt. 70c; ½ gal. \$1.25; gal. \$2.25; pk. \$4.25; ½ bu. \$8.15; bu. \$16.00.

GIANT BUTTER SPECKLED—Tall and strong plants, later than Florida Butter Speckled but with larger pods and beans. Seeds 4 to 5 per pod, large oval greenish white with reddish-brown mottling. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.45; gal. \$2.55; pk. \$4.85; ½ bu. \$9.40; bu. \$18.50.

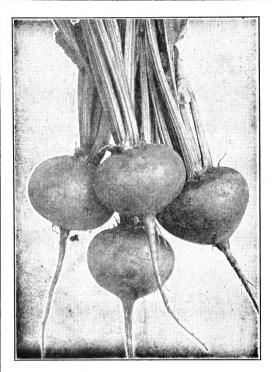


BURPEE'S IMPROVED BUSH LIMA

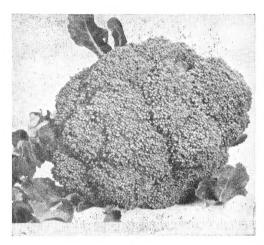
BLACK PANTHER KILLS BEAN BEETLES



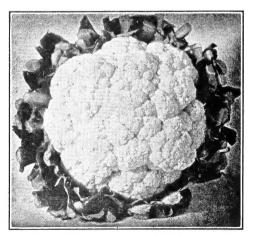
CARPINTERIA POLE LIMA



EARLY WONDER BEET



BROCCOLI



SNOW BALL CAULIFLOWER

CHOICE TABLE BEETS

OULTURE—For very early crop sow such varieties as Early Wonder Dark Red or Crosby's Egyptian in hotbeds in January or February, and transplant. For general crops, sow in freshly prepared soil as soon as the ground will permit, in rows 12 to 18 inches apart, covering about an inch deep, and pressing the soil firmly over the seed. When the plants are well established, cut to three or four inches apart. One ounce will sow 50 feet. Drill six to seven pounds to the acre.

CROSBY EGYPTIAN—Roots are remarkably uniform, very dark, red, flesh deep purplish red with little tendency to zoning. One of the most popular and handsome of the early beets. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.75.

EARLY WONDER—It may be sown early and it matures rapidly, earlier than Crosby's Egyptian. Globe shaped, very uniform in size, and of a beautiful deep red color; a desirable sort for the home garden as well as for market. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.75.

EARLY BLOOD TURNIP—Early globular shape, flesh bright glossy red, fine grained, tender and sweet. An extra fine family beet. 45 days. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.75.

45 days. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.75.

DETROIT DARK RED—Leaves are dark green, shaded with red. The beets are medium sized, globular or nearly round, very smooth and of dark blood red color. The inside flesh is deep vermillion red, with zones of a slightly lighter shade. A desirable variety for bunching or packing in crates, on account of its uniformly deep rich red color. We especially recommend this variety for canning. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.75.

MANGELS

MAMMOTH LONG RED—The largest of all Mangels and the heaviest cropper. They grow to an immense size, weighing sometimes 20 pounds. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ lb. 30e; lb. 80e; 5 lbs. \$3.75.

GOLDEN TANKARD—Large, cylinder shape; immensely productive. Flesh yellow, zoned with white. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. 75e; 5 lbs. \$3.50.

SWISS CHARD

SWISS CHARD (Lucullus)—An improved type, leaves, lark green, much crumpled and curled; mid-rib and veins white; stalks thick, broad and flat. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

BROCCOLI

EARLY GREEN CALABRESE—Forms a fair size, green head; after this is cut from the main stalk, new sprouts develop, which form small heads of a loose nature. In order to get an early crop, sow seed in cold frames, transplanting at the proper time. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.

BRUSSEL SPROUTS

Small shoots like miniature cabbages clustered around a stem are the valuable part of this unique member of the cabbage family. They are successfully grown wherever conditions are favorable for cabbage and require the same method of culture.

LONG ISLAND IMPROVED—Plant dwarf and compact; 20 inches tall; very uniform; stem well covered with firm, round cabbage-like balls of 1½ to 1½ inches in diameter which mature in succession. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ½ lb. \$1.00.

CAULIFLOWER

CULTURE— Sow seeds in hot-bed in December or January. When plants are three inches high, transplant into cold frame, 2 to 3 inches apart, and plant out into field in March or April for heading.

SNOW BALL—Absolutely the finest strains of Snow Ball Cauliflower obtainable. Heads very early, good size, firm compact, solid and very white; plant compact in growth with four short, upright leaves. Pkt. 20c; ¼ oz. 45c; oz. \$1.25; ¼ lb. \$4.00.

CELERY SEED

One ounce will produce 3000 plants; 1/4 lb. will plant an acre.

DIRECTIONS FOR PLANTING—Celery may be started early in cold frames or indoor boxes, or when the weather becomes warm, plant outdoors in rows 8 to 10 inches apart, covering the seed one-half inch. When plants are advanced, thin out to 5 or 6 inches apart until ready for transplanting into trenches.

GIANT PASCAL—A home-garden variety, good for fall and winter storage. Plant large, stocky, with dark green leaves. Stalks long, broad, and solid; blanches to yellow-white; of excellent, nutty flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; ¼ lb. \$1.75.

GOLDEN SELF BLANCHING—Plants compact and stocky, with yellowish-green foliage; stalks perfectly solid, of a fine nutty flavor, attains a good size; blanches a handsome golden yellow color. Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c; ¼ lb. \$2.25; lb. \$7.00.

IMPROVED WHITE PLUME—A very early, handsome variety; leaves light, bright green; easily blanched a beautiful silvery-white color. A popular sort for first early market. Pkt. 10c; oz. 65c; ¼ lb. \$2.00.



COLLARDS

GEORGIA—A tall, loose leaved cabbage-like plant, is grown in different sections of the South for "Greens." Seed may be planted in the Spring or Fall. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.

CABBAGE

- CULTURE—The Early sorts should be sown in hotbeds the last of November to first of February, and transplanted in open ground in March or April. The second early sorts can be sown in open ground in March and transplanted in April, and the late varieties sown in open ground in May and transplanted in June. Good, rich mellow, sandy soil is best for cabbage. Cultivate often and draw the earth to the plants as they advance in growth. One ounce will produce about 2,500 plants.
- EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD—Heads medium sized, pointed, compact, solid, excellent quality, plants are exceedingly hardy, not only in resisting cold but other unfavorable conditions. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; ¼ 1b. 90c; lb. \$3.00.
- CHARLESTON OR LARGE WAKEFIELD—About a week later than Jersey Wakefield. Heads are larger, fully as solid, a little less pointed at the top but very broad at base. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 90c; lb. \$3.00.
- GOLDEN ACRE—An extra early selection of the Copenhagen type, and the earliest of the round headed cabbages, maturing with Jersey Wakefield. Plant small, dwarf and compact, with few outer leaves; heads of medium size, round as a ball, hard, solid and very uniform. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.
- YELLOWS RESISTANT GOLDEN ACRE—Not as uniform as the regular type. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.
- COPENHAGEN MARKET—The earliest large round-headed cabbage. The plants are vigorous, with short stem and few outer leaves, The heads mature nearly all at one time, and will stand longer than the Wakefield before bursting. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; ¼ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.
- EARLY DWARF FLAT DUTCH—A good second early variety, an old favorite. The heads are medium size, almost round, firm, and of fine quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 85c; lb. \$2.50.
- MARION MARKET—A yellow resistant strain of Copenhagen Market. Larger and coarser in plant, and not so early nor so uniform as the original strain, but with the round head and crisp tenderness of the parent cabbage. Will produce a normal crop on yellows infected solls where non-resistant strains fall completely. 75 to 80 days. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.
- RED ROCK—Largest and surest heading red cabbage; more deeply colored at the heart than Red Dutch; medium to long stem. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c.
- WISCONSIN ALL SEASONS (Yellows Resistant)—Very valuable as a substitute for the regular All Seasons in localities infested with the destructive disease known as "cabbage yellows." Pkt. 10e; oz. 30e; 4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.
- PRIZE HEAD LATE FLAT DUTCH—One of the largest and considered one of the best late market sorts. Heads large and solid, and keep better than most of any other kind. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 85c; lb. \$2.50.

CHINESE or CELERY CABBAGE

- While generally referred to as a cabbage, this desirable vegetable is more nearly related to the mustard family. They generally bolt to seed when sown in early Spring, but when seed is sown at turnip seeding time, produce excellent heads during the cool Autumn season.
- CHINESE CABBAGE (Michilli)—Earliest, most compact, more uniform and most sure heading of the Chinese varieties. Plant of upright growth, producing long, solid, white cylindrical heads, two feet in length. Leaves very broad, smooth, fringed on edge, with broad, white mid-rib; superior quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. \$1.10; lb. \$3.50.

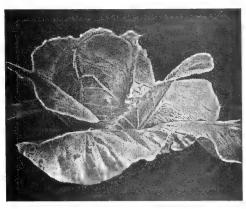
TELL YOUR FRIENDS TO WRITE FOR OUR 1953 FREE PREMIUM SEED CATALOG

Hill Grown and Transplanted Vegetables

Mix an amount of plant food equal to a level tablespoonful thoroughly with the soil in the hill before planting. When transplanting mix one tablespoonful of VIGORO FERTILIZER with soil in bottom of hole, add one inch of soil and proceed to set out plant. It is well to leave a depression of about 1 inch around the plant. Fill with water immediately after planting to help settle the soil around the plant's roots as well as make the plant food available quickly for the plant's use.



GOLDEN AORE



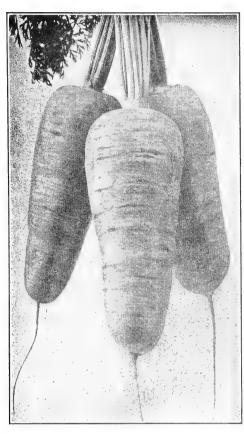
COPENHAGEN MARKET



ALL SEASON

GREEN LEAF

Green leaf is used for the control of many insects and blight on tomatoes, potatoes and certain other vegetables having hardy foliage. Use Green leaf before blight appears. Green leaf kills Mexican Bean Beetles, Potato Beetles, Cabbage worms and many others. If a spray is desired, Green leaf will do an excellent job. It contains a special wetting agent and should be used at the rate of one pound to four gallons of water. 4 lb. bag \$1.25.



CHANTENY

HYBRID SWEET CORN Yellow

CARMELCROSS.

CARMELCROSS—A desirable second early variety well liked by many market gardeners. The stalks grow about 6 ft. tall with few suckers, bearing ears 7½ to 8 ins. long, with 10 to 12 rows of medium yellow grain of good quality. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.50; gal. \$2.60; 10 lbs. \$3.80.

GOLDEN SECURITY

- EAR—8-8 ½ inches, borne at 30 inches. Cylindrical, well filled, 14-16 rows, average weight 8 oz. Kernels bright golden yellow, medium width, good depth, tender and excellent quality.
- STALK-7½ feet, heavy stalk and foliage. Excellent root system. Vigorous, dark green.

MATURITY-85 days.

GENERAL—Late crop market and canning.
 Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.60; gal. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$4.50.

MARCROSS

MARCROSS (Hybrid)—(72 days). Ears long, plump, abruptly tapered at tips, 10-14 rowed with light creamy yellow kernels of good quality. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.55; gal. \$2.70; 10 lbs. \$4.20.

CARROTS

- CULTURE—For the table use, sow the early kinds just as soon as the ground can be worked in spring, in rich sandy soil well fertilized. Sow in rows, 16 to 18 inches apart and thin out to six and eight to the foot. For field culture and winter use, sow the seeds in June in rows 18 inches apart. Hoe often and keep free from weeds. Sow from two to three pounds to the acre.
- CHANTENY—A most excellent medium early half long variety, a very vigorous grower, and heavy cropper. Roots are thick, about six inches in length when matured, uniformly half long or stump rooted, but tapering slightly, smooth deep orange in color, easily harvested. The flesh is very crisp and tender, of fine flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ½ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.
- DANVERS HALF LONG—Grown largely on account of its great productiveness and adaptability to all classes of soil, it is a desirable second early Carrot for field culture. Pkt. 10e; oz. 20e; ¼ lb. 50e; lb. \$1.50.
- CHANTENAY RED CORED (Coreless)—Roots 5 to 6 in. long, 2 to 2½ in. thick at the crown. Color deep orange-red. A fine medium early, half-long, stump-rooted carrot. Core reddish orange. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25.
- NANTES HALF LONG (Coreless)—Roots 6 to 8 inches long, nearly cylindrical, blunt ended, smooth and of bright orange color. Flesh red, sweet and mild; almost coreless. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.
- IMPROVED LONG ORANGE—A large, long, smooth-pointed variety of deep orange color, requires light, deep soil and the whole season for it to mature. A splendid sort for stock feeding. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.
- OXHEART—Short, stocky and heart-shaped. It serves as a fine table variety when young. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.
- IMPERATOR—The roots are 7-8 inches long. Long. Tapering, deep solid orange, high quality, brittle, tender and sweet. Fine for home, market and shipping. Pkt. 10e; oz. 20e; 1/4 lb. 45e; lb. \$1.25.

CORN

Sweet or Table Varieties

CULTURE—Plant as soon as danger of frost is over, in drills 3 to 3½ feet apart, and drop from 12 to 18 inches in rows. If planted in hills, put three or four kernels in a place, having hills from 3 to 3½ feet each way. The soil should be well pulverized and worked deep before planting. As soon as 2 or 3 inches high, cultivate thoroughly. After corn is knee high, cultivate with small-tooth cultivator and continue until tassels bloom. For succession, plant every two or three weeks. About 1 lb. to 250 hills, 10 lbs. per acre.

HYBRID SWEET CORN

- STOWELL'S EVERGREEN HYBRID Deep grained, sweet, white hybrid variety. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 85c; ½ gal. \$1.50; gal. \$2.60; 10 lbs. \$4.20.
- IONA—This sweet corn has a very large yellow ear, rich in flavor, very sweet, and has a heavy husk that comes up well above the top of the ear protecting it from ear worms and birds to some extent. It is rapidly gaining in popularity. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 80c; ½ gal. \$1.30; gal. \$2.30; 10 lbs. \$3.60.
- GOLDEN CROSS BANTAM It is a bright yellow, has uniform ears about 8 inches long, ten to fourteen rowed, and of excellent quality. Matures about a week later than Gloden Bantam. We recommend this variety highly for canning or table use. Pkt. 15c; pt. 45c; qt. 80c; ½ gal. \$1.35; gal. \$2.40; 10 lbs. \$3.70.
- BANTAM EVERGREEN—A cross between Golden Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen and a most excellent sort of fine quality. Grain rather broad and deep, of a rich golden-yellow color. Pkt. 10c; pt. 30c; qt. 50c; ½ gal. 85c; gal. \$1.45; 10 lbs. \$2.30.
- GOLDEN BANTAM—An excellent early Sugar Corn with golden yellow grains and a delicious flavor all its own. Our stock has been carefully selected. Pkt. 10c; pt. 30c; qt. 50c; ½ gal. 85c; gal. \$1.40; 10 lbs. \$2.30.
- COUNTRY GENTLEMAN—This variety has a small white cob, densely covered with zig zag rows of very slender, white grains of sweet delightful flavor. Pkt. 10c; pt. 30c; qt. 50c; ½ gal. 90c; gal. \$1.45; 10 lbs. \$2.40.
- STOWELL'S EVERGREEN—Standard main crop variety of Sugar Corn. Ears long, deep grained, and remains in roasting ear condition on the stalks longer than any other variety. Pkt. 10c; pt. 30c; qt. 50c; ½ gal. 85c; gal. \$1.40; 10 lbs. \$2.30.

Prices on corn are not postpaid. If delivery by parcel post is wanted, sufficient postage should be added. See page 2 for parcel post rates. We Do Not Send C. O. D.

CORN (continued)

EXTRA EARLY ADAMS—Earliest variety we offer and extremely hardy. Roasting ears are ready for use about July 1st. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; ½ gal. 85c; gal. \$1.35; pk. \$2.40; ½ bu. \$4.50; bu. \$8.75.

EARLY ADAMS--About ten days later than Extra Early Adams and larger. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; ½ gal. 80c; gal. \$1.20; pk. \$2.25; ½ bu. \$4.25; bu. \$8.25.

Which is more largely planted than any other variety for the market around Louisville. Our stock is selected and unexcelled. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; ½ gal. 80c; gal. \$1.20; pk. \$2.10; ½ bu. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25 \$3.90; bu. \$7.50.

TRUCKERS FAVORITE—Late variety of the Adams type; ears very large; handsome, a splendid sort for market. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; ½ gal. 80c; gal. \$1.25; pk. \$2.20; ½ bu. \$4.15; bu. \$8.00.

HICKORY KING TYPE—The grain is so wide and deep and the cob so small that often a single grain will cover the end of a broken cob. It has been called the Poor Man's Corn because it can be depended upon to produce a crop on poor, thin land. On good land it hears two ears to the stalk it bears two ears to the stalk.

POP CORN

THITE RICE — This productive variety supplies delicious popped corn. Pkt. 10e; pt. 25c; qt. 40e

GOLDEN QUEEN-Kernels rich golden yellow. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 40c.

YELLOW HYBRID-ELLOW HYBRID—A fine yellow corn for popping. Pkt. 20c; pt. 55c; qt. \$1.00; 10 lbs. \$5.50.

CUCUMBER

CULTURE—In February or March, plant seeds in hotbeds, when there is no danger of frost plant out in rich ground, in hills from four to five feet apart or plant seed in open ground as soon as the weather is warm, in hills four feet apart. Plant about 10 to 12 seeds in a hill and cover one-half inch deep with fine soil. Hoe often and when out of danger of insects thin out plants, leaving four to a hill. For pickling plant from June to August.

A. & C. SPECIAL—White Spine. A very desirable market cucumber because of its uniform length and intense dark green color. A vigorous, high yielding variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb.

TRAIGHT EIGHT—As its name indicates it grows very straight; a long, slender fruit with a slight taper at each and averaging about eight inches and the color is an intense dark green. Pkt. 10c; STRAIGHT EIGHT-

about eight inches and the color is an intense dark green. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$1.90.
WHITE SPINE—It is early, very vigorous, productive and disease resistant. Fruits nine inches long, slightly tapering; flesh white, very firm and crisp, with very few seeds; extra fine for slicing, delightful flavor, color rich dark green which does not turn yellow or fade when shipped a long distance. The Market Gardeners Favorite. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.
MARKETER—65 Days—8 to 10 inches long, 2½ inches thick, long, slim, uniform with abrupt taper at stem end and fairly rounded blossom end, very dark green, smooth, solid white flesh, small seed cavity. White spine. A recent introduction, gaining in popularity. Good color, long, slim shape and firm flesh make it one of the best new slicer and shipper varieties. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; 1 lb. \$1.90.

NIAGARA—A very dark green cucumber of the White Spine type. Grows 6 to 7 inches long, slightly tapered at the ends. Has vigorous vines with very large, very dark green leaves. Highly resistant to mosaic wilt. Produced fruits in trails where other varieties failed. Pk. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

LONG GREEN IMPROVED—A standard late, well known table sort 12 to 14 inches long, they are uniformly slender, more or less warted, and of beautiful dark green color, a splendid variety for slicing, also pickles. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

SNOW'S PERFECTED PICKLE—The best for pickling, fruits are early, small and uniform; dark green color, they are square ended which makes them fine for bottling. Our stock is very select. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.65.

GHERKIN—Grown exclusively for pickles. Fruits very small, oval and covered with spines; color light green. The seed is slow to germinate, usually requiring about twenty days. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

white wonder—It is white at all stages of growth; medium late, and the ends are square in the fully-developed fruits. Grows about 8 inches long. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 75c; lb. \$2.50.

DILL

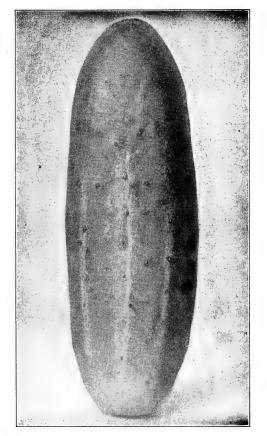
MAMMOTH—An herb used in the making of "dill pickles." Both seeds and leaves are used. The seedlings should be thinned out as they do not transplant well. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ lb. 30e; lb. 85c.

EGG PLANT

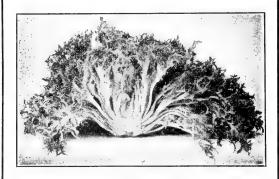
CULTURE—Sow in hotbeds early in spring and transplant the young plants when they are 2 or 3 in. high in another bed, 3 in. apart. At the end of April or first of May, plant them in very rich soil, 2 ft. apart. Hoe often, and draw soil towards plant. One ounce will produce 1,000 plants. Use Slug Shot to prevent bugs.

EARLY BLACK BEAUTY—Some earlier than the New York Improved; is a rich glossy dark purple, smooth and perfectly shaped. Very desirable for market. Pkt. 10e; oz. 60e; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

NEW YORK IMPROVED PURPLE (Spineless)—Favorite market variety. Plant large, spreading and spineless, producing 4 to 6 large oval fruits of dark purple color. Pkt. 10e; oz. 60e; ¼ lb. \$1.65; lb. \$5.00.

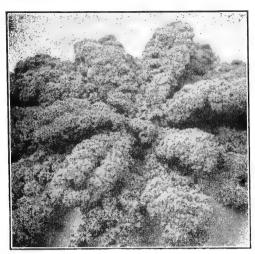


WHITE SPINE CUCUMBER

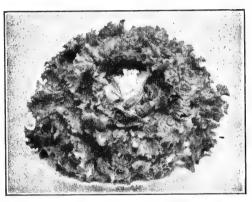


A CUT HEAD OF GREEN CURLED ENDIVE

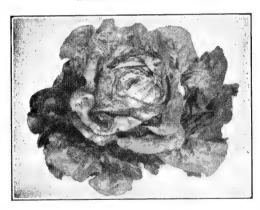




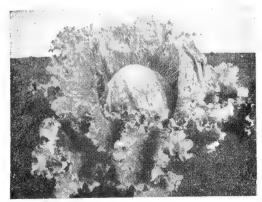
BLUE CURLED SCOTCH KALE



GRAND RAPIDS LETTUCE



BIG BOSTON LETTUCE



NEW YORK LETTUCE

ENDIVE

- CULTURE—Sow from May to August in drills and cover lightly. When the plants are up, thin out from 8 to 10 inches apart. When the leaves are eight inches long, bleach them by tying them together near the top. One ounce will sow 20 feet square.
- LARGE GREEN CURLED—The leaves are crisp, tufty and full, midrib pure white, with large tender white heart. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.
- ROSE RIBBED—Green Curled. The midribs of the outer bright green leaves are usually tinged with rose. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 40c; lb. \$1.50.

KALE

- CULTURE—Sow middle of April until last of August, broadcast. Kale is very hardy and is best when touched by frost. One ounce will produce 2,500 plants. Two pounds to the acre.
- SPRING OR SMOOTH—The best for sowing in the early spring.
 Makes a quick growth of large, smooth leaves. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c;
 1/4 lb. 25c; lb. 40c; 5 lbs. \$1.50.
- SIBERIAN KALE (Northern Grown)—A vigorous growing variety of low spreading habit. Large, coarse, bluish green leaves which are slightly curled at the edges. Extremely hardy. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.50.
- IMPROVED CURLED SIBERIAN—One of the best known and largely used varieties. Leaves are dark green and nicely curled. Very hardy. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ lb. 35e; lb. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$4.50.
- BLUE CURLED SCOTCH—Leaves blue green, very showy, hardy. Pkt. 10e; oz. 20e; ¼ lb. 60e; lb. \$1.75.

KOHL RABI

- CULTURE—Sow from March to July and treat same as cabbage only in hoeing be careful not to heap too much soil about them. Plant in rows one foot apart and 8 to 10 inches apart in the rows. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.
- EARLY WHITE VIENNA—Best for main crop. Bulbs are large, white, and of best quality. Remains tender longer than any other sort. Pkt. 10e; oz. 35e; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.50.

LEEK

- CULTURE—Sow in early spring in drills and when two inches high thin out to 1 inch apart. When the plants are 6 inches high, transplant in rows one foot apart and six inches apart in rows. Hoe often and draw the soil up to them as they grow. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants.
- LARGE FLAG—A popular old sort. Makes large round stalks. Very hardy. Pkt. 10e; oz. 45c; 1/4 lb. \$1.40.

LETTUCE

- CULTURE—Beginning early in the spring, lettuce should be sown every two or three weeks until the middle of August. One-half ounce of seed to 100 feet of drill.
- GRAND RAPIDS—For greenhouse forcing this variety stands undoubtedly at the head of the list. The plant grows in loose clusters, and is very attractive. Leaves are bright green color, savoyed, and finely crimped at the edges. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.
- OAK LEAF. w.s. 85 days—A rather indefinite head, medium size, medium green. Leaves deeply lobed with middle lobe having a long finger-like point. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$3.00.
- BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON—One of the best curled lettuce for early outdoor culture. Excellent quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.
- NEW YORK (Wonderful)—A very large, late, globular heading variety; leaves broad of thick texture, fairly blistered and crumpled, and the borders frilled; color clear dark green; quality good. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.
- ICEBERG—A large, late, crisp cabbage-heading variety; heads very firm, hard and well balanced; leaves unusually broad and quite blistered and crumpled, borders finely frilled; color medium green with faint brown tracing on the border; quality good. Too brittle to be a good shipping variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ½ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.60.
- BIBB—A small early, crisp heading variety; plant very compact, forming a hard, globular, well blanched head; leaves broad, crumpled and twisted; color dark green, quality good. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; 1/4 lb. \$1.00; lb. \$3.00.
- BIG BOSTON—The plants are large, very hardy and vigorous, the outside leaves in color are bright, light green, and being strong protect the heart when shipping. The inner leaves blanch to an attractive greenish white tinged with light yellow. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.
- GREAT LAKES—Iceberg type of lettuce. It stands heat and sun extremely well and is slow in throwing its seed head. It is also resistant to tip burn. Outstanding for home gardeners. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; 1/4 lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.
- SALAD BOWL—45 days. Large, medium-green, slow bolting, non-heading, differing in appearance from all other varieties in that the leaves are deeply lobed giving the mature plant a resemblance to endive. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. \$1.35; lb. \$4.00.

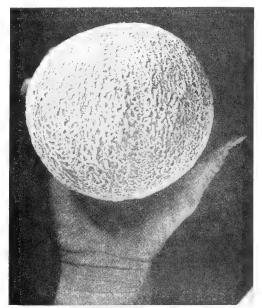


MUSK MELON or CANTALOUPE

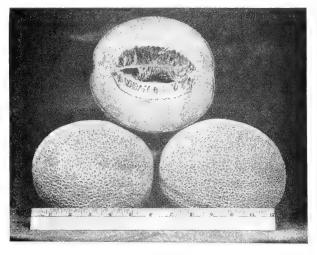
- CULTURE—Plant during May and June in hills five to six feet apart. Select high ground it possible, most preferably a sandy loam. It soil is not very fertile, use well rotted manure in hills. Cultivate shallow and very often and continue cultivation as long as practical. Put from 10 to 12 seeds in each hill and after plants are two or three inches high and free from danger of destruction by insects, thin out to three or lour. One ounce will plant about 50 hills; 2 to 3 pounds to the acre.
- GOLDEN DELIGHT—Is a large broad, oval melon in the Pride of Wisconsin type, but with this variety, is larger and earlier. It has a very thick salmon colored flesh with one of the best flavors of any melon in its class. It has an attractive greyish green netting on the skin with almost indistinct ribbing. Shows outstanding ability to produce high quality melons under adverse weather conditions. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; 1/4 lb. \$1.50; lb. \$4.50.
- HONEY ROCK—Also called Sugar Rock. A new melon originating in indiana. Very popular on account of its nigher yield and excellent quality. The fruits are salmon-fleshed, medium size, almost round, skin gray-green with heavy coarse netting. Pkt. 10c; 0z. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.
- ROCKY FORD—One of the most popular and most cultivated of all musk meions. Slightly oval in snape, flesh thick, green, very sweet and of finest flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 10. 50c; ib. \$1.75.
- GOLD LINED ROCKY FORD—The flesh is beautiful light green with gold lining next to the seed cavity which is very small. Delightful flavor and showy. The melons are well netted, good sized and mature earlier than regular type Rocky Ford. Don't fail to plant some of this variety. Pkt. 10c; 0z. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.
- HALE'S BEST—Salmon fleshed Rocky Ford. This is a new variety developed by careful selection from Eden Gem. Absolutely the best variety for shipping. Hale's Best has the deepest flesh, smallest seed cavity and more salmon color than any other type of salmon fleshed Rocky Fords. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ½ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.
- HONEY DEW—The rind is light green, the flesh very sweet and of a darker green color. A splendid keeper and shipper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.
- TIP TOP—In shape varies from round to slightly oblong; skin pale green, distinctly ribbed and fairly well covered with shallow netting. The melons are rather large. Flesh is deep yellow, rich and highly flavored. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.
- HEARTS OF GOLD—An ideal shipper and desirable midseason melon for home market gardeners. Medium sized, vigorous and productive. Fruits nearly round, 5 inches in diameter, slightly ribbed, netted densely, small seed cavity. Flesh is thick, firm and of delicious flavor. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.
- PRIDE OF WISCONSIN—Oval fruits 6½ by 6 inches, weighing about 3% lbs., with faint ribbing and pearly gray rind covered with coarse netting. Thick, orange flesh, small seed cavity, sweet and fine flavor. Adapted to home gardens and short distance shipping. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.
- BANANA—Long, smooth, yellow skin and flesh, of good flavor; solid and good keeper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.75.

MUSTARD

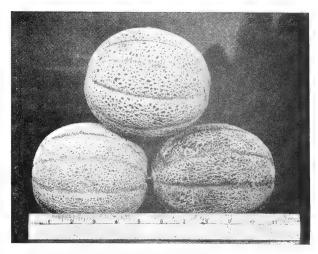
- CULTURE—Mustard is largely used as a salad or boiled like spinach. Sow early in spring; or, for succession, sow every few weeks till autumn. Sow broadcast or in drills.
- SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED—Leaves large, light green, tinged with yellow crimped and frilled at edges. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lb. \$4.75.
- FORDHOOK FANCY—The plants are of vigorous growth, have beautiful dark green leaves which curve outward like fine ostrich plumes. A handsome variety of strong growth, yielding a large quantity of greens. Plants stand a long time before bolting to seed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ 1b. 30c; lb. \$1.00; 5 lb. \$4.75.
- WHITE LONDON—Plant of rapid, upright growth, soon going to seed; leaves rather small and smooth, deeply cut or divided; color deep green; seed large, light yellow. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 30c; lb. \$1.00.
- BLACK OR BROWN—Considered more pungent than White London; leaves oblong, broad and cut; seed reddish-brown. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ lb. 30e; lb. \$1.00.
- MUSTARD SPINACH—Can be cut 4 weeks after planting. Large oblong leaves, lark green, cooked and prepared for table same as Spinach, Turnip or Mustard greens. Will stand extreme Summer heat and is resistant to cold. Also known as Tendergreen. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.



HONEY ROCK

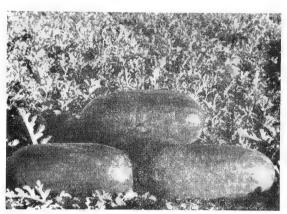


HALES BEST

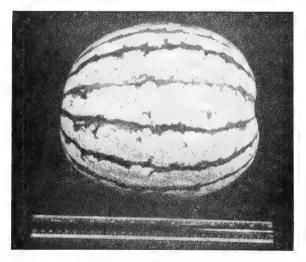


HEARTS OF GOLD

STONE MOUNTAIN



WONDER MELON, OR IMPROVED KLECKLEY'S SWEET



DIXIE QUEEN

C. O. C. S.

Cuke and Melon Dust

For use in the control of cucumber beetle and flea beetles and to prevent wilt, scab leaf spot and mildew on cucumbers, melons, squash and other cucurbits. 1 lb. can 45c.

WATERMELONS

CULTURE—A hill of watermelons spreads over a large space and should be planted in hills from eight to ten feet each way in order to give them plenty of room. Mix thoroughly with the soil for each hill a forkful of well rotted manure and put about one inch fresh earth over the manured soil. The seed should not be planted until the ground becomes warm and dry. Put 10 to 12 seeds to the hill. After plants are good and strong, thin out to 3 or 4 to the hill. Cultivate often, keep weeds down.

CONGO—Oblong, blocky, dark green melons faintly striped lighter green; flesh is bright red, crisp and sweet. Highly resistant to anthracnose. Weigh 30 to 40 lbs. Good for home and market; tough rind makes it a good shipper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 80c; lb. \$2.50.

DIXIE QUEEN—An enormous yielder. Vines of vigorous growth. Melons in form round to oval. Skin striped light and dark green. Good size. Flesh, bright red. Crisp and splendid quality. Good shipper. Seeds very small white, and very few in each melon. One pound of Dixie Queen seed will plant twice as much ground as most other large type seed, medium early. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ 1b. 60c; 1b. \$2.00.

EARLY KANSAS—Largest of all early melons. Matures 10 days earlier than Tom Watson. Flesh, bright red, very sweet flavor, melts in your mouth, solid to the rind which is about ½ inch thick, nearly round light green with bread wavy stripes. Melons weigh 30 to 60 pounds, occasionally 80 pounds. Very few seeds, red when green, buff color when dry. A good shipper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

WONDER MELON OR IMPROVED KLECKLEY SWEET—
This improved strain has the same red fiesh, delicious sweetness and all the other splendid qualities that made Kleckley's Sweet such a favorite. The improvement has been along the line of size and shipping qualities. It is not at all unusual to have them weigh 75 pounds, yet the rind is thin, but so tough that Improved Kleckley's Sweet qualifies for long-distance shipping. Pkt. 10e; oz. 20e; 1/4 lb. 45e; lb. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$6.50.

STONE MOUNTAIN—Fruits very large, oval round; medium green, rind thin but fairly tough. Flesh rich scarlet and very sweet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50; 5 lbs. \$7.00.

DARLINGTON — Has created a sensation where ever introduced. Conceded to be one of the most delicious of all melons. They grow long and big up to 60 pounds. Bright red flesh, rind striped. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

WATERMELON

WILT RESISTANT

BLACKLEE—Wilt Resistant. Dark green, oblong, tough rind melon. Pkt. 10e; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60e; lb. \$2.00.

LEESBURG OR WILT-RESISTANT KLECKLEY'S SWEET—In every way fully equal to our standard strain of Kleckley's Sweet in quality and size, with the distinct advantage of being wilt resistant. It marks a conspicuous advance in the development of this universally popular melon for growing on wilt-sick soils. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

HAWKESBURY—Of the Irish gray type; long and of light gray with fine veining of green. Flesh dark pink of good quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

KLONDIKE, R-7—Vines vigorous and prolific, fruits oblong, thin tough rind. Flesh bright deep red, of fine quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

WE RECOMMEND VIGORO
Complete Plant Food for Everything
You Grow!



WATERMELONS—Continued

- FLORIDA GIANT—Very productive. Fruits dark green, nearly round; flesh firm and red; of excellent quality. Ships well. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.
- HALBERT HONEY—Very similar to Kleckley Sweet except the melons are more evenly shaped, and the rind will average darker green in color with a slight tracing or indentation, has all the good qualities of Kleckley Sweet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.40.
- TOM WATSON—It is a splendid melon for shipping, for nearby markets and for home use, a large, long melon, medium green color and handsome appearance, the flesh is rich red, sweet and tender, the rind is thin and tough, making it especially adapted to shipping. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.40.
- GARRISON—A melon colored similar to Georgia Rattlesnake but more round. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$2.00.

OKRA

- CULTURE—Plant about the middle of spring, after the ground has become warm, in drills three feet apart, and thin out plants to about a foot apart in the row. Hoe often and draw the soil up to the stem. The ground should be well fertilized. One ounce will sow about 20 feet of drill; five or six pounds to the acre.
- CLEMSON SPINELESS—Developed by the South Carolina Experiment Station. All-America Silver Medal for 1939. A very uniform, spineless variety. Plant has less foliage than Perkins'; pods rich green, angular, ridged. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 25c; lb. 75c.
- IMPROVED DWARF GREEN—Dwarf, stocky growth, pods short, thick and tender. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ 1b. 25e; 1b. 75c.
- WHITE VELVET—Tall variety, producing long, slender velvety pods. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ lb. 25e; lb. 75e.
- PERKINS' MAMMOTH LONG POD (TALL) Produces long, slender, deep green pods which remain tender a long time. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ 1b. 25c; lb. 75c.

ONION SEEDS

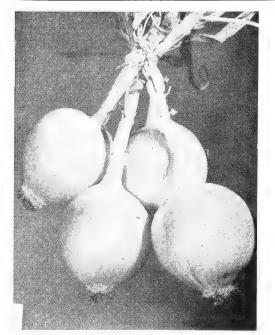
- CULTURE—The ground for onions should be a light loamy soil, and should be ploughed very deep and well fertilized. Sow the seeds in drills 10 to 12 inches apart, about one inch deep. Hoe often and keep free from weeds. One ounce of seed will sow a 50-foot row. It takes 3 to 5 pounds to sow an acre to make large onions, and 40 to 50 pounds to the acre for sets.
- YELLOW DANVERS—The best known and most generally used yellow onion, color bright orange-yellow. A good keeper and of good size. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.
- WHITE SILVERSKIN—The most popular variety for extensive set growers. Sets are of a flattish shape. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; 1/4 lb. 90c; lb. \$2.75.
- PRIZETAKER—One of the largest onions grown and the mildest; is productive and a sure cropper; bulbs are globe-shaped and of a light straw color. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.
- SOUTHPORT WHITE GLOBE—Of the true Southport Globe form with a thin, delicate skin of purest paper whiteness; flesh is very crisp, fine-grained, snow-white in color and exceedingly mild; usually commands the highest price in market. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.
- SOUTHPORT YELLOW GLOBE—The bulbs are a true deep globe, having a small neck and a heavy thick skin which makes it an excellent storage sort; the color is a deep yellow or goldenbrown, quite distinct from most stocks of this variety. Pk1. 10c; oz. 45c; 1/4 lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.
- EBENEZER OR "JAPANESE"—The onions are not unlike Yellow Globe Danvers in shape and size, but are superior in flavor and keep longer. They are firm, solid, have a thin skin, and are agreeably mild. Also planted extensively to produce small sets for the following season. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 65c; lb. \$2.00.

ONION SETS

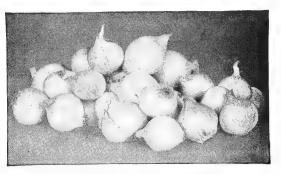
CULTURE—Plant very early in the spring, if large onions are wanted for winter use; plant in rows four inches apart, half an inch deep and 12 to 14 inches between the rows. Do not entirely cover the set. Cultivate often, but not very deep. Also good for early green onions.

White Onion Sets, lb. 30c; 4 lbs. \$1.00. Yellow Onion Sets, lb. 25c; 4 lbs. 90c.

Ask for Prices on Larger Lots
Prices F.O.B. Louisville, Ky., Postage Extra.



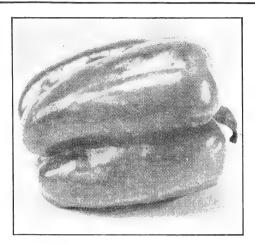
WHITE SILVER SKIN



WHITE SILVERSKIN ONION SETS



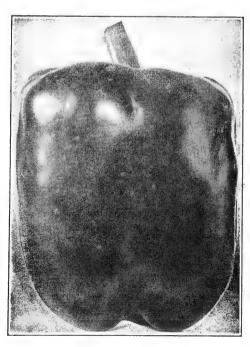
SUGAR OR HOLLOW CROWN PARSNIP



WORLD BEATER



CALWONDER



CALIFORNIA WONDER PEPPER

PARSNIPS

CULTURE—Sow during spring in drills one inch deep, drill 12 to 18 inches apart, and when two or three inches high thin out from four to six inches apart in the rows. Hoe often. Soil should be deep and rich. One ounce will sow about 100 feet of drill; 4 or 5 pounds to the acre.

SUGAR OR HOLLOW CROWN—A standard variety, making long, smooth, white roots, uniform in shape. Tender and well flavored. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

PARSLEY

CULTURE—Sow the seed in spring in drills one foot apart. If wanted for winter transplant in cold frames. Seed should be soaked in warm water a few hours before sowing, as it is very slow to germinate. One ounce will sow about seventy-five feet of drill; five or six pounds to the acre.

CHAMPION MOSS CURLED—Leaves are crimped and curled most beautifully. Most popular variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.

PEPPERS

CULTURE—Sow in hotbeds in March or in seed beds about the middle of spring, in light, warm soil. When the weather becomes warm transplant the plants, 15 to 18 inches apart each way and earth up a little when hoeing. One ounce will produce about 1,500 plants.

YoLO WONDER is a new variety originating from a cross between California Wonder (Tobacco mosaic susceptible) and Elephant Trunk (Tobacco mcsaic resistant.) The Elephant Trunk was secured in Italy. Yolo Wonder is resistant to the Tobacco Mosaic, has pendant fruit and the fruit though similar to California Wonder in appearance and color are larger. Yolo Wonder gives greatly increased yields and fancier fruit than California Wonder in mosaic infected areas. The Yolo Wonder plants are more compact than California Wonder. The Yolo Wonder will mature in around 78 days. Pkt. 25c; oz. \$1.50; ¼ 1b. \$5.00.

CALIFORNIA WONDER—Resembles Chinese Giant in the large size and "blocky" form of its fruit, but having an extremely thick flesh not possessed by that variety; crimson fruit. Measures 4½ in. in length by 4 in. in diameter; mild and sweet; midseason. Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c; ½ lb. \$2.25; lb. \$7.00.

IMPROVED HUNGARIAN YELLOW WAX—Peppers pungent and measuring 5 to 6 inches in length, rather slender but meaty, and tapering to a somewhat twisted point. They are waxy canary yellow in color, and turn to a beautiful crimson at maturity. Very prolific and desirable. Also known as Bulgarian Yellow Wax. Quite "hot." Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; ¼ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

CHINESE GIANT—Largest pepper in cultivation; double the size of the Bell or Bull Nose. They grow four to five inches wide at the top and about the same length. Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; 1/4 lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

EARLY CALWONDER—This relatively new variety is a valuable addition to the Pepper family not only for its earliness but also for its productiveness under less favorable conditions. Fruit approximately 4 inches long and 3½ inches in diameter, three and four lobed, sweet and mild. Turns bright crimson at maturity. Pkt. 10c; oz. 75c; ¼ lb. \$2.25; lb. \$7.00.

LARGE BELL OR BULL NOSE—Best known variety. Pods extra large, mild, thick rind and fleshy. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; 1/4 lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

WORLD BEATER—A beautiful pepper, being a cross between the Chinese Giant and Ruby King. It combines the large size and productiveness of the Chinese Giant and the earliness, attractive shape and color of the Ruby King. The flesh is mild and sweet and may be used for stuffing or sliced like cucumbers and served with tomatoes. The skin is smooth and colors evenly all over. One of the most attractive peppers in our list. Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; 1/4 lb. \$1.75; lb. \$5.50.

PIMIENTO — A very thick fleshed, heart-shaped smooth, mild, crimson variety, much used for salads; fruit pendent; 3½ in. long by 2½ in., greatest diameter; rather late in season. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.50.

LONG RED CAYENNE—Sometimes called Lady Finger. Long, hot, bright red pods. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; 1/4 lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.50.

VEGETABLES — FLOWERS

 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Disease Control} \color{red} - \textbf{Better Stands} \color{blue} - \textbf{Sturdier Plants} \\ \textbf{with SEMESAN} \end{array}$

Don't trust to luck for success with vegetables and flowers. Do what you can to control conditions. Treat your seeds, corms, bulbs, and seedlings with Semesan! Used as a dust or in solution with water, Semesan reduces seed rotting and damping-off, is highly effective against many seed-borne diseases, even prevents contamination of the soil by certain seed-borne diseases. One ounce treats 15 to 30 pounds of seeds at a cost of ½ cent to 1 cent a pound of seed.

 $\frac{1}{3}$ oz. Packet 20c, 2 oz. 60c, 12 oz. \$2.85

May be mailed.



SELECTED GARDEN PEAS

CULTURE—Plant as soon as the ground can be worked. For a succession, plant at intervals of two weeks throughout the season. Plant in rows, the dwarf kind about two feet apart, and the taller kind from four to five feet apart and about an inch apart in the rows and two inches deep. Hoe often. When well up, set brush along the rows corresponding with the height of pea cultivated. One pint will plant 100 feet of drill; 125 pounds to the acre. If preferred, a succession may be had with one planting, by using one each of the varieties, such as Extra Early Alaska for early Laxtonian or Gradus for medium, and Telephone for late.

Prices on peas are not postpaid. If delivery by parcel post is wanted, sufficient postage should be added. See page 2 for parcel post rates. WE DO NOT SEND C.O.D.

- EXTRA EARLY ALASKA—The seed small, smooth and bluish-green in color; vines are uniform in growth and early maturity of pods, which are well filled with medium sized, bright green peas. They can be planted very early, as it will not rot as easily as the wrinkled variety. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; ½ gal. 85c; gal. \$1.55; pk. \$3.75; ½ bu. \$5.15; bu. \$10.00.
- EARLY MAY—Has about the same growth and size of the Extra Early Alaska, except the seed peas are white in color. It is a good producer of well-filled light green pods. Pkt. 10c; pt. 25c; qt. 45c; ½ gal. 85c; gal. \$1.55; pk. \$2.75; ½ bu. \$5.15; bu. \$10.00.
- LAXTON'S SUPERB—A hard, semi-wrinkled, blue-seeded extra early variety, growing 18 to 20 inches in height with deep green 4 inch semi-broad, pointed pods; of fair quality. Desirable as a gardener's first crop pea, standing very early planting. Pkt. 10e; pt. 35c; qt. 60e; ½ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.90; ¼ bu. \$3.45; ½ bu. \$6.65; bu. \$13.00.
- SUTTON'S EXCELSIOR—A fine variety of compact dwarf growth, pods are fully twice as large as American Wonder, maturing almost as early. Pods average 3½ inches in length, well filled with large peas of sweet flavor. Pkt. 10c; pt. 35c; qt. 60c; ½ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.75; pk. \$3.25; ½ bu. \$6.15; bu. \$12.00.
- LITTLE MARVEL—A productive sort, the vines growing 15 to 20 in. tall, dark green and vigorous. Pods 2½ to 3 in. long, ½ in. wide, containing 6 or 7 large, dark green peas. Pods plump, straight, blunt ended and frequently borne in pairs. Pkt. 10c; pt. 35c; qt. 60c; ½ gal. \$1.10; gal. \$1.90; ½ bu. \$3.50; ½ bu. \$6.65; bu. \$13.00.
- PRIDE OF THE MARKET—One of the best second early sort; produce large, broad, dark green pods, generally grown in pairs, well filled and of fine flavor. Pkt. 10c; pt. 35c; qt. 60c; ½ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.90; ¼ bu. \$3.50; ½ bu. \$6.65; bu. \$13.00.
- TELEPHONE An old standard, high quality, large podded pea. Height 4 feet. Vine and foliage strong and heavy, medium green. Pods 4½ in. long, medium light green, straight, broad and pointed, containing 8 large light green peas, main crop, productive. Pkt. 10c; pt. 30c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.75; pk. \$3.25; ½ bu. \$6.15; bu. \$12.00.
- LAXTONIAN A very fine dwarf wrinkled variety; excellent for market or home use. The pods are dark green and very large, averaging five inches in length, crowded with six to eight very large peas of fine quality. Pkt. 10c; pt. 35c; qt. 65c; ½ gal. \$1.10; gal. \$1.90; pk. \$3.50; ½ bu. \$6.65; bu. \$13.00.
- GRADUS OR PROSPERITY—Pods are extra large and well filled with big, plump peas, sweet and luscious. Pkt. 10e; pt. 35e; qt. 60e; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.80; pk. \$3.35; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$6.40; bu. \$12.50.
- THOMAS LAXTON—Height 2½ feet. Vines prolific and moderately stout. Pods medium green, 3 to 4 inches long, straight, nearly round and square ended, containing 6 to 8 dark green peas of superior quality. Same season as Gradus but more productive. Pkt. 10c; pt. 35c; qt. 60c; ½ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.85; ¼ bu. \$3.35; ½ bu. 6.40; bu. \$12.50.
- SUGAR DWARF (Edible Pods)—One of the best of the Sugar Peas, growing 2½ ft. high and very productive; seed large gray, much wrinkled. Pkt. 10e; pt. 30e; qt. 50e; ½ gal. 95e; gal. \$1.75; ¼ bu. \$3.20; ½ bu. \$6.15; bu. \$12.00.
- MAMMOTH LUSCIOUS SUGAR—The finest type of sugar peas. Has no equal for sweetness and tenderness. Height 4½ feet. Really a double purpose pea, for it may be used as an edible podded as well as a shelled pea, and is the equal of the sweetest wrinkled variety. The pods when about half grown should be sliced and boiled like snap beans and served with butter or sauce. The pods are 5 to 6 inches long, 1½ inches broad, and are produced continuously for a long season. Requires support. Pkt. 10e; pt. 35e; qt. 60e; ½ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.80; pk. \$3.35; ½ bu. \$6.40; bu. \$12.50.
- MAMMOTH MELTING SUGAR—75 days. Well-known, productive and resistant to fusarium wilt. The fleshy, tender, 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. pods are light green, sometimes twisted, broad and blunt-ended, stringless, sweet and delicious. Large white seeded. Vines grow 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ ft. tall. Pkt. 10e; pt. 35e; qt. 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.80; pk. \$3.35; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$6.40; bu. \$12.50.
- LARGE BLACK EYE PEAS—Grow your own for summer use green and winter use dry. Pkt. 10c; pt. 35c; qt. 65c; ½ gal. \$1.20; gal. \$2.15; ¼ bu. \$4.00; ½ bu. \$7.65; bu. \$15.00.



LAXTON'S PROGRESS—The earliest large podded dwarf sweet pea. Height 18 inches. In season four days earlier than Laxtonian. Pods 4 inches long, broad and pointed, deep green in color, containing 8 large, dark green peas of high quality. Pkt. 10c; pt. 35c; qt. 65c; ½ gal. \$1.10; gal. \$1.90; pk. \$3.50; ½ bu. \$6.65; bu. \$13.00.



LAXTONIAN

SEED POTATOES

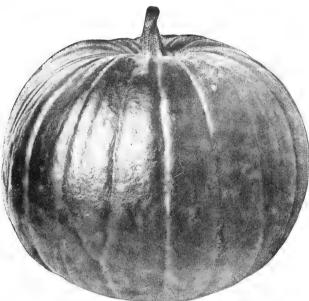
Lower Costs and Better Potato Yields with Improved SEMESAN BEL



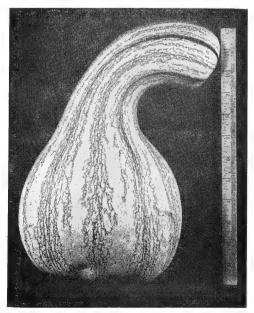
Simply mix, dip, drain, dry and your seed potatoes are ready for planting. Semesan Bel may be used on either whole or cut seed pieces. Semesan Bel effectively controls such seed-borne disease organisms as scab, Rhizoctonia and black-leg. By controlling these diseases, germination is generally increased, stand improved and the resultant crop bigger and of better quality. One pound treats 60 to 80 bushels of seed.

Prices: 2 oz. 50c; 1 lb. \$2.30; 4 lbs. \$7.50.

(2 oz. treats 6 to 8 bushels)



PUMPKIN



STRIPED CUSHAW

CULTURE—Plant about four inches deep in rows 28 to 34 inches apart, and drop the potatoes 12 to 15 inches apart in the row. The soil should be well manured or well fertilized. A ridge should be thrown over the potatoes after planting and then level down just before the potatoes come through, and cultivate well until in bloom, and then ridge up again and leave alone until harvested. Use JOHN DEERE POTATO PLANTERS AND DIGGERS.

IRISH COBBLER—We believe we are safe in saying that 75 per cent of all the extra early potatoes planted today are Cobbler. Its popularity is based principally on its extreme earliness, but is also based on its reputation as a reliable and uniform yielder. One of its strong characteristics is that it makes few if any very small potatoes, practically all being medium to large size, and you rarely see a knotty Cobbler, for they are generally plump, handsome potatoes with smooth skin. The tubers are round to oval in shape; slightly flattened, have strong, well-developed eyes; the flesh is pure white and cooks dry and mealy. A first-class potato in every respect, thoroughly dependable and well worth a place in every garden

Northern Grown, Large Seed Size Northern Grown, Medium Seed Size Ky. Grown Crop, Small Seed Size WRITE FOR PRICES

CERTIFIED IRISH COBBLERS—It is false economy to save fifty cents or a dollar a bag by buying poor common potatoes when certified seed can be had—the most successful potato growers use nothing but certified seed. Certification has done for potatoes what breeding has done for horses, cattle, hogs, etc. During the growing season the fields must be inspected at regular intervals to detect diseases. If the percentage exceeds the limit prescribed by law, the field is condemned. The small additional cost of certified seed over poor seed is not worth considering. There is less disease, more No. 1 potatoes and greater profit to the grower. Every bag will carry the tag of the inspection authorities; this is an assurance that every safeguard has been applied to have them as pure as is humanly possible. Prices quoted on request.

RED TRIUMPH—The earliest maturing potato that we offer. Very popular in the South. The Red Triumph is the right potato for you to plant if you want an extra early and sure cropping potato of the very best quality. Prices quoted on request.

KENNEBEC—A heavy yielding late crop Potato of fine appearance and good quality. It is fast becoming a leading variety, as it succeeds under almost all conditions of weather and is disease resistant. The potatoes have a smooth white skin, are of flattened oval shape, with shallow eyes.

KATAHDIN—Originated in Maine by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. It is a slightly oval white, very smooth, with shallow eyes. The vines are light green and vigorous. The type is very uniform and in cooking and eating qualities it is unsurpassed. Prices quoted on request

SEBAGO—A heavy yielding variety becomming more popular each season. The potatoes have white skin, shallow eyes, handsome in appearance, and of good quality. The vines are quite resistant to heat, drought and most diseases. Good for either spring or fall crop.

PUMPKIN

CULTURE—May be sown among corn, 3 to 10 feet apart each way. Cultivate same as melons.

WHITE CUSHAW—Creamy white; otherwise about the same as the striped variety. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

STRIPED CUSHAW—Very large, with crooked neck. Creamy white, irregular striped with green; flesh light yellow, very thick and sweet. Delicious when sliced and baked. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

SMALL SUGAR OR PIE—One of the best for the home garden. An excellent pie sort. Nearly round. 10 to 12 inches in diameter; rich orange color. Flesh thick, fine grained, very sweet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

MAMMOTH OR POT IRON—Grow to an enormous size, sometimes weighing 90 to 100 pounds each. A fine keeper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 60c; lb. \$1.75.

KENTUCKY FIELD—Best for stock feeding. Grows very large, round and of yellow color. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. 90c.

PREMIUM SEEDS

RADISH

- CULTURE—For early use sow in January in hotbeds, or sow the early varieties in Spring as soon as the ground can be worked, in light, rich soil, in shallow drills; and for a succession, sow at intervals of two weeks until May. From May to August sow the Summer varieties, and from August until September sow the Winter varieties. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; eight to ten pounds to the acre.
- COMET—For greenhouse and hotbed forcing, and outdoor planting. Early, crisp, mild and tender; rich bright scarlet, globe shaped, very uniform. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ lb. 30e; lb. 90e; 5 lbs. \$4.25.
- SCARLET TURNIP—White Tipped—Beautiful deep scarlet radish with a white tip. A general favorite with the market gardener and large shipper. The strain we offer is exceptionally fine and is true to name. (See cut.) Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 75c; 5 lbs. \$3.50.
- SCARLET GLOBE—We have an exceptionally fine stock of this superb variety. It is one of the very earliest of the forcing radishes and does equally well outside; roots are of fair size, globe-shaped and with a very small top; always crisp and tender; color a bright scarlet. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ lb. 30e; lb. 75e; 5 lbs. \$3.50.
- EARLY SCARLET TURNIP—A round, deep scarlet radish, with very small top; rich color; crisp and tender flesh. Very desirable for early outdoor planting. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 30c; lb. 75c; 5 lbs. 83.50.
- WHITE ICICLE—A handsome long, pure white radish; extremely early. Ready to pull 25 days after sowing. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 75c; 5 lbs. \$3.50
- CINCINNATI MARKET—One of the handsomest long scarlet radishes known; beautiful bright rose color, almost transparent; brittle and crisp. Matures in about 25 days from time of planting. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 30c; lb. 75c; 5 lbs. \$3.50.
- CRIMSON GIANT—Exertmely large, but never pithy. One of the best for out-door culture. Top is a little too large for a forcing sort; intermediate in season. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; 1/4 lb. 30e; lb. 75e; 5 lbs. \$3.50.
- WHITE STRASBURG—The best of all Summer radishes. Grows about five inches long, about two inches in diameter at the top and tapering to a point. Keeps firm and solid longer than any other early variety. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ½ lb. 30e; lb. 75e; 5 lbs. \$3.50.

WINTER VARIETIES

- ROSE CHINA WINTER—Bright rose color; roots grow longer and thicker at the bottom than they do at the top. A very desirable variety, and a good keeper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.
- ROUND BLACK SPANISH—An excellent sort for Winter. Skin black; flesh white, very compact and highly flavored. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.
- LONG WHITE SPANISH—A very late radish, with firm, crisp flesh, well flavored. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.
- LONG BLACK SPANISH—Roots rather long, thick, almost black, with white flesh. Adapted for late planting. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

RHUBARB

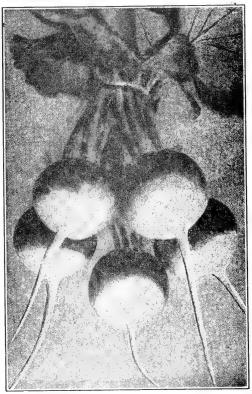
CULTURE—Sow in the Spring, in drills one inch deep, drills to be 12 inches apart, and thin the plants out to six inches apart. In the Fall, or the next Spring, transplant to three feet apart in well fertilized ground. One ounce will produce about 500 plants.

MYATT'S VICTORIA—Seed. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; ¼ lb. 90c; lb. \$3.00. MYATT'S VICTORIA—Roots. 20c each; \$2.00 per dozen.

SALSIFY or OYSTER PLANT

- When properly cooked it is a good substitute for oysters and is very nutritious. A most palatable vegetable. Sow early in rows, 1½ feet apart and cover firmly 1 inch deep; thin to 3 inches apart in the rows. Salsify may remain in the ground through the Winter. The roots are perfectly hardy; in fact, they are best after the frost has touched them. One ounce of seed will sow 50 feet of drill; 3 pounds will plant an acre.
- MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND—This splendid variety will average nearly twice the size of other sorts. Grows very uniformly; mild and delicious in flavor. A popular sort with all growers. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$3.50.

TELL YOUR FRIENDS TO WRITE FOR OUR 1953 FREE PREMIUM SEED CATALOG



SCARLET TURNIP-WHITE TIPPED

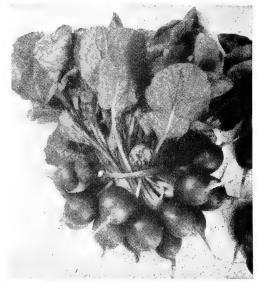
YOU'LL FIND BLACK PANTHER

An Effective Non-Poisonous Dust or Spray for Vegetables

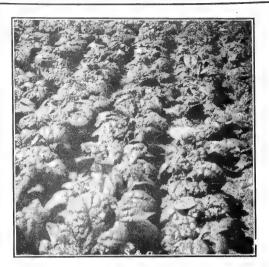
VERTAGREEN



1	Lb	 .15
5	Lbs.	 .53
10	Lbs.	 .95
25	Lbs.	 1.70
50	Lbs.	 2.80
100	Lhs.	4.55



RADISH, EARLY SCARLET GLOBE



BLOOMSDALE SAVOY SPINACH

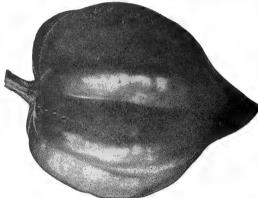
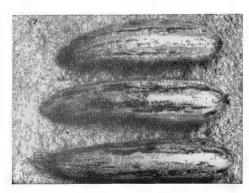
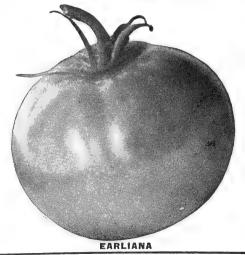


TABLE QUEEN SQUASH



CASERTA SOUASH



SPINACH

OULTURE—Sow early in Spring, and for a succession at intervals of three weeks. In September and October sow for early Spring greens, and cover lightly during the Winter with straw. Sow about 12 pounds to the acre, broadcast.

BLOOMSDALE SAVOY—A very early variety and one of the best to plant in the Fall for Spring use. Plant of upright growth, with thick, glossy, dark green leaves which are crumpled or blistered like those of Savoy cabbage. Quite hardy but runs to seed quickly in warm weather. Used largely by market gardeners. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ 1b. 20e; 1b. 50e; 5 lbs. \$2.10; 10 lbs. \$4.00; 25 lbs. \$9.50; 50 lbs. \$18.00; 100 lbs. \$34.00.

Savoy Leaved Spinach developed at the Virginia Experiment Station, making it now possible to grow spinach successfully on infected soil. A fairly early seeder. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 20c; lb. 50c; 5 lbs. \$2.10; 10 lbs. \$4.00; 25 lbs. \$9.50; 50 lbs. \$18.00; 100 lbs. VIRGINIA BLIGHT RESISTANT-\$34.00.

NEW ZEALAND (Tetragonia Expansa)—Entirely distinct from the true Spinach; plant tall and spreading with numerous side shoots; leaves medium green, rather small and pointed; grows well in hot weather. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; 1/4 lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

SQUASH
CULTURE—Sow early in drills 12 inches apart, one inch deep, and thin out to two inches in the rows. Keep clean from weeds and cultivate the same as parsnips. One ounce will sow 50 feet of drill; 4 to 5 pounds to the acre.

EARLY PROLIFIC STRAIGHTNECK—The fruits are 8 to 10 inches long, 2 to 2½ inches in largest diameter. It is long, slender, pearshaped, with rounded or abruptly tapered tip; smooth or sparsely warted; light yellow in the edible stage. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.

ARLY WHITE BUSH—Very early. Light cream color; productive; medium sized and good shipper. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ½ 1b. 45c; lb. \$1.25. EARLY WHITE BUSH-

ZUCCHINI—Fruits are long, cylindrical, smooth, grey green to dark green in color. Length is 13 to 15 inches, width 4½ to 5½ inches. Flesh is a greenish white when edible and is of good flavor. Fruit has no striping or mottling. Pkt. 10c; 0z. 15c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

GOLDEN SUMMER CROOKNECK—Bright yellow; excellent flavor and very productive. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ¼ lb. 45e; lb. \$1.50.

GIANT GOLDEN SUMMER CROOKNECK—Are about double the size of the ordinary crooknecks. Same shape. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 45c; lb. \$1.25.

STRAIGHTNECK, GIANT SUMMER—A selection from the Crookneck squash but with a straight rather than a crooked neck and thus being more easily packed for shipment. Fruits intensely warted, 18 to 20 inches long, deep orange in color with a thick, meaty neck. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 40c; lb. \$1.25.

CASERTA—The plants of Caserta is a bush variety, stands strong wind. The mature fruit are 15 to 18 in. long by 4½ to 5 in. wide, earlier than any other summer squash and a good producer. Small blossom end. The color is light glossy green with interrupted or broken stripes of a dull very dark green, rich in vitamins. Very uniform in size and shape. 30 to 50 fruit per plant under good conditions. 1 oz. 45c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; 1 lb. \$4.00.

TABLE QUEEN—Length 6 to 8 inches, 3 inches in diameter. About 2 pounds. Trailing habit. Deep green turning to orange; fruit ribbed; skin smooth. As it ripens use frequently. Desirable for home and shipping. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 50e; lb. \$1.50.

IMPROVED HUBBARD—The standard Winter squash; fruits large, heavy and moderately warted; shell dark bronze-green, showing light green markings toward blossom end, flesh bright orange-yellow, fine grained, thick and dry. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 50c; lb. \$1.50.

TOMATOES

CULTURE—Sow in hotbeds in January and February and transplant into another bed when two inches high. When weather becomes warm and settled, transplant in rich, light soil, four to five feet apart; or sow end of April in open ground and transplant in open ground when six or eight inches high. They may be supported either by stakes driven into the ground, or may be left to spread over the ground. One ounce will produce about 2,000 plants; four ounces will plant an acre.

counces will plant an acre.

EARLIANA (Spark's)—One of the best very early tomatoes; very productive for an early sort; fruit of fair size, round, very smooth and solid and produced in clusters in center of the plant; color bright scarlet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 65c; ¼ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$7.00.

BONNIE BEST—Ten days earlier than Chalk's Early Jewel and as early as Earliana; a vigorous grower and enormously productive of smooth, round, globe-shaped fruits; color intense velvety, glowing scarlet. Tomatoes ripen evenly to the stem, without cracking or black spots. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

UBILEE—A new pure orange to orange-yellow tomato that is entirely different from any yellow or orange tomato you ever grew. The fruits are bright golden orange, globular, thick, meaty, orange colored interior, flavor somewhat mild. Makes delicious juice of attractive color. Very high in Vitamins A and C. Average wt., 6 ozs. 72 days. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 30c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. 90c.



TOMATOES

(Continued)

WILT-RESISTANT VARIETIES

CERTIFIED RUTGERS—Wilt resistant. Deep scarlet, solid meat. Vigorous grower and very productive. A fine variety for market or canning. Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; 1/4 lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

GROTHEN'S GLOBE—Early wilt-resistant variety, fruits are deep scarlet, uniform, globe shape, solid and heavy. Very productive. Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; 1/4 lb. \$1.75.

CERTIFIED MARGLOBE—Developed by the Agriculture Department and thoroughly tested in sections where the above diseases are very destructive. It is a vigorous grower whether in greenhouse or field. A bright red in color, of large size, almost round and very productive. Pkt. 10e; oz. 60c; ¼ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

NORTON WILT RESISTANT—It yields a heavy crop of large, smooth, solid red fruits that ripen slowly, therefore is a good keeper and a good shipper; it is also remarkably drought resistant. An excellent tomato for the home garden, for canning and for the late market. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; 1/4 lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

BREAK O'DAY — Early wilt resistant variety, large, solid, globular scarlet fruits. One of the best of the disease resistant varieties developed by the late Dr. Pritchard. About 10 days earlier than Marglobe. Pkt. 10c; oz. 60c; 1/4 lb. \$1.75; lb. \$6.00.

CERTIFIED PRITCHARD—Mid-season, scarlet fruited sort, which is resistant to Fusarium wilt and to Nail-Head rust. Vine vigorous and productive. Fruits nearly globular in shape. Pkt. 10c; oz. 70c; ¼ lb. \$2.20; lb. \$6.50.

STOKESDALE—A red, brilliant red. For market it is profitable because of its earliness, its beauty, and its quality. It averages three days earlier and 25% larger than Bonny Best. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; 1/4 lb. \$1.50.

VALIANT — Extra early, extra large, extra solid. An ideal market variety producing a crop of large, fine colored fruits for the early high market prices. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; ¼ lb. \$1.50.

JOHN BAER—One of the earliest and most profitable varieties, having globe shaped fruit, of a bright scarlet color, good size and smooth, very solid; free from core and with few seeds. The vine is vigorous and continues to bear good size fruits much longer than most other early sorts. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; 1/4 lb. \$1.50; lb. \$5.00.

JUNE PINK—Smooth round purple tomatoes. The fruit, for an extra early sort, grows large; the flavor and quality is exceptionally fine. Pkt. 10c; oz. 65c; ¼ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$6.00.

GREATER BALTIMORE — Main crop, productive, red fruited variety of the Macthless type; quite popular with canners. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; ¼ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$4.00.

STONE—Best main crop for canning. Fruit is large uniform, smooth and of bright red color. Medium early. Pkt. 10c; oz. 50c; 1/4 lb. \$1.50; lb. \$4.50.

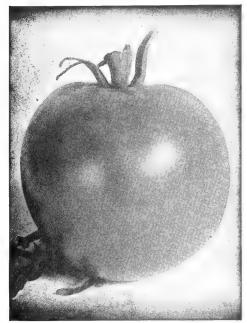
YELLOW PEAR SHAPE—This is extensively used for preserves and to make tomato figs. The fruit is golden yellow; distinctly pear shaped and of excellent flavor. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. 90c.

PONDEROSA—Largest tomato in cultivation. Not in favor with market gardeners, as it does not grow smooth and is too large. Rich in color; and has very few seeds. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 50c; oz. 80c.

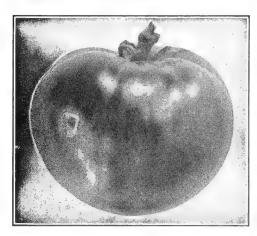
GOLDEN PONDEROSA—Largest of the yellow tomatoes and similar to Ponderosa except in color of fruit. Pkt. 10c; oz. 90c.

OXHEART—There is great rivalry among backyard and kitchengardeners to see which can grow the finest Oxheart in shape and size. Specimens weighing three pounds or more are quite common. While the Oxheart is not a heavy yielder, being similar to Ponderosa in this respect, the grower for market is going to find the Oxheart a mighty attractive sort. It is almost seedless. The flavor has just that delicious tomato quality that every lover of this fruit knows so well. Pkt. 10c; ½ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00.

FAMOUS BRIMMER TOMATO—Fruits weighing from 1 to 1½ lbs. are not regarded as particularly large, for they frequently weigh over 2 lbs. They are practically all meat, have no core and very few seeds. They are free from acid and can be enjoyed by those who can not eat acid fruits. Pkt. 10e; ½ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00.



MARGLOBE



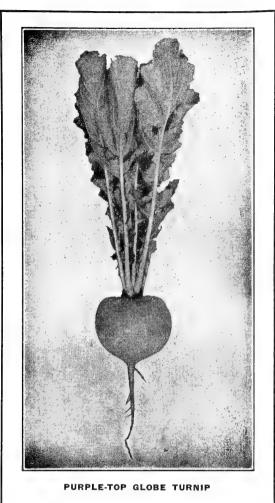
RUTGERS TOMATO



BREAK O'DAY

TOBACCO STATES TOMATO COPPER DUST FOR BLIGHT

Apply Tomato Copper Dust as it comes from the package with a hand duster. For control of late blight, early blight, septovia leaf spot, antbracenose and leaf mold. Start dusting when the first true leaves appear and repeat every 7 to 10 days or after washing rains. Also good for blight on potatoes, cucumbers, squash, and melons. 2 lb. bag 50c; 5 lb. bag \$1.10.



WHITE BURLEY TOBACCO

CULTURE—Seed is sown in February in a plant bed which is protected by a thin cotton cloth and set about June first in highly fertilized ground in rows three and a half by three feet. Cultivate often and worm and sucker as

SEEDS

centrified No. 16—Black Root-Rot Resistant Stand-up White Burley. Produced under the supervision and inspection of the KENTUCKY SEED IMPROVEMENT ASSOCIATION. No. 16 averages about two more leaves per plant than other varieties, which has resulted in a heavy yield of lug leaves. Only sold in original package. ½ oz. 75c; oz. \$1.50.

SHIPP'S WHITE BURLEY TOBACCO SEED—Produces a bright grade of tobacco—on either old land or virgin soil—with color, quality and weight. Grows the Light Color cigarette and smoking tobacco that brings the highest price on the market. In originator's sealed packages. \$1.50 per oz; ½ oz. 75c.

RICKARD CERTIFIED TOBACCO SEED—Kentucky No. 16, 26-35, 41A 57—½ oz. 75c; oz. \$1.50.

RICKARD UNCERTIFIED TOBACCO SEED—Kentucky No. 22-24, and Tennessee No. 1 White Burley, ½ oz. 75c; oz. \$1.50.

BLUE STONE

LUE STONE—This is a finely ground BLUE-STONE that dissolves quickly in water. Has several uses around a farm or garden. Principal ones are for spraying grapes against downy mildew; and to spray tobacco beds to prevent wildfire. For tobacco beds use 3 lbs. Bluestone and 4 lbs. hydrated lime to 50 gallons water. This is sufficient for one spraying of a 9 x 100 foot bed once. Beds should be treated twice. The first time as soon as plants come through the ground good, then again 10 days later. 3 lb. pkgs. 65c. BLUE STONE-

TURNIP

CULTURE—For early use, sow as soon as the ground can be worked.

The ruta bagas sow early in July, and the other winter turnips sow from the middle of July to the middle of August. Turnip seed is generally sown broadcast, but can also be sown in drills 12 inches apart, and can be cultivated; in this manner they will produce a large crop.

EXTRA EARLY PURPLE TOP MILAN—Of medium size, very sweet, ivory white both inside and out. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ lb. 35c; lb.

RED OR PURPLE TOP STRAP LEAVED—For fall sowing and main crop this is the best variety. White flesh and purple top. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; ¼ 1b. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE—Best market turnip. Enormous producer and extensively grown for fall and winter use. Pkt. 10e; oz. 15e; ½ lb. 35e; lb. \$1.00.

IMPROVED AMERICAN PURPLE TOP RUTA BAGA—A hardy, productive variety with small neck; roots are large, oblong or globular in form, with a very small tap root; color bright yellow with a purple top; flesh very solid, tender and sweet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

SEVEN TOP—Grown exclusively for the tops, which are used for greens. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 20c; lb. 50c.

SHOGOIN—Fast growing, has large leaves, can be used as greens. Round white roots, mild and tender and fine quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 15c; 1/4 lb. 35c; lb. \$1.00.

TOBACCO STATES INSECTICIDES HOPPER WORM DUST

Directions-Do Not Dilute

For grasshoppers, and tobacco horn-worm. Apply dust thoroughly to plants using 10 to 20 pounds per acre, depending upon size of tobacco. Repeat if necessary. A period of about three weeks should elapse before allowing live stock to graze on fields where this dust has been applied. For better results, apply dust when horn-worms and grasshoppers are small.

For tobacco budworms—Application for horn-worms usually takes care of the budworms. For extra precaution, apply a pinch to each bud. 5 lb. package \$1.65.

5% D. D. T.

Tobacco-flea beetle on plant beds. Dust plant bed thoroughly at first sign of these insects. Repeat in two weeks if necessary. Good for potato bugs, flea-beetle, leafhoppers and cabbage caterpillars. Also good on glads, iris and lilies. 1 lb. 25c; 5 lbs. 95c.

50% D. D. T.

Flies, mosquitoes and gnats in barns, hatcheries, poultry houses. For tobacco-flea beetles, lice on cattle, hogs and goats, sheep ticks. 1 lb. 80c; 4 lbs. \$1.95.

TRANSPLANTER SOLUTION

10% LINDANE

DIRECTIONS—Use only as directed.

TOBACCO STATES TRANSPLANTER SOLUTION is a special formulation made especially for use in transplanting water against wireworms. It should be mixed thoroughly with the water and will stay in suspension without agitation during the transplanting operation. The TRANSPLANTER SOLUTION establishes a zone of protection against wireworms around the roots of newly set plants. This allows the roots to develop and the new plants to become established

OBACCO—Wireworms: Use 2 to 4 fluid ounces in 50 gallons of transplanting water, depending on the type of soil. Apply at the rate of ½ pint to the plant or about 200 to 250 gallons of mixture to the acre. TOBACCO-

TOMATOES—WIREWORMS: Use ¼ pint in 50 gallons of transplanting water. Apply about ½ pint per plant or about 200 gallons per acre. Soz. bottle \$1.25; Pt. \$2.00; Qt. \$3.75.

DAIRY CATTLE SPRAY

50% Technical Methoxyclor

For use on dairy cattle, mix one pound with 12 gallons of water and apply as a spray. Be sure to cover the animal completely. One pound will treat from 30 to 40 cattle, and one treatment normally will be effective for about two weeks.

For use in dairy barns, milk sheds, etc., as a residual spray, mix one pound with 2½ gallons of water and apply evenly as a spray over about 375 square feet. Treat walls, floor cracks, crevices, stalls and pens. 1 lb. can \$1.25.

TOBACCO WORM DUST (Pfeiffer's)

Dust at rate of 5 lbs. or more per acre, depending upon the size and number of plants per acre and the severity of the infestation. Apply as needed, beginning when worms first appear. Repeat dusting as needed or after a rain. This dust may be used in control of the following tobacco insects: Hornworms, Budworms, and certain Flea-beetles. Contains Dichloro Diphenyl Dichloroethane (RHOTHANE). 5 lb. bag \$1.50.



SPECIALTY QUANTITY DISCOUNT

For cash with order on all 10c packets

1953 Flower Seeds

Your choice of any 10c pkt. 6 for 50c; 10 for 75c

FLOWER SEEDS

In keeping with the times we are adding new and dependable varieties of flowers, many "ALL AMERICAN" Selections and varieties of Special Merit to our list, along with the old fashioned or standard varieties.

We are always on the lookout for outstanding strains and varieties, through the reports of the originator, the grower and from our own observation we obtain expert and helpful information that we may pass on to the many flower lovers.

The varieties of SELECTED FLOWER SEEDS cataloged, are those that we know are best adapted to the soil and climate in our immediate and surrounding territory.

We have divided our flower seeds into three classes: Annuals, Perennials and Biennials, Vines and Climbers.

ANNUAL FLOWERS

Flowers listed under this head are those that will produce bloom the first year from seed. For early bloom, seeds may be sown indoors in boxes or in hotbeds or cold frames and later transplanted to beds where they may bloom. Outdoors, seed can be sown as soon as all danger of frost is passed, usually April in this locality. With the exception of Sweet Peas, DO NOT PLANT FLOWER SEED TOO DEEP. Larger and finer flowers are produced if the beds are properly prepared, deep spading, thorough pulverization, and an application of fertilizer is absolutely necessary.

Ageratum

We consider this to be one of the best bedding plants grown, its bushy habit makes it fine for borders, also used for porch boxes or pot plants for Winter blooming indoors.

BLUE PERFECTION—This is the deepest colored of all Ageratums, an amethyst-blue. Pkt. 10c.

MIDGET BLUE—Three inch globular plants are smothered with Ageratum blue flowers. Most uniform in habit, truest in color yet produced. The best we know for narrow ribbon planting. Pkt. 10c.

Sweet Alyssum

Plants are dwarf and compact, the most popular of all border plants, also useful for hanging baskets and porch boxes.

LITTLE GEM—Height 4 inches, covered with small pure white blooms. Pkt. 10c.

VIOLET QUEEN—This is a truly beautiful fragrant Sweet Alyssum of a bright violet hue, holding its colors through the hottest, driest summer. The best violet edging plant. Pkt. 10c.

PACKAGED DAHLIA TUBERS

Featured here is an attractive package of 6 assorted Dahlia tubers. This box contains one each of six distinct beautiful large flowering Dahlia varieties, selected for best effect. A handsome box and a rare treat for the flower lover. Complete planting directions on every carton. Box \$1.75 postpaid \$2.00.

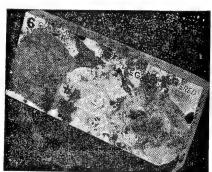


POMPOM DAHLIAS

Plant as soon as danger of frost is past. Choose a location receiving maximum sunlight. Make the holes at least 18 inches apart, and 4 to 5 inches deep. Place the tuber on its side, eye up, and cover with 2 inches of soil. Fill in the remainder as the plant grows.

Keep the ground free from weeds. A table-spoon of fertilizer when the plant starts blooming will add considerably to the size of the flowers. Keep the soil moist. A good soaking once a week should be sufficient. In sandy soil, water oftener.

After the first hard frost, trim off the stem even with the ground. Cut feeding roots with a sharp spade all around the plant, then lift carefully. Complete planting directions on every carton. Box of 6 Roots, \$1.50; postpaid \$1.65.

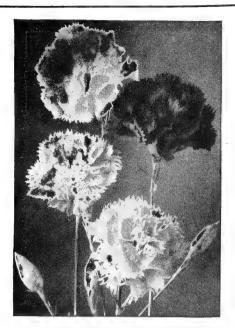


DOUBLE CAMELLIA-FLOWERED BEGONIAS

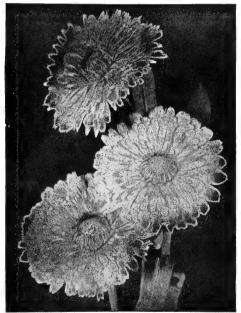
Plant outside as soon as danger of frost is past. Choose a shady spot, (the north side of the house or partial tree shade) with good drainage.

Prepare a very light soil mixture in a well drained location. An ideal growing medium is sandy soil mixed with leaf mold or peat moss and some old barn manure. If this is not available, mix a few pounds of bone meal with the soil. Plant 12 to 15 inches apart and cover with one inch of soil.

The plants require an abundance of water—they should never be allowed to dry out. Water at frequent intervals, keeping the soil just moist. Avoid too wet conditions as this may decay the bulbs. Box of 6 Roots \$1.50; postpaid \$1.65.



CARNATION



CALENDULA

EndoPest

3-WAY GARDEN DEFENSE

For control of chewing and sucking insects and fungus diseases. Contains Rotenone, Sulphur, Zinc and Phenothiazine. Always apply early in the morning while dew is still on plants so dust will stick. Can use with confidence on edible fruit, and vegetables as well as flowers, shrubs and trees.

Applicator gun	\$ ¹	0.85
Refill cartridge		.65
2 lb. pkt		1.79

WILT RESISTANT ASTERS

Many growers in the past have experienced great difficulty in raising Asters due to Fusarium Wilt. Seed of the following varieties are from plants grown in Wilt infected soils yet proved immune from the disease.

BEAUTY ASTERS—This type grows three feet tall of branching habit. Flowers large, very double, borne on long stout stems.
MIXED COLORS—Pkt. 10c.

CREGO'S IMPROVED GIANTS—A fine variety of this type, with long stems and full, fluffy flowers. Midseason. 2½ feet.

Mixed Colors—Pkt. 10c.

ASTER MIXTURE—We have spared nothing to make this mixture perfect, blending in it the best strains produced by Aster specialists in this country. Pkt. 10c; ¼ oz. 60c; oz. \$2.00.

Bush Balsam

Free-flowering double Balsam of bushy growth, flowers appear in clusters on the top of stems instead of hidden on side of stems. It is a fine border plant. Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.

Balsam-Lady Slippers

An old timer, growing about eighteen inches tall in the shape of a small tree and producing all along the branches showy double flowers like small roses. Should be grown in rich soil. Double mixed. Pkt. 10c.

Candytuft

Very effective in beds, masses and borders, being fairly covered with blooms throughout the summer. Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.

Calendula

well known old-fashioned annual that has long been in favor. They are easy to grow, succeeding in almost any soil and are in bloom from early summer till frost. $1\frac{1}{2}-2$ feet.

MIXED-All varieties. Pkt. 10c.

Carnation

MARGUERITE—An everblooming Carnation, blooming in 4 months from seed. Large double highly scented flowers. If protected, they survive an ordinary winter. Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.

Castor Beans

Luxuriant rapid-growing with palm-like leaves. Excellent back-grounds or center of beds of foliage plants, the effect being especially striking after the brilliant colored fruit is formed.

MIXED VARIETIES-Pkt. 10e; oz. 15c.

Celosia—Cockscomb

CHRISTATA—Has large ornamental comb-like heads of blood-red. Foliage brown. Pkt. 10c.

EMPRESS (Nana)—A most impressive cockscomb which deserves a place in every garden; prized for cutting, fresh or dried. The dwarf plants, which average 10 in. in height, have dark, bronzy foliage and huge combs of deep, velvety crimson-purple. Pkt. 10c.

TALL MIXED—Extra fine colors in a well-blended mixture. Grow 1½ ft. tall. Pkt. 10c.

GIANT PLUMED OR FINE FEATHERED COCKSCOMB—Colorful plants with long, silky plumes. Effective in beds and borders; useful for cutting. Very free blooming. 2½ to 3 ft. Pkt. 10c.

Centaurea—Cornflower

JUBILEE GEM—A dwarf form of blue Bachelor Button. Compact, tidy and covered with large blue flowers. Jubilee Gem is splendid for beds, edgings and for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE BLUE-Very large flowers, rich deep blue, good stems for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE MIXED—Also called Bachelor's Button. Very showy for the garden and fine for cutting. Easy culture. Blooms from June until frost. Pkt. 10c.

Cosmos

These tall autumn flowering plants are useful as screens and back-grounds. The flowers are borne on graceful stems suitable for cutting.

GIANT SINGLE MIXED - A mixture of pink, white and crimson

flant Single MIXED—A mixture of pink, white and crimson flowers. Pkt. 10c.

COSMOS SENSATION, Dazzler—Very rich, deep amaranth crimson. Early flowering blooming in about 12 weeks from sowing. The flowers are very large, 4 to 5 inches across, with heavy fluted petals. Height about 4 feet. By disbudding, enormous flowers can be obtained. Pkt. 10c.

Cosmos

- ORANGE FLARE (Early)—Well-branched plants, 3 ft. tall, covered with showy single golden orange flowers in 3 to 3½ months from seed, and continue to bloom until frost. Especially valuable where summers are short. Pkt. 10c.
- SENSATION—The flowers are mammoth in size, 4 to 5 inches in diameter, carried on long strong stems. It is early flowering, blooming in ten weeks from time of seeding. This mixture contains whites and shades of rose and pink. Pkt. 10c.

Dahlia

- **EXHIBITION MIXED**—Seed for this mixture is taken from large exhibition flowers. Start seed early indoors in boxes and transplant as soon as the weather is warm. Try a packet of this seed, you may get a good new variety. Pkt. 10c.
- UNWIN'S DWARF HYBRIDS—Flowers from seed in 60 days. Produces branching plants, two to three feet tall bearing semi-double flowers, three inches in diameter of pink, lavender, red, orange and other colors. Makes tubers that can be saved. Pkt. 10c.

Dianthus—Pinks

- These old-fashioned garden pinks should be found in every garden. The gay blossoms on strong stems come in a variety of rich colors, and the stripes and markings make them especially attractive. They are of easy culture and bloom from early summer until late fall.
- SINGLE MIXED—Large finely marked flowers having fringed petals. Pkt. 10c.
- **DOUBLE MIXED**—This mixture supplies an abundance of fringed double flowers of rich colors. Pkt. 10c.

Eschscholtzia—California Poppy

- These bright colored poppy-shaped flowers will make a wonderful showing in your garden.
- SUNSHINE MIXTURE—This mixture contains a good range of color.

Everlasting Flowers

MIXED — This mixture contains seed of all types and colors. Plants are ornamental in the garden and also prized for winter bouquets. Pkt. 10c.

Forget-Me-Not

- CHINESE MIXED—Graceful, loose sprays of large forget-me-not-like flowers are freely produced throughout the summer on strong plants. Splendid for garden. Of easiest culture; stands heat. Pkt. 10c.
- Charming little blue flowers highly effective in borders or masses. Fine for rock gardens. Does best in cool, moist soil. Pkt. 10c.

Four O'Clock

MIXED—A blend of all colors of showy blooms. Flowers in great profusion that open only in the afternoon or on cloudy days. Pkt. 10c.

Gypsophila—Baby's Breath

- Graceful plants of light fairy-like growth. Sprays are much in demand for cutting and combining with other flowers for bouquets and vases.
- ELEGANS ALBA—Large flowering, pure white, of free easy growth. Pkt. 10c.
- ELEGANS ROSE—A fine shade of rose. Excellent for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

Helichrysum

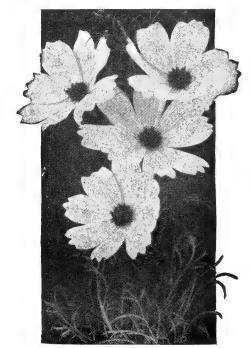
STRAWFLOWERS MIXED—This is the largest and showiest of all the everlastings. Flowers intended for drying should be gathered when the buds are partially opened and suspended with their heads downwards in a cool place. Pkt. 10c.

Hollyhock

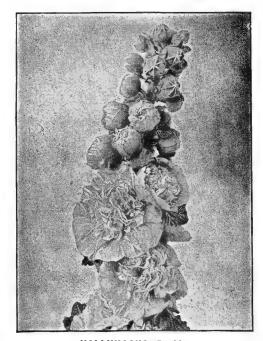
INDIAN SPRING—Hardy annual, blooming in 5 months from seed. The semi-double, crinkly edged flowers range from pale pink to crimson rose and often measure 5 inches across. If plants are cut back after the first bloom is past they will produce a second crop of blooms the same season. Height from 4 to 6 feet. Pkt. 10c.

Larkspur

- DOUBLE STOCK-FLOWERED—These are great improvements over the old type of Larkspur. By expert breeding and selection the growers improved the color and size of the blossoms and also the foliage. We urge you to give these a try.
- DOUBLE STOCK-FLOWERED LARKSPUR MIXTURE—A wonderful blend of all colors from whites to dark blues. Pkt. 10c.



COSMOS

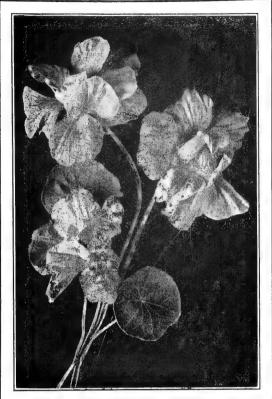


HOLLYHOCKS, Double

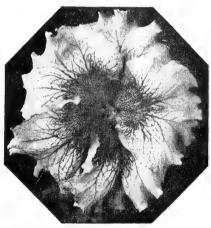


KRILIUM

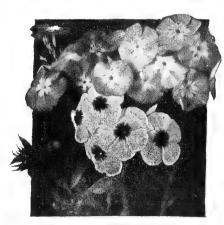
For garden and flowers: 5 lbs. will treat 40 sq. feet of soil to a depth of 6 inches or 80 sq. feet to a depth of 3 inches. 6 inch treatment is recommended for general use. 5 lb. can \$6.95.



NEW SWEET-SCENTED GOLDEN GLEAM NASTURTIUM



GIANT PETUNIA



PHLOX DRUMMONDI MIXED

The Newer Marigold

BUTTERBALL—Small canary-yellow, scabiosa-like flowers, 1½ in. across, with crested centers, completely cover the compact, bushy plants. Grow 8 in. tall. Pkt. 10c.

MARIGOLD FLASH—All America Silver Medal, 1945. The name "Flash" is descriptive of the bright combination of colors which range from vivid red through bronze with a few yellow flowers to give a harmonious contrast to the massed brilliance of the fiery alive plants. In most of the flowers the base color of tangerine is overlaid with rich marigold-red. Individual flowers of this new Single French Marigold grow 1¾ in. and more across; the plants, 18 in. tall. Pkt. 10c.

MARIGOLD WILDFIRE—18 in. This seed bearing hybrid between French and African varieties, bears single flowers which sometimes reach 3 inches in diameter, varying in color and markings on the same plant. Blooms in eight weeks from sowing, flowering until frost comes. Pkt. 10c.

HARMONY—A Dwarf French Double variety. The flowers are quite different from any other Marigold, Scabiosa-like in formation with tubular deep orange center, patels flowled by broad

ARMONY—A Dwarf French Double variety. The flowers are quite different from any other Marigold, Scabiosa-like in formation with tubular deep orange center petals flanked by broad velvet maroon-brown guard petals. Plants grow about a foot high, free blooming and extremely early. Pkt. 10c.

HARMONY HYBRIDS—Same compact growth as the Harmony type. Colors range from lemon-yellow to dark brown, many flowers have a combination of these colors, making a very striking effect. These dwarf compact plants make excellent bedding and border plants. Pkt. 10c.

bedding and border plants. Pkt. 10c.

GUINEA GOLD—A new distinct variety that has given very good results in this locality. Carnation-like petals and unusual brilliant golden colors, make this flower outstanding. It lacks the pungent odor of other African Marigolds. The plants bloom freely, and the stems are strong, making a wonderful cut flower. For best results we recommend early sowing. Pkt. 10c.

YELLOW SUPREME—A rich creamy-lemon color. A wonderful cut flower, holding its freshness for a week to 10 days. Plants are healthy, vigorous and prolific with foliage practically free from that objectionable Marigold odor. Pkt. 10c.

CHRYSANTHEMUM FLOWERED MIXED—Identical in form with the incurved Chrysanthemum. Plants prolific, strong stems, orange and yellow shades. Pkt. 10c.

BURPEE'S GOLD—Carnation flowered, deep orange color. Odorless foliage. Early flowering. An excellent cut flower. Pkt. 10c.

Pansy

One of the most popular annuals. Easy grown and flowers freely.

Can be sown early in Spring or September. They require rich soil and plenty of water.

MIXTURE-Fancy strain of giants. Pkt. 15c.

Phlox

DRUMMONDI MIXED—A mixture of many colors that make very attractive beds and continue to bloom throughout the summer.

Nasturtium

DWARF MIXTURE—We have blended a number of the best named varieties in this mixture that bloom throughout the season and give a gorgeous array of color. Pkt. 10e; oz. 20c.

TALL MIXED—A mixture of many colors. These climbing or running sorts are chiefly used for window boxes and drooping over retaining walls, which make a magnificent showing. Pkt. 10e; oz. 20c.

Double Gleam Nasturtium

The introduction of the Golden Gleam Nasturtium has created a demand for other colors in this new type of flower. The flowers come semi-double, are borne on stiff stems and delightfully fragrant. For attractive show in your garden or for bouquets indoors, you will find them unexcelled.

GOLDEN GLEAM—The flowers when fully in bloom, cover the entire plant with a blaze of golden yellow bloom. Pkt. 10c.

SCARLET GLEAM-The flowers are of a fiery orange-scarlet. Very fragrant and uniformly double and well formed. Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE GLEAM HYBRIDS—A collection of many gorgeous colors, large flowers of dazzling beauty. Pkt. 10c.

Petunia

There is no plant of easier culture for bedding, window boxes or hanging baskets than the Petunia, and few make a gayer appearance when in full bloom.

Large Flowered Petunias

ELK'S PRIDE-A mammoth, velvety purple variety. Pkt. 25c. RUFFLED GIANTS—Giant flowers of light and dark shades, fully fringed and ruffled. Pkt. 25c. **Bedding Petunias**

RADIANCE—A cerise rose with enough underlying salmon to remove harshness. The throat is golden yellow. Pkt. 25c.

WHITE KING-Snow white flowers borne profusely on sturdy vigorous plants. Pkt. 10c.

BLUE KING-A deep violet blue. Fine bedding variety. Pkt. 10c.

FLAMING VELVET—Petunia Flaming Velvet has caused a sensation because of the uniform excellence of its velvety, rich, blood-red flower. Plants grow about 15 inches in height, uniform and the flowers are large and borne in great profusion. Pkt. 16c.

ROSY MORN-A fine pink bedding variety. Pkt. 10c.

ROSE OF HEAVEN—Rich brilliant rose with white throat, darker than Rosy Morn. Pkt. 10c.

HOWARDS STAR-Crimson-Maroon with a clearly defined star of white. Pkt. 10c.

FINE BEDDING MIXED-Single varieties, all colors. Pkt. 10c.

Petunia Fire Chief

Brilliant Color: The reddest Petunia you've ever seen! Dwarf habit Free Bloomer. Hybrida Nana Compacta type.

Record Maker: All point winner since the all-Americas were founded and overwhelming choice of 20 judges, Fire Chief is the only winner for 1950. Pkt. 25c.

Balcony Petunias

BALCONY BLUE—Large flowers, rich, velvety violet. Pkt. 10c.

BALCONY RED—Single large red, trailing habit. Pkt. 10c.

BALCONY MIXED—A fine large, single flowering type used mainly for window boxes and hanging baskets. Colors white, rose and blue. Pkt. 10c. blue. Pkt. 10c.

Poppies

They should be found in every garden. Of easy culture and produce a wealth of gorgeous blooms. Sow early.

IMPROVED SHIRLEY—Very large single flowers in the newest delicate colors and combinations. Most popular of all. Pkt. 10c.

AMERICAN LEGION—Glaring rich scarlet with a white Maltese Cross in the center. Most showy of all. Pkt. 10c.

Portulaca—Moss Rose

Low growing or creeping plants six inches high, and bear glossy cup-shaped blossoms in very brilliant and gorgeous colors. They love the sunshine and do best on rather dry ground.

DOUBLE MIXED—Extra large double flowers that are especially beautiful and showy. Pkt. 10c.

SINGLE MIXED—An extra fine strain with very large blossoms and many splendid colors. Pkt. 10c.

Rock Garden Mixture

This mixture includes many of the dwarf annuals, suitable for rock garden. Contains many colors and will afford a mass of bloom all season. Pkt. 10c.

Salvia—Scarlet Sage

A well known favorite bedding plant which bears magnificent spikes of scarlet flowers from July to October.

BLAZE OF FIRE—12 in. Earliest of all. The compact plants are mounds of brilliant scarlet, starting to bloom when only a few inches tall and continuing in bloom until late fall. Pkt. 20c.

SPLENDENS—Bright scarlet flowers. Height 3 feet. Pkt. 10c.

AMERICAN or GLOBE OF FIRE—This is a dwarf type, 18 inches in height. The freest blooming and most uniform in growth. Pkt. 20c.

Scabiosa—Mourning Bride

LARGE FLOWERING DOUBLE MIXED—Also called "Pin Cushion Flower." This is a mixture of many colors having perfectly double flowers, fine for cutting as they are gracefully borne on long stems well above the foliage. Very easily grown, like plenty sun. 2 to 3 feet tall. Pkt. 10c.

Snapdragons

Everyone knows the Snapdragon. Very hardy and easy to grow, and produce an abundance of flowers from the time they begin blooming in Spring until Fall. Among the most popular flowers for

cutting.
These are superb Snapdragons, long, graceful spikes on robust plants, flowers of remarkable shades and sizes. Height 3 feet.

Giant Pink

Giant Bronze

Giant Yellow

GIANTS MIXED

Any of the above varieties. Pkt. 10c.

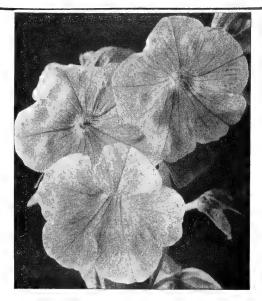
One package each of the 4 colors. 30c.

Rust-Proof Snapdragons

RUST-PROOF SNAPDRAGONS—Rust (the disease that attacks the leaves of snapdragons causing them to die) is practically eliminated in this strain. This mixture has a wide range of colors, extra long spikes, fine for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

Stocks

DWARF TEN WEEKS MIXED—This early class forms dwarf compact plants that are excellent for bedding and edgings. They bear an immense quantity of fragrant blooms, each plant forms a perfect bouquet. Pkt. 10e.



PETUNIA ROSE OF HEAVEN

FLOWERS NEED FOOD!

Feed 'em Vigoro complete plant food for beauty's sake!

Vigoro Tablets 10c Pkt.; 1 lb. pkt. 15c; 5 lbs. 53c; 10 lbs. 95c; 25 lbs. \$1.70; 50 lbs. \$2.80; 100 lbs. \$4.55.



PORTULAÇA



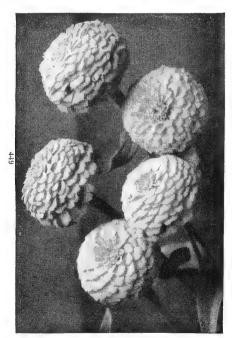
SNAPDRAGON



VERBENA



ZINNIA



ZINNIA

Cuthbertson Sweet Peas

Extremely vigorous, long stemmed, and heat resistant.

CULTURE—Early planting is advised so that they may bloom before very hot weather. Dig the soil deeply to allow deep rooting. Open a trench four to six inches deep, in which plant the seeds early in February and cover with an inch of soil and press it firmly. When up about two inches begin cultivating and gradually fill the trench until it is level. Do not allow the roots to become too dry; water at least twice a week. Be sure to gather the blooms, otherwise the vines will stop flowering. An ounce will plant 25 feet of row.

CAROL-Clear Pink. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 90c.

EVELYN-Salmon Cream. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 90c.

FRANK G.-Lavendar. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 90c.

HAZEL-Light Blue. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 90c.

JANET-White. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 90c.

.HMMY-Fine Bright Scarlet. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 90c.

CUTHBERTSON MIXED—A newly perfected variety, with long sturdy stems and large flowers. Will stand both heat and drouth. All well balanced colors. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; 1/4 lb. 80c.

SUMMER FLOWERING SPENCERS MIXED—A splendid blend of Spencer varieties grown for us by the most careful methods from proven stocks. Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼ lb. 60c.

Tithonia

TITHONIA—For great spectacular effects, a vivid background screen, a flame-flecked living green wall, no annual surpasses, or even approaches, this gorgeous Tithonia; and it is of the easiest possible culture. The plants grow to seven feet or more. The big, long-stemmed blossoms range from orange topaz through tangerine to those with burnished oversheen of scarlet fire. Pkt. 10c.

Vinca

VINCA ROSEA (Periwinkle)—Sow seed after last frost in open ground and thin to 1 foot apart or sow inside and transplant after all danger of frost is over. Seeds germinate in 10 days. Pkt. 10c.

Verbena

NEW GIANTS MIXED—A wonderful new strain of robust, compact habit, and very free blooming. Pkt. 10c.

Zinnias

ZINNIA, Cupid Type—The smallest of all. 1 ft. Compact plants of bushy habit. Each upright stem bears a flower 1 in. in diameter. Ideal for cutting and for use in miniature vases. Mixed colors. Pkt. 10c.

POM POM or LILLIPUT—Fast becoming very popular wherever seen. Fine for cutting, beds, lining borders and general garden use. Pretty type of compact, bushy growth and literally covered with small densely double flowers in perfect taste, held well above the foliage. The flowers resemble Pom Pom Dahlias in size, shape and color

CRIMSON GOLDEN GEM LILAC GEM GOLDEN GEM ROSE BUD
Any of the above varieties. Pkt. 10c.
One package each of the 5 colors, 40c.

WHITE POM-POM MIXED

Zinnia—Fantasy

The delicate, lacy petaled flowers lend an air of friendly informality to the garden of flower arrangement. Ideally suited to any decorative use, the rounded, medium-sized shaggy flowers are borne profusely on 2½ to 3-foot plants, in a wide and varied color range. Finest Mixed. Pkt. 10e.

STAR DUST—A deep golden yellow Fantasy Zinnia, resembling Cactus Dahlias. Pkt. 10c.

WILDFIRE-A rich dazzling scarlet of Fantasy Shaggy type.

NEW DAHLIA FLOWERED ZINNIA—Distinct. The flowers are of immense size and are made up of a great number of small-sized petals. The individual petals stand well apart, giving an attractive grace and looseness to the flowers. They are strong growers, blooming profusely all during the Summer.

POLAR BEAR—Very large pure white flowers of true Dahlia flower form and size; best white yet seen in Zinnias.

CRIMSON MONARCH—One of the best, with immense flowers. bright and attractive shade of crimson-scarlet. The blooms perfect form; borne in great profusion. The blooms are

EXQUISITE—The flowers resemble a large Decorative Dahlia. are a pleasing shade of reddish rose with deeper rose in the center.

GOLDEN STATE—An excellent color. Rich golden yellow, shading to orange as the flower ages. Blooms are large, of true Dahlia form.

DREAM—The large flowers are a distinct shade of deep lavender, shading to purple as they age. Very large and of fine form.

MIXED—A fine mixture of the above varieties and many others.

Any of the above varieties. Pkt. 10c.

One package each of the 5 colors, 40c.

DOUBLE GIANTS MIXED—The old-fashioned favorites, flowers of large size. Plants grow three feet tall and bear double blooms, four to six inches across. Pkt. 10c.

Window Box Mixture

A choice mixture of easily grown flowers especially suited for window boxes. The bright colors blended together produce a most beautiful and gry effect and a continuous succession of flowers throughout the season.

CULTURE—Sow seed broadcast in spring or early summer, covering lightly with soil well pressed down. Plants should be properly thinned out to prevent over-crowding otherwise they will become weak and spindly. Pkt. 10c.

WILD FLOWER GARDEN MIXTURE—A well balanced mixture of hardy annuals, suitable for planting in odd corners. Will give continuous bloom all season. Fragrant and fine for cutting. Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c.

PERENNIAL SEEDS

Y perennials we mean "hardy flowers" those that will live a number of years and will stand the Winter in this region.
A perennial border of the OLD-FASHIONED HARDY
FLOWERS, is becoming more in demand by all those who possess a love for gardening.

Most perennials can be grown from seed and many will bloom the first season if the seed is started early indoors in boxes, or in hotbeds or coldframes. Seeds can also be sown in August.

Aquilegia—Columbine

LONG-SPURRED HYBRIDS—A fine mixture including all the beautiful color combinations of the largest sized long spurred flowers. Pkt. 10c.

Campanula

BELLFLOWER SINGLE MIXTURE—A mixture of all colors of large bell-shaped flowers. This is the beautiful old-fashioned sort. Pkt.

10c.
UP AND SAUCER MIXED—All colors. Flowers resemble cups and saucers. Pkt. 10c.

Carnation

CHABAUD MIXED—Flowers 2 to 3 inches, double and many fine colors. This is the best strain of Hardy Carnations. Pkt. 10c.

Coreopsis

MAYFIELD GIANT—Fine for cut flowers, the bright yellow blooms are carried on long, stiff stems. Blooms all summer. Pkt. 10c.

Delphinium

The most popular of all perennials. The wonderful shades of blue found in these flowers make them valuable for cutting and combining with other flowers for vases and bouquets.

BELLADONA—Light blue shade found only in this variety. Pkt. 10c.

BELLAMOSA-Wonderful dark blue shade. Pkt. 10c.

GOLD MEDAL HYBRIDS—A new strain of Delphinium having magnificent spikes covered with large flowers of rare color. The plants are strong and vigorous. Pkt. 10c.

Dianthus

DIANTHUS HARDY ROCK GARDEN PINKS—Suitable plants for a rock garden, range from the tall to the dwarf trailing varieties; the former types serve to heighten the effect while the latter mats and covers the rocks and flat surfaces. Best results will be obtained by mixing the seed with quite a bulk of sandy loam which serves to scatter the seed evenly and also to cover it. Pkt. 10c.

English Daisy

BELLIS DOUBLE MIXED—All colors mixed. A low growing plant having fine double flowers early in Spring. Used for rock gardens. Pkt. 10c.

Foxglove

DIGITALIS MIXED—Old garden favorites. These produce spires of blossoms 3 to 5 feet high. Pkt. 10c.

Gaillardia

THE DAZZLER—Large golden vellow flowers with rich maroon centers, borne on long stems making this a fine cut flower. Blooms from June to October. Pkt. 10c.

Gypsophila—Baby's Breath

PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA—Sprays of small single white flowers for using in bouquets with other flowers. Pkt. 10c.

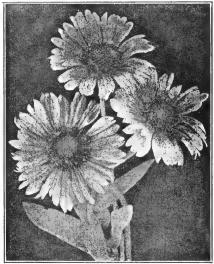
Hollyhock

Makes a charming background for the perennial border. Grows 6 to

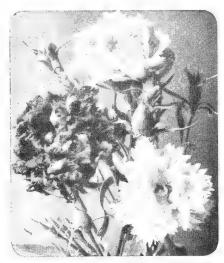
DOUBLE MIXED-Many new varieties, large flowers. Pkt. 10c.

Lathyrus—Hardy Sweet Peas

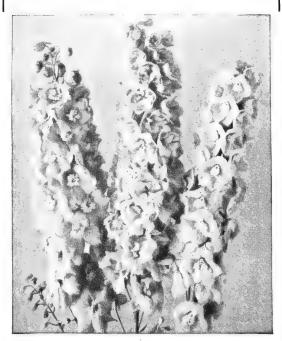
MIXED-Decorative climbing vines for fences or trellis. Good for cutting. Pkt. 10c.



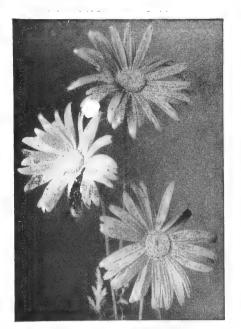
GAILLARDIA



CARNATION

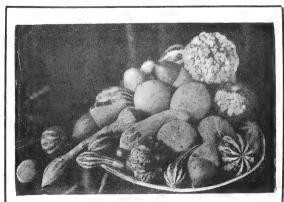


DELPHINIUM



PAINTED DAISY

SHASTA DAISY



MIXED GOURDS _

Lupines

MIXED—Having stately spikes of bloom. 2 to 3 feet tall. They require soil free from lime. Pkt. 10c.

Physalis

CHINESE LANTERN PLANT—Produces bright red balloon-like husks which resemble Chinese lanterns. Used for winter bouquets. Pkt. 10c.

Poppies

ICELAND VARIETIES MIXED—Dwarf plants of neat habit having fern-like foliage, blooming profusely the entire season. Flowers of charming shades and tints. Fine for the rock garden. Pkt. 10c.

NEW ORIENTAL GIANT HYBRIDS—A strain having all the colors and types. For attraction and gorgeous coloring the Oriental Poppies have no other rival in the garden. Pkt. 10c.

Pyrethrum—Painted Daisy

ROSEUM HYBRIDS—All shades of rose and pink. Plant blooms in May and June. Charming daisy flowers good for cutting, fine stems and lasting. Pkt. 10c.

Shasta Daisy

ALASKA—Fine border plants, large, daisy-like flowers being produced in great profusion all Summer. Flowers are white, splendid for cutting. Pkt. 10c.

Sweet William

Excellent border plants and fine for cut flowers, look well in solid beds or masses, good border plants. An old favorite.

SINGLE MIXED—Many new varieties are found in this mixture. Pkt. 10c.

DOUBLE MIXED—Wonderful range for all colors and markings, none better. **Pkt. 10c.**

Tritoma

RED-HOT POKER—Very showy, flowers of bright orange-red borne on stout 3-foot stems. Pkt. 10c.

VINES and CLIMBERS

ITH their variance in color, their beauty of foliage and blossom, their grace wherever used, these vines frequently provide the finishing touches of any planting. Some adhere to the masonry, some must be trained through lattice or trellis and others with their tendrils will cling tenaciously, unshaken by wind or weather. Visualize the effect desired and train them accordingly to cover your walls and pilasters, your lattice or trellis, the pergola or laundry posts, the porch or portico, veranda or on the fence for shade, grace or flower and let them ramble in their plenitude—objects of beauty and a pleasure to the planter.

Cardinal Climber

This is a very attractive, strong and rapid grower, attaining a height of 25 feet, with beautiful fern-like lacinated foliage and literally covered with a blaze of fiery cardinal-red flowers from mid-summer till frost. The flowers are about 1 inch in diameter and are borne in clusters five to seven blooms each. **Pkt. 10c.**

Cypress Vine

A splendid climber, with dark green, feathery foliage and an abundance of bright, star-shaped white and scarlet blossoms. Sow thickly after the middle of April. Height, 15 feet . Pkt. 10c.

Dolichos-Hyacinth Bean

A splendid climber with clusters of purple and white flowers. Grows to a height of 15 to 20 feet. Pkt. 10c.

Gourds

These are desirable in many places where an immense amount of vine is wanted quickly. The blooms of some are quite striking and handsome. With many sorts the fruit is unique and ornamental and often useful. The small fancy gourds are excellent toys for children. Pkt. 10c.

Large Fruited Mixed Pkt. 10c.

Moonflower

Beautiful rapid climbers reaching a height of 20 to 30 feet. Their luxuriant foliage affords dense shade. Start the seeds indoors about the middle of March, soaking them 5 hours in warm water first to hasten germination.

GRANDIFLORA—Large white fragrant flowers 5 inches in diameter. Very rapid grower. Pkt. 10c.

HEAVENLY BLUE—Early flowering variety. Large flowers of bright sky blue. Pkt. 10c.

Morning Glory
The "Red, White and Blue" collection. One package each of these
(3) for 25c.

SCARLETT O'HARA—All American Gold Medal Winner. This Morning Glory is entirely distinct from any other on the market. Early to bloom, a carnelian red, about 3½ inches across. Blooms until frost and stays open longer than others. Pkt. 10c.

PEARLY GATES—Enormous flower 4½ inches across, of clear shining white. Vines covered with blossoms from mid-summer to frost. Heart-shaped leaves of light green. A fast growing, crasing in number until killing frosts arrive. Pkt. 10c. vigorous vine. Pkt. 10c.

HEAVENLY BLUE—Flowers measure 3½ to 4 inches across, deep blue with white throat. They blossom profusely and for a long season, opening in the morning and facing the sun. Pkt. 10c.

CORNELL—The flowers, as large as Heavenly Blue, are an intense carnelian red with pure white border, reproducing the colors of Cornell University, presenting a very gay appearance. Growth is rapid and flowers come early, when vine is two feet tall, increasing in number until killing frosts arrive. Pkt. 10c.

Scarlet Runner Bean

SCARLET RUNNER BEAN—A rapid climber, flowering profusely; graws 10 to 15 feet high. Pkt. 10c.

GLADIOLIS BULBS

Gladioli are the most attractive and useful for cut flowers of all the Summer-flowering bulbs. Plant four to six inches apart in the row Summer-flowering bulbs. I and about four inches deep.

NOTE: We pay postage on all bulbs to the FIRST and SECOND Zones from Louisville, Ky., buyers in other zones please add postage. NO C.O.D. PLEASE.

BIT O' HEAVEN—Flaming orange with yellow throat. Tall, straight spike; 20 to 26 buds. Doz. 70c; 100 \$5.00.

BLUE BEAUTY—Light blue with edges of petals overlaid violet-blue. Large florets with 6 to 8 open at a time. Tall strong grower. Extra fine. Doz. 80c; 100 \$6.00.

ELIZABETH THE QUEEN—The best and most beautiful, clear lavender; has a touch of rose in the throat. Doz. 80c; 100 \$6.00.

ELIZABETH THE QUEEN—The best and most beautiful, clear lavender; has a touch of rose in the throat. Doz. 80c; 100 \$6.00.

MARGARET FULTON—Perfectly clear coral pink or rosy salmon with no markings, spikes are uniformly tall and straight, and the rather round floret opens well after cutting, an early bloomer. Doz. 75c; 100 \$5.50.

LEADING LADY—Creamy white with a lemon yellow throat. It is a sport of Picardy and the spike, flowers, and growing habits are identical to its parents. Doz. 80c; 100 \$6.00.

BEACON—Clear bright rose-scarlet with large cream blotch. Tall, straight spike with 8-10 well placed blooms open. Doz. 75c; 100 \$5.50.

\$5.50.

MAID OF ORLEANS—White with cream throat. Tall grower and good placement. Doz. 75c; 100 \$5.50.

MARGARET BEATON—Snowy white with small vermilion-pink blotch in the throat. Six perfectly placed flowers open on a long spike. The best of its color and should be very popular. A real wonder Glad. Doz. 75c; 100 \$5.50.

LEONA—Color rose-red. Tall wiry stem that is straight. One of the best in this color. Doz. 75c; 100 \$5.50.

LULA HUNT—Geranium pink. Very early, straight spikes. Doz. 75c; 100 \$5.50.

LULA HUNT—Geranium pink. very early, straight sping.

100 \$5.50.

GOLD DUST—Deep yellow. Doz. 70c; 100 \$5.00.

PICARDY—Shrimp-pink. Tall, good grower. One of the very best Glads in existence. Doz. 80c; 100 \$6.00.

GENERAL EISENHOWER—Brilliant begonia-rose flowers of immense size, often as much as 7½ in. across. Tall, well-filled spikes. Doz. 90c; 100 \$6.50.

RED CHARM—One of the very finest medium reds from Europe. Does well under favorable conditions. Vigorous grower. Doz. 80c; 100 \$6.00.

Does well under favorable conditions. Vigorous grower. Doz. 80c; 100 \$6.00.

TOKEN—Flaming salmon with golden yellow throat, a good early. Doz. 70c; 100 \$5.00.

SPOTLIGHT—Clean medium yellow with a small red throat blotch. Spotlight is one of the finest glads grown. Florets are of large size and are perfectly placed. It will open well and is a very good keeper. Doz. 90c; 100 \$6.50.

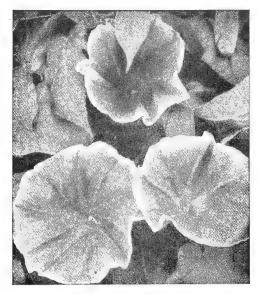
SNOW PRINCESS—A beautiful milky white with a light cream throat. Doz. 75c; 100 \$5.50.

REWI FALLU—Deep blood-red. Seven or more enormous florets open at a time. Very outstanding. Doz. 90c; 100 \$6.50.

VALERIA—Distinctive light red shade; well-placed, prettily ruffled flowers, borne on tall, stiffly erect spikes. Much desired. Doz. 80c; 100 \$6.00.

MIXTURE—Contains a large range of color. Some of the standard

MIXTURE-Contains a large range of color. Some of the types, combined with a large range of color. Some of the standard types, combined with a large number of the newer varieties, make this mixture one of the most satisfactory for the price. There is absolutely no comparison between this mixture and those offered at lower price. Doz. 50c; 100 \$3.75.



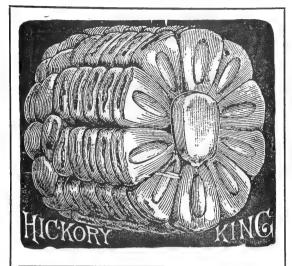
MORNING GLORY



GLADIOLUS

SEED CORN





ISOTOX 25 SEED TREATER

Isotox 25 Seed Treater is a special formulation for use in the treatment of seeds against wire worms and other soil insects. It is suitable for use in combination with most generally used fungacides. For corn, use $4\frac{1}{2}$ oz. per bushel of seed. $4\frac{1}{2}$ oz. can \$1.50.

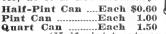


HYBRID

Insure Your Seed Corn Against Attack of CROWS and PHEASANTS

BY USING "CROW-TOX"

Put clean corn in metal container which liquid will not penetrate. Then pour "Crow-Tox" Repellent over the corn and mix thoroughly. After thoroughly mixing, put treated corn in planter. Do not use foreign substances for drying purposes, such as lime or plaster, as it is not necessary.



CanEach 1.50
(Half-pint treats one bushel)



WHITE CORNS

BOONE COUNTY TYPE—There is probably no one white corn as extensively planted as Boone County. It makes a 10- to 11-foot stalk of medium size with a fair amount of fodder. The grains are not flinty, so make good corn for feeding and milling. The ears are well filled at butt and tip; the grains are deep. Qt. 30c; ½ gal. 55c; gal. 90c; pk. \$1.60; ½ bu. \$2.75; bu. \$5.25.

90c; pk. \$1.60; ½ bu. \$2.75; bu. \$5.25.

JOHNSON COUNTY WHITE DENT TYPE—A very highly bred White Corn, of large size, containing a high percentage of oil and protein. It is medium late-maturing variety. The ears are from 9 to 11 inches in length and 7½ to 8 inches in circumference containing from 18 to 22 rows. The kernels are wedge-shape, very deep and moderately rough. The stalks grow from 9 to 11 feet in height. The rooting system is extensive, affording great facilities for gathering plant food. Qt. 30c; ½ gal. 55c; gal. 90c; pk. \$1.60; ½ bu. \$2.75; bu. \$6.25.

DIAMOND JOE TYPE—This excellent variety of corn was originated and first introduced by the Ratekin Seed House of Shenandoah, in 1905, and has been planted during this time in every section of this country where corn is grown. It has proven one of the best, most wonderful in uniform large yield and early maturity that has ever been produced. Qt. 30c; ½ gal. 55c; gal. 90c; pk. \$1.60; ½ bu. \$2.75; bu. \$5.25.

SILVER MINE TYPE is one of the greatest yielding of all the white varieties. Early to mature. It is adapted to a wide range of conditions and a great success in the north, south, east and west. Our stock is Pure. Qt. 30e; ½ gal. 55e; gal. 90e; pk. \$1.60; ½ bu. \$2.75; bu. \$5.25.

HICKORY KING TYPE—The gain is so wide and deep and the cob so small that often a single grain will cover the end of a broken cob. It has been called the Poor Man's Corn because it can be depended upon to produce a crop on poor, thin land. On good land it bears two ears to the stalk.

YELLOW CORNS

GOLD MINE TYPE—Early to mature; pure yellow; deep grain; a fine early; standard field variety. This wonderful early variety of yellow corn is widely known. It matures in 80 to 90 days. Qt. 30c; ½ gal. 55c; gal. 90c; pk. \$1.60; ½ bu. \$2.75; bu. \$5.25.

KENTUCKY YELLOW DENT TYPE—A large eared early maturing Yellow Dent Corn. For hog feeding. Kentucky Yellow Dent grows a rugged stalk of medium height, producing ears 9 to 12 inches in length. Ears are well filled out with solidly set kernels, rich in oil. Matures in 100 to 115 days. Qt. 30c; ½ gal. 55c; gal. 90c; pk. \$1.60; ½ bu. \$2.75; bu. \$5.25.

REID'S YELLOW DENT TYPE—Has a long and honorable record for dependability, good yields and generally satisfactory crops. A big yielder on good loam and heavy land, making ears that average 9 to 10 inches long with 18 to 24 rows to ear, well filled out at butt and tip. Grains are wedge-shaped, and rows are so close that there is practically no waste space between rows. Qt. 30c; ½ gal. 55c; gal. 90c; pk. \$1.60; ½ bu. \$2.75; bu. \$5.25.

ENSILAGE CORNS

ENSILAGE TYPE—Southern Prolific and Eureka. It is of strong and vigorous growth, attaining a height of 13 to 15 feet, yields an unusually heavy growth of fodder and usually bears 2 ears to the stalk. Qt. 30c; ½ gal. 55c; gal. 95c; pk. \$1.65; ½ bu. \$2.90; bu. \$5.50.

HYBRID CORNS

WE OFFER HYBRID SEED CORN ADAPTED
TO THIS SECTION

HYBRID YELLOW DENT

Plants are tall, stand well for late harvest, are quite tolerant to chinch bugs and drouth. The ears are somewhat slender heavy utility type, medium hard starch with high shelling percentage.

KY. GROWN—Qt. 45c; ½ gal. 85c; gal. \$1.40; pk. \$2.55; ½ bu. \$4.75; bu. \$9.00

FARCRAFT—IND. GROWN—Qt. 50c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal. 90c; gal. \$1.60; pk. \$2.90; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$5.50; bu. \$10.50.

HYBRID WHITE DENT

Plants are medium tall, with heavy root system and heavy blight resistant leaves. Large cylindrical ears on strong shanks with grain of medium hard starch type, much superior to Johnson County.

KY. GROWN—Qt. 55e; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal. 90e; gal. \$1.55; pk. \$2.80; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu. \$5.25; bu. \$10.00.

FARMCRAFT—IND. GROWN—Qt. 65c; ½ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.75; pk. \$3.15; ½ bu. \$6.00; bu. \$11.50.

THE ABOVE PRICES are F.O.B. Louisville, Ky., if wanted by parcel post sufficient postage should be added.



PRICES SUBJECT TO MARKET CHANGES

KOREAN LESPEDEZA

It is an annual, reseeds indefinitely although closely grazed. For a year round pasture sow a mixture of Korean Lespedeza, orchard and Red Top. We believe KOREAN is the best variety yet discovered for Kentucky. 100 lbs. \$28.00.

KOBE LESPEDEZA

A variety similar to Korean, but larger, heavier and a little later. Excellent for hay or pasture. 100 lbs. \$34.00.

SERICEA PERENNIAL LESPEDEZA

SERICEA PERENNIAL LESPEDEZA—A drought-resistant variety which is rapidly becoming popular in the South. Sericea is primarily a hay crop that will thrive on poor, acid soils where red clover and alfalfa are not profitable. Prepare the seed bed well for Sericea. Use as much care as with Alfalfa. Broadcast 20 to 25 pounds per acre during March and April. 100 lbs. \$40.00.

BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL

BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL—A legume equally useful as a hay or pasture crop. Attains a height from 12 to 30 inches, with bright yellow blossoms. Grows well in acid soil too low in fertility and cold for Alfalfa and Red Clover. Sow four to five pounds per acre—One to three pounds in a mixture. Mixed with alfalfa is not recommended. \$1.00 per pound.

LADINO CLOVER

CERTIFIED LADINO CLOVER—This so-called improved White Dutch Clover is rapidly gaining popularity. Sow 2 to 3 pounds per acre. Lb. \$1.30. UNCERTIFIED LADINO \$1.10.

RED CLOVER

KENLAND RED CLOVER (Certified)—The most outstanding characteristic of Kenland is that it is longer lived than other strains, having maintained good stands into the third year or second harvest year. \$38.75 bu.

Kenland RegisteredBu. \$40.00 Kenland AffadavitBu. 33.00

RED CLOVER—The standard soil improver as well as a bountiful feed plant, both for pasturage and hay. Can be sown in the Spring from February 15th to April 1st; also in the Fall months. Sow 8 to 10 pounds to the acre. If you have been failing to get a stand of this valuable crop, be sure and use a heavy coat of lime, this will assist you in getting a big crop. Bu. \$25.50.

MAMMOTH or SAPLING CLOVER

MAMMOTH OR SAPLING CLOVER—Similar to red clover, both in appearance of seed and its habit of growth, but larger, heavier and a little later. Considered more valuable as a soil improver on account of its extra growth. Sow 8 to 10 lbs. to the acre and try "Nitragin" (Inoculation) on a portion of your field and see the difference. Bu. \$25.50.

ALSIKE CLOVER

ALSIKE CLOVER-Not as rank in growth as red clover, but grows on account of it not being as early as red clover it is better suited to be sown with timothy, red top and other grass mixtures. It makes very fine hay and does excellent for grazing purposes. Sow 6 to 8 pounds to the acre. Bu. \$26.00.

ALFALFA

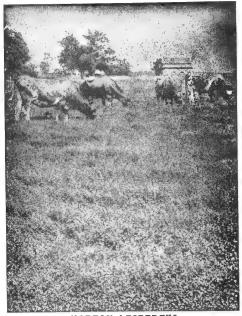
ALFALFA—When once established Alfalfa has no equal as a hay producer—three to four cuttings in a season, the yield averaging from 4 to 6 tons per acre. It is a true leguminous perennial and sends down into the subsoil long tap roots. It does best on a rich loose limestone soil, with porous subsoil, but thrives on most soils. It is one of the best forage crops, as it contains very high food values; as a soil enricher it is extremely valuable. Sow from 20 to 30 lbs. per acre.

Utah Grimm Bu. 24.50 Oklahoma Certified Buffalo Bu. 33.00 Certified Atlantic Bu. 40.50

BOKHARA or SWEET CLOVER

BOKHARA OR SWEET CLOVER—Used extensively in this section for the restoration of depleted and worn out soil. Its value is unlimited for this purpose. It is also a very desirable forage plant. When young, resembles in growth alfalfa, but develops into a tree-like plant, growing four to six feet high, and has a feed value equal to that of alfalfa, when properly cut and cured. It also serves to inoculate the ground to be followed with alfalfa. Sow 12 to 15 pounds to the acre in Fall or Spring.

Hulled Yellow BlossomBu. \$9.50 Standard Sweet CloverBu. 9.50



KORFAN LESPEDEZA

OVER FIFTY YEARS OF SERVICE

When ordering, Always state name of seed.

COMBINATION (AB) SOYBEANS (S)

1 bu. ea.\$.55 Navy, Pinto, Wax, String, Kidney and Great Northern CLOVERS (B)

Red, Alsike, Crimson, White and Ladino.

Swt., Bur, Hubam Clover BEANS (D) 1 bu. ea.55

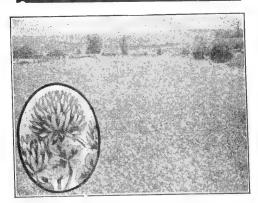
PEANUTS, bu. (Ladino) each\$ 18 1 bu. ea.\$.55 2 bu. ea.\$.40

SPECIAL CULTURES—
Give name of seed when ordering. Birdsup to 100 lbs.) ..\$.55

PEAS, (C)
VETCHES (All But Crown)
100 lb. size (Inoculates up to 100 lbs.) ea.\$.50

The state of the st SPECIAL CULTURES-

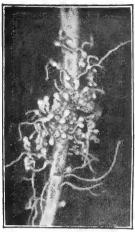
GARDEN SIZE—Peas, Beans, Sweet Peas, Lupines, Lima Beans and Edible Soybeans. Enough for 8 lbs. seed — Retail Price 15c each



RED CLOVER

GRASS SEEDS





Young ALFALFA root with nodules produced by NITRAGIN inoculation. NITRAGIN bacteria within the nodules aid in producing higher protein hay, increased yields, and richer soil



RED CLOVER root with nodules produced by NITRAGIN inoculation. NITRAGIN bacteria within the nodules aid in producing higher protein hay, increased yields, and richer soil.



SOYBEAN root with nodules produced by NITRAGIN inoculation. NITRAGIN bacteria within the nodules aid in producing higher protein hay, more soybeans and richer soil.

OUR SEEDS

are Tested for Vitality and Purity

and properly tagged in accordance with the Kentucky Seed Laws.

Prices fluctuate, write for prices. We try to ship orders

within a day after we receive them.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

- BROME GRASS—A hardy perennial for permanent pastures and one of the best for dry soils. Has a strong root system and withstands extremes of cold and drouth. Makes excellent pasture, sowing 15 lbs. Brome with 8 lbs. Alfalfa, per acre. Yields much more than Timothy—Alfalfa by the third year. Broome starts very early in spring. Sown alone, broadcast 25 lbs. per acre. Drought resistant. Cattle like Brome exceedingly well. 100 lbs. \$40.00.
- KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS—Fancy recleaned seed. It succeeds well on most fertile soils in the Central and Northern States. It grows slowly at first, but makes a thick, compact turf if properly cared for after sowing. For pasture sow about 2 bushels per acre. Bu. \$8.90.
- ORCHARD GRASS—Very fast growing grass. It starts very early in the Spring and will afford an abundance of excellent pasturage all through the season. It is inclined to grow in clumps and is benefited by pasturage. If not pastured too close, it is possible to cut two crops in a single season. It is adapted to most any soil except very low, wet ground. Sow early in the Spring or in Fall. Sow from 1½ to 2 bushels per acre. Bu. \$4.00.
- RED TOP OR HERD GRASS—A very valuable grass for the farm with low, moist soil; however, will thrive well on uplands. It spreads and thickens from year to year and will gradually supplant other grasses; it is one of the finest grasses for hillsides or land likely to wash. Fancy Recleaned seed. 100 lbs. \$52.00.
- TIMOTHY—Makes the most nutritious and salable hay of all grasses; however, not extra good for pasture, as it is injured by close cutting or grazing. It thrives best on low, heavy soil and will do well on most any fertile land. Good results are obtained if mixed with red top, mammoth clover, alsike, or some other grass maturing at same time. Sow one peck to acre. Per Bu. \$9.50.
- RYE GRASS—In Kentucky, rye grass may be sown either in the fall or in the spring, but it appears that fall seedings produce considerably more pasture and hay than spring seedings. Fall seeding should be done before the middle of September, if possible, so that the grass may enter the winter with a good growth. Twenty pounds of seed to the acre is sufficient, if properly sown, to produce a heavy stand. If sown in a mixture or for a nurse crop, ten to fifteen pounds is sufficient. 100 lbs. \$12.00
- PASTURE MIXTURE—Contains Clovers, Grasses and Lespedeza that should make permanent pasture and furnish continuous grazing. 100 lbs. \$15.00.
- SWEET SUDAN GRASS—Developed by the Texas Station and the U. S. Dept. of Agr. Sweet Sudan is sweet, juicy, and more palatable to livestock, than is ordinary Sudan. The seed of sweet Sudan is reddish brown. It is resistant to disease and does not shatter easily. Later than common Sudan, hence produces more growth! The leaves are broader, and the stalks taller and heavier. Sow 25 to 35 lbs. per acre. 100 lbs. \$20.00.
- DWARF ESSEX RAPE—The Economical Pasture Crop, Fattens Sheep Without Grain—A quick and cheaply grown pasturage for sheep, hogs, cattle and poultry. Ready in 6 to 8 weeks from sowing. Sow it as early as possible—late March or early April is not too late. Three or four pounds plant an acre in drills; six to eight pounds broadcast. Lb. 25c; 10 lbs. \$2.10; 100 lbs. \$20.00.
- MILLET—Southern German Type—One of the most valuable quick-growing hay crops in cultivation. It can be sown May first to the latter part of July and will produce a fine crop in 6 to 8 weeks. If sown thick and cut when in bloom it makes a very fine nutritious hay. Our seed stock of this is Tennessee grown and makes much heavier yield than western seed. Bu. \$9.00.
- BUCKWHEAT—JAPANESE TYPE A week earlier and larger-grained than Silver Hull. A good yielder. \$3.50.



NEW IMPROVED CERESAN for Wheat, Oats, Barley—4 oz. 50c; 1 lb. tin \$1.30; 4 lbs. \$4.35. (4 oz. treats 8 bushels)

SUNFLOWER—Mammoth Russian—It is immensely productive and can be raised cheaper than corn. Seeds are very valuable for poultry feed; especially when moulting. Lb. 35e; 10 lbs. \$3.00.

CANE FOR FEED ONLY

EARLY ORANGE TYPE—This is an old variety, very popular in some sections. Makes large growth and forms loose heads. Pk. \$2.65; bu. \$9.50.

SEED OATS

- CLINTON OATS—Don't pass up Clinton Oats this year! Clinton produces a plump, thin hulled grain, about six pounds heavier per bushel than old varieties, and it grades high on the market, giving you oats of maximum feeding value. Clinton has received much praise in farm and agricultural papers and we believe you will like it immensely. Disease Resistant, Heavy Test Weight, Stiff Straw, Bigger Yield, Does Not Lodge, Wide Adaptability. Bu. \$1.85.
- COLUMBIA TYPE—Our seed stock of this popular variety is recleaned and northern grown. Bu. \$1.85.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

FESCUE

CERTIFIED KENTUCKY 31 FESCUE—It is very hardy, makes good leafy growth and stays green throughout the season. Makes fine pasture and hay. 100 lbs. \$32.00.

KY. 31 FESCUE—It is very hardy, makes good leafy growth and stays green throughout the season. Makes fine pasture and hay. 100 lbs. \$24.00.

COW PEAS

MIXED — These can be profitably used for fertilizing purposes, or hay, and can be purchased at slightly lower prices than straight stocks. Bu. \$7.00.

The Legume Seeds You Plant Will Produce Better Crops If Inoculated

ALFALFA CLOVER PEAS BEANS



SOYBEANS COW PEAS LESPEDEZA All Legumes

SOY or SOJA BEANS

They make poor land good — They make good land better



LINCOLN TYPE-Yellow variety, for beans. Bu. \$4.50; 10 bu. \$4.45.

WABASH—New yellow variety, about 5 to 10 days later than Lincolns. Don't shatter, will hold in pods longer than any other bean. Very good oil bean. Heavy yielder, medium tall; one of the best new beans out. A Purdue University bean. Give this new bean a trial. Bu. \$4.50; 10 bu. \$4.45.

WILSON EARLY BLACK TYPE—A very prolific variety, and one of the best where a quick, early variety is desired. Average height on good land is about three feet. It was found to mature in about 115 days, to stand up well, make pods a good distance from the ground and retains its seed. Bu. \$5.00; 10 bu. at \$4.90.

DO YOU GET IT?

The helpful SPECIALTY CATALOGUE of Farm Equipment and Supplies issued by Our Implement Department? Send us your name and address — we will gladly mail you one FREE.

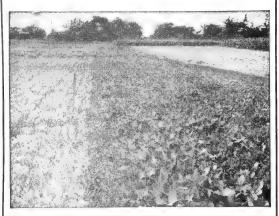
FOR FALL PLANTING

RYE – WHEAT – OATS BARLEY CRIMSON CLOVER – VETCH

Fall prices will be quoted about August 1st. Let us know your requirements.



Spray With Gold Bear Weed Killer And Get Cleaner Crops.



Eastern Experimental Station Soybean Field. Left, not inoculated, right, inoculated with NITRAGIN.



SOYBEAN FIELD near Spencer, Ohio
One drill row thru center not inoculated. Remainder
of field inoculated with NITRAGIN.



EFFECT OF WINTER COVER CROP ON CORN

The corn on the right was grown without a cover crop, that on the left followed a winter cover crop inoculated with NITRAGIN.



PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

ELIMINATE WEEDS AND HARVEST MORE PROFITS



"40" (LIQUID) AMINE BASE

Proper timing of your application is very important in getting the best results. Weeds must always be growing actively to get a good kill. It is generally best too, to spray while weeds are small and before the bud stage. Spraying should be avoided during hot humid days.

Most generally used for weeds and vines in corn fields,

1 gal. can \$6.05; 5 gal. can \$28.60; 55 gal. drum \$5.40 per gal.

CROP AND WEEDS	Quantity to Use
*Annual weeds in corn and sorghum	1 pint per acre
*Oats, barley and spring wheat	½ to 1½ pints per acre
*Winter wheat	1 to 2 pints per acre
Pasture and turf areas	3 pints per acre

^{*}Gold Bear Brand "40" should not be used if legumes are seeded in small

"44" (LIQUID) ESTER BASE

For those difficult-to-kill weeds, Gold Bear Brand "44" has provided the answer. It is an ester formulation that penetrates plant tissues more quickly and is not readily washed off by rain. Gold Bear Brand "44" controls such persistent weed pests as wild onions, poison ivy and cottonwood.

Most widely used in this section to control wild onions in small grain crops and orchard grass. Generally for the best kill apply late in February or early March when onion growth becomes active. Apply at rate of 1 to 11/2 pints per acre. DO NOT USE IF LEGUMES ARE SEEDED IN GRAIN. 1 gal. can \$6.35; 5 gal. can \$30.10.

WOODY PLANT CONTROL LOW VOLATILE ESTER BASE

Contains 20% of 2, 4-D, 10% of 2, 4, 5-T. Highly recommended for fence rows, briars or any hard to kill woody plants.

Is not harmful to livestock when used in pastures. 1 qt. can \$2.80; 1 gal. can. \$7.90; 5 gal. can \$38.35.

GOLD BEAR 55

Contains 4 lbs. of low volatile Ester 2-4-5-T per gallon. For foliage, tall woody or stump treatment. Combine with diesel oil or water for application. Most effective as dormant spray. \$16.40 per gallon. For foliage, tall

WARNING!

GOLD BEAR 44, 55 and WOODY PLANT CONTROL are ester formula-tions and like all "esters" may drift. Do not use near crops suscep-tible to 2, 4-D. Vapor drift is greatest in hot, humid weather. Never use ester formulation near flowers or vegetables. Always clean sprayer after using weed killer if you use sprayer for other purposes.

Look Over Our Complete Line of Sprayers and Dusters For Your Weed Killing and Insecticide Uses. On Pages 35-38.



Valve will lock open for continuous spraying. Price \$22.40



ND-0-WEED — ½ Pint Can 98c; Quart Can \$2.69; Packet 25c; Side Sprayer 49c.

ACME WEED KILLER Directions for Use



Spraying Weeds
-For killing weeds
- cinder drive-WEED WAYS, paths, ditches, clay courts, fence rows, and waste places, use Weed Killler at 1 to 50 dilution and spray thoroughly both weeds and ground. In cultivated fields for the control of morning glory and certain other weeds, use at a dilution of 1 to 100 gallons of water. Use fifty gallons of diluted spray to cover 50 square yards. Application on warm foggy days in the fall of the year gives best results. Repeat application if necessary.

year gives best result plication if necessary.

Pint 65c; Quart 90c

T. C. A. 90% SODIUM WEED KILLER

Directions for Use

For control of certain grasses, such as Johnson grass, Bermuda grass, and Quack grass.

For Johnson grass use 1 lb. to 1 gallon of water, which will cover approximately 300 sq. feet.

Will sterilize soil for about 60 days or longer duration will vary with type of soil and soil moisture. 10 lb. can

MYERS FRONT MOUNTED TRACTOR SPRAYER

Easily Mounted on Tractor

Designed for low pressure weed spraying, 20 to 100 lbs. Built in three boom sizes: 30 ft., 21. ft., 14 ft.

The Myers Front Mounted Tractor Sprayer is designed to meet all weed spraying requirements for pastures, grain fields, fence rows, corn fields, right-of-way spraying, etc.

PREMIUM SEEDS

HUDSON SPRAYERS AND DUSTERS

Compressed Air Sprays

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

This Hudson Inner Seal Simplex Spray has many added features. Large oval opening 3\%\ x4\%\ inches provides ease in filling. The tank is 7\%\ inches in height and has a 4 gallon capacity. Tested to 100 pounds pressure. It has a 1\%\ 12 inch wide, thick heavy carrying strap with a 3\%\ 10 inch rubber backed felt pad. Packed complete with 30 inch rubber backed felt pad. Packed complete with 30 inch hose, 2\%\ inch brass extension tube, threaded at both ends. Four spray disc provides for any type spray, Flat Fan, Solid or Hollow Cone and Stream.

and Stream.



310-G-Galvanized Tank\$13.20

335-S-Stainless Steel Tank 21.60

No. 341-G-Has all the features of the above Sprayers but is 2¾ gallon size. Each\$11.20

No. 291-G-The Hudson 291-G Funnel Top is simple and convenient. It features the most practical and the safest three point cam top ever built into a compression sprayer. The pump threads quickly into a rugged brass collar for tight sealing. Has 3½ gallon tank, 24 inch hose, 22 inch brass extension spray tube, threaded at both ends, and three spray disc for any spray for Fog, Flat Fan to Solid Stream. Each.................\$7.60

No. 220B, BUGWISER-Same as 291G except has a 21/4 gallon

No. 3704 Sunshine Wheelbarrow Sprayer has 15 gallon galvanized tank, cushion tire, and pressure tank. Agitator cleans intake screen at each stroke. Recommended for white washing. Has 6 feet of 3/6 inch high pressure spray hose, 2½ feet of ½ inch steel extension tube, threaded at both ends. Brass angle spray nozzle with three spray disc for any spray from fog to Price

No. 9 Favorite—The world's finest and lightest 1\% gal. Compression sprayer. The women will like this sprayer, it is so easy to use, has 5 ft. Koroseal plastic spray hose. Adjustable spray nozzle from a fine mist through fine, medium, coarse and long distance spray. Wt. 7\/\frac{1}{4} lbs. Each................\$9.90



HUDSON DUSTERS

Hudson Flame Sprayer No. 711 has the Hudson Simplex inner seal for safety, 4 gallon open top tank, large oval opening for easy filling, 3% inch high pressure chemical proof hose, 5 feet long threaded to 1/4 inch steel discharge pipe. er No. 711 has the Hudson Simplex in-



MURALINA CONTINUOUS SPRAYERS

Capital 438-3 qt. size, large 11/4 inch screw cap. Heavy tin plate. Each\$3.30

Cardinal 436—3 qt. size. Recommended for dairy barns and milk houses. Each \$2.30

Mercury 433—1 qt. size. Has "2 Spray" nozzle for mist or stream. Each \$1.50



	Vapor Sprayer 222-Pint size.
	Each
Handy Sprayer 440-Qt. size.	Each
Super Rapid 409-2 qt. size.	Each 1.40
Super Misty 444-1 qt. size.	Each
Super Fog 333-1 pt. size.	Each
Misty No-Drip 403-1 qt. size	e. Each
Fog No-Drip 303—1 pt. size.	Each

122 HUDSON BUCKET PUMP SPRAYER

Provides an inexpensive means for quick spraying in garden, dairy barns and for whitewashing. Has extra high foot rest so as to fit 16 quart bucket. Has % inch hose; three feet long with 24 inch threaded ½ inch iron pipe and brass angle spray nozzle with three spray disc. Price.......\$8.30

SPRAY HOSE

3/8	in.	Kem-Oil	250	lb.	Pressure.	Red, Per Foot\$0.271/2
$\frac{1}{2}$	in.	Kem-Oil	450	lb.	Pressure,	Green, Per Foot\$0.30

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF HUDSON REPAIR PARTS

SUPPLIES AND REQUISITES

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE



Germaco Hotkaps

Protect Plants For Profit

GERMACO HOTKAPS can make you extra dollars this season. They protect plants from frost, wind, rain, insects and ground crusting. Thus they produce hardier, quicker crops. You get highest prices! Prices: 1.000 lots \$18.35; 5,000 lots \$18.20 per M; 10,000 lots \$18.05 per M; 25,000 lots, \$17.90 per M; 250 Trial Package including Garden Setter \$5.90; 100 Home Package including Garden Setter \$3.15; postage extra.

Home Garden Package-25 HOT-KAPS with setter—95c. Postage Extra—Weight 2 lbs.

SHEEP MANURE

This concentrated weedless, soilbuilding manure puts new life and beauty into all plants. It produces thick, velvety-green lawns, beautiful flowers and shrubs and big crops of crisp, delicious vegetables, Everybody can get results because it does not burn plants and is easy to apply. For lawns and gardens use 10 pounds to 100 sq. ft. Simply broadcast as you would sow seed. Rake into the surface soil around established plants.

5 lbs. 40c; 25 lb. \$1.40; 50 lbs. \$2.25.

VERTAGREEN



1 lb. pkg. 15c; 5 lb. pkg. 53c; 10 lb. pkg. 95c; 25 lb. bag \$1.70; 50 lb. bag \$2.80; 100 lb. bag \$4.55.

HOT BED GLASS

8x10 glass per box of 90 lights \$9.00.

VIGORO SPREADERS

Fertilize and seed your lawn the easy way with Vigoro Spreaders. Your choice of 4 sizes to fit the size of your lawn. You are assured an even distribution of seed or fertilizer by following directions on Spreaders.



Model "B" on steel, Spreading width 16 in., capacity 15 lbs\$6.85
Model "B" on rubber\$10.45
Junior Model, on rubber, Spreading width 16 in. capacity 50 lbs\$12.50
Standard Model, on rubber, Spreading width 24 in., capacity 80 lbs\$40.00
Special on rubber, 110 lb. cap\$52.50



Plant Labels

Pot Labels	Per 100
4 in. Pot Labels	\$0.40
6 in. Pot Labels	50
8 in. Pot Labels	65
12 in. Pot Labels	1.25
8 in. Garden Labels	1.2 5
12 in. Garden Labels	2.15
3½ in. Copper Wired	
Tree Labels	50

VIGORO

1 lb. 15c, 5 lbs. 53c, 10 lbs. 95c, 25 lbs. \$1.70, 50 lbs. \$2.80, 100 lbs. \$4.55. Vigoro Tablets 10c pkt.

FOR BETTER LAWNS



Bemis EROSIONET is a strong, economical, open-mesh fabric. When placed over any seeded surface, its ¼-inch square mesh forms millions of tiny dams which catch and hold your seed and sod firmly in place. Thus, damaging "washouts" from heavy rains are effectively checked without cutting off the sunlight sunlight.

sunlight.
Erosionet also catches and holds moisture. It helps overcome seed losses and lawn disappointments from poor germination.
Bemis Erosionet comes in rolls 45" wide. A few minutes calculation enables you to purchase just the right amount without waste. Erosionet is quickly and easily laid. 21c per yard. Ask for prices on large lots.



half bushel.

Horn Seed Sower

BRASS SEED GAUGE Patented

Has a patented seed gauge, constructed of brass, that will never rust. In fact, it is this gauge that has made this seeder so popular. It is very accurate and dependable and is attached to a heavy sectional tin tube. The canvas bag holds about one

Price \$1.60 each.

DO YOU GET IT?

The helpful SPECIALTY CAT-ALOGUE of Farm Equipment and Supplies issued by Our Implement Department? Send us your name and address-we will gladly mail you one FREE.

Cyclone Broadcast Seed Sower



THE CYCLONE will sow practically all kinds of seeds that are sown broadcast, such as clovers, grasses, wheat, oats, rye, millet, turnips, etc., and the flow of seeds can be regulated so as to sow just the quantity you want to sow to the acre. \$4.30.

E.T.X. FABRIC CEMENT -- Especially adapted for the repair and patching of awnings, canvas, tarpaulins, overalls, and all clothing and leather materials. Cloth bags. Qt.

NEW

All natural rubber vegetable bunching bands. Sizes 14-16. Price per lb. \$1.75.



SPRAYS AND DUSTS



ARSENATE OF LEAD-Highly toxic to chewing insects on fruits, vegetables, flowers and shrubs. Does not burn tender foliage. 1-lb. 72c; 4-lb. bag \$1.80. We can make attractive prices on larger quantities.

ACME ROTENONE GARDEN GUARD

Don't let bugs have your vegebles. Dust or spray with Garden uard and enjoy the fruits of your tables. Guard toil. The killing ingredient is Rotenone—non-injurious to humans and warm blooded animals. Furthermore, Rotenone is very effective as it acts both as a contact and stomach poison against a wide range of insects.

1 lb. sifter carton 50c; 4 lb. bag \$1.00



"BLACK LEAF 40" kills plant lice on roses, shrub-bery, fruits and vegetables. A con-centrated solution

to contain not less than 40 per cent of nicotine. 1-oz. bottle 36c; 5-oz. \$1.05; 1 lb. \$2.42; 2 lbs. \$4.15; 5 lbs.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE-This wellknown fungicide prevents and controls fungus diseases on applies, grapes, potatoes, tomatoes, currants, raspberries and other crops. 1-lb. bag 50c; 4-lb. bag \$1.35.

CHLORDANE DUST OR SPRAY

Contains 6% Chlordane

For use in the control of grasshoppers, ants, roaches and certain insects on turfs and crops. For the control of ants in the lawn, this material may be applied as a dust at the rate of about 8 to 12 ounces per 1000 square feet, or as a spray, at the rate of about 3 to 5 ounces (12-19 level tablespoons) in one gallon of water For the control per 400 square feet. of ants and roaches, this material may be lightly dusted in cracks and crevices where pests harbor and multiply. Make light applications as needed. When applying this material for ants and roaches, be sure to avoid having it come in contact with food or food utensils. 1 lb. can 55c; 4 lb. bag \$1.55.

TOBACCO STATES HOME ORCHARD FRUIT SPRAY

For apples, peaches, pears, plums, grapes or cherries.

TREE (Spray FRUIT Dust)complete fruit tree spray or dust. A scientific blend of insecticides and fungicides, wetting agents, in micro particle size. Controls all diseases and insects. Nothing else needed. 2 lbs. \$1.10; 5 lbs. \$2.25.

POMO-GREEN Dust or Spray

FOR USE IN THE CONTROL OF Black Spot, Powdery Mildew, Aphis, Rose Chafer, Japanese Beetle, Leafroller, Leaf Hopper, Red Spider, and Many Other Chewing and Sucking Insects and Diseases. Leaf Green in Color. A Combined Insecticide and Fungicide. 1 lb. can \$1.00.

TRI-OGEN All-Purpose Spray

Especially recommended for roses, Especially recommended 101 1000, asters, snapdragons, carnations, holly-hocks, delphiniums, phlox, chrysanthemums, zinnias, golden glow, themums, zinnias, golden dahlias, and many other plants.

E Kit (makes 8 quarts).....\$1.50

A. Small Kit (makes 16 quarts)....\$2.35 Protects 12 to 20 roses for season.

B. Medium Kit (makes 64 qts.).....\$6.00 Protects 50 to 80 roses for season.

C. Large Kit (makes 32 gallons)..\$9.00 Protects 100 to 160 roses for season.

REDI-MIX WARFARIN

Place 2 oz. to 1 lb. of REDI-MIX WARFARIN where rats are known to feed. Protect from children, pets and livestock. Never let bait station remain empty more than 48 hours. BAITING MUST BE CONTINUOUS UNTIL COMPLETE LACK OF FEEDING IS NOTED—USUALLY 5 to 14 days.

WARFARIN RAT KILLER (Concentrate). Because Warfarin acts so slowly, rats do not develop bait shyness and therefore whole colonies can be wiped out. Relatively safe to handle. So powerful that 1 part Warfarin must be added to 19 parts of suitable must be added to 19 parts of suitable bait, such as cornmeal or oatmeal. ½ pound treats the average farm. 4/5 oz. 52c; ¼ lb. \$1.75; ½ lb. \$3.00; 1 lb. \$5.00.

K-R-O

KILLS RATS ONLY (Without Poison)

K-R-O—Simply mix with ground raw beef or fish. 2-oz. can (will make 2 lbs. of bait) 75c.

K-R-O — Ready-Mixed — This is K-R-O powder mixed with an attractive bait ready to use. 40 gram can 35c.

LIME SULPHUR-(Dry)-For use in dormant spraying against scale, peach blight, leaf curl and twig borer. Summer spraying against scab, soot, blotch, red spider and mite. 1 lb. 60c; 5 lbs. \$2.50; 10 lbs. \$2.75.

LIME SULPHUR SOLUTION quid form of Lime Sulphur. Gal. \$1.00; 5 gal. \$4.00.

MELON DUST—For the control of the Striped Cucumber Beetles and many other insects. 1 lb. and 5 lbs.

NICO-FUME POWDER — Pressure-Fumigator — "Nico-Fume" Powder will now be packed in special cans, hermatically sealed. Two eyelets are scored on opposite sides of each can, near the top. A special lighter (a small "sparkler") is attached to the can. 1-lb. can 75c; ½-lb. can 45c.

BENZO FUME PRESSURE FUMI-GATOR—1-lb. can 50c; ½-lb. can 30c.

SULPHUR-(Agricultural) Used on cut seed potatoes and dusting on plants to control fungus diseases and insects. 50-lb. bag. \$2.25.

PARIS GREEN - A rich, emerald color and of fine fluffy physical char-Containing 55% arsenious acter. oxide, it will give quickest control where extreme measures are neces-1 lb. 75e; 2 lbs. \$1.40; 5 lbs. sarv. \$3.35.

"75" ROTENONE GARDEN DUST AND SPRAY

We have the above GRALA General "75" Rotenone Dust with 3% DDT added to make it more effective. 2 lbs. 65c; 4 lb. Pkg. \$1.10; 50 lbs. \$8.50.



Is an ideal insecticide for the home garden. Dust or spray. The killing ingredient is Rotenone — non-injurious to human and warm blooded animals. Acts both as contact and stomach poison against a wide range of insects.

2 lb. Pkg. 50e; 4 lb. Pkg. 85c.

BLACK PANTHER DUST is ranther DUST is the rotenone supreme. Kills Mexican bean beetles and certain other insects. It is a successful blend of rotenone and other completely non-poisonous active ingredients. 1 lb. can 40c; 4 lb. bag

RED AR-OW—Non-ROW—Non-poisonous, kills by contact, will



contact, Will
not burn or pyrethrum derris sdap)
stain tenderest foliage, ounce will make 4 to 8
gals. spraying solution. For bean
beetle one ounce to 3 or 4 gals. Oz.
35c; 4 ozs. \$1.00; 1 pt. \$2.85; 1 qt. \$5.00; 1 gal. \$18.20.

ACME TOMATO DUST—A general garden insecticide with emphasis on better tomato protection, good for tomato blight.

1-lb. sifter carton 60 \$1.50; 50 lb. bag \$12.50. 60c: 4 lb. bag

CME WETTABLE DUSTING SUL-PHUR — Keep your roses free from mildew, black spot, leaf spot and other hideous fungus diseases. 2-lb. sifter earton, each 59c.

SLUG SHOT-A reliable remedy for stroying cabbage worms and used extensively on melons, cucumbers, egg-plants and tomatoes. It is non-poisonous to human life. 1-lb. can-ister 40c; 5-lb. package \$1.70.

BONE MEAL - Made from fresh bone and steamed. Analyzes about 5% nitrogen. 1 lb. 15c; 5 lbs. 60c; 10 lbs. \$1.10; 25 lbs. \$1.90; 50 lbs. \$3.25; 100 lbs. \$5.95.

CAN NOT BE MAILED

NOTE

All prices on insecticides are subject to market changes and being unsold.

Prices are F. O. B. Louisville, Ky., if delivery by Parcel Post is wanted sufficient postage should be added. We do not send C.O.D.

ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGES WITHOUT NOTICE

Planet Jr. Garden Tool

ALL PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGES WITHOUT NOTICE

No. 300A SEEDER—The No. 300A is rapidly becoming the most popular seeder for market gardeners. It is a plate seeder having three seeding plates, each with 13 holes, giving ample adjustment for any size seed. Adjustments quickly and easily made. Hopper removable. Many exclusive features combine to make the No. 300A easy running, dependable and accurate.

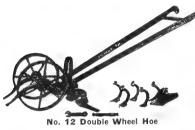
 No. 4D—Hill and Drill Seeder
 25.50

 No. 4 —Hill and Drill Seeder, Single Wheel Hoe
 31.95

 No. 25 —Hill and Drill Seeder, Double Wheel Hoe
 37.95

 No. 22 —Jiffy Seeder
 18.95

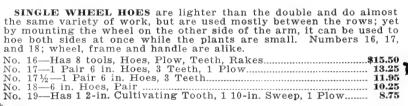
 No. 219—Hand Fertilizer Distributor.....

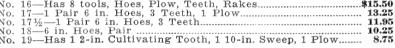


THE DOUBLE WHEEL HOE is a favorite with a great many gardeners, especially onion set growers, and will be more popular now as it is a combined double and single wheel hoe. The steel frame can be set at different heights to suit any kind or depth of work. The arch is high enough to straddle plants 20 inches high. Has 14-inch steel wheels.



No. 300A Planet Jr. Seeder







No. 100D 5-Tooth Cultivator



MYERS' HAND SPRAY PUMPS

The Myers Pneumatic Compressed Air Sprayer with self-locking D handle and Kwickfill screw top with adjustable long distance spray nozzle complete.

No. 2240-21/2 gallon size with Brass Extension.......\$12.10 No. 2242-4 gallon size with Brass Extension......... 13.40

Here is the Myers Portable Sprayer, a handy outfit about the home, greenhouse or orchard.

The pump, as illustrated under Fig. 1843, is fitted with cog gear handle, dasher and jet agitators, and is securely attached to the tank. The handle can be located at any point desired.

The tank is made of heavy galvanized iron and hung in

the frame on trunions. 12 1/2 gallons capacity.

The wheels and handles are made of wrought steel. Wheel is 15½ inches in diameter with 3 inch tire.

No. R336½B, Myers Handy Portable Sprayer, complete as shown, with Dasher and Jet Agitators, 15 feet ½-inch discharge hose, 8 foot Fig. 480 Steel Pipe Extension and Vermorel Nozzle. Wheel 15½"x3". Wt. 80 lbs. (Wt. crated 100 lbs.) Price \$47.65

No. R318B Myers Cog Gear Barrel Spray Pump, with one lead of 15 feet of ½-inch Discharge Hose, Graduating Vermorel Nozzle and both Jet and Mechanical Agitator

No. 327½ Little Giant Brass Spray Pump, with Agitator, complete with Hose and Imperial Combination fine and coarse spray and solid stream Nozzle, with Malleable Foot Rest. Price \$9.05



No. R336 1/2 B



R318B



No. R324

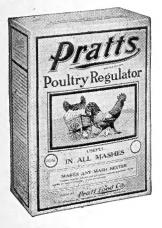




Dratts,

Poultry and Livestock Remedies - - Regulators - - Disinfectants

Prices F. O. B. Louisville, Ky. If Wanted via Parcel Post Please Add Postage











We carry a complete line of Hog Ring and Ringers, Stock Bells, Calf and Cow Weaners, Small Corn Shellers and Grinders.

MORE EGGS · · · FROM "TRACE ELEMENT" STARVED FLOCKS

Famous old reliable Pratts Poultry Regulator . . . used by millions . . . supplies the in-dispensable "Trace Elements" feeds may lack. Remarkable increase in egg production often follows. Also excellent for growing birds. Use in feed daily. 18 oz. pkg, 40c; 2¾-lb. pkg. 80c; 6-lb. pkg. \$1.60; 12½-lb. pkg. \$2.85; 35-lb. pkg. \$7.50.

DON'T GO BROKE FEEDING WORMS

Wormy birds cannot lay or grow well. Get rid of worms with Pratt's "Split Action" Worm Capsules. Each capsule does the work of two ordinary worm treatments. Contains Nicotine ordinary worm treatments. Contains Nicotine and Phenothiazine, the new miracle wormer that is 98 to 100 per cent effective in killing or expelling cecum worms. For chickens or turkeys. Adult size, 100-tablet pkg. \$1.50; chick size, 100-tablet pkg. \$1.00.

FLOCK WORM TREATMENT

A shockless, highly effective, flock worm treatment for large, round and cecum worms. Just add it to the mash, and feed for 5 days. Contains Nicotine and Phenothiazine. Gets both large round and cecum worms. 8-oz. pkg. \$1.10; 1-lb. pkg. \$2.00.

COLDS? RELIEVE THAT "STOPPED" UP FEELING

Quickly relieve that tight, stopped-up feeling with Pratt's Inhalent. It loosens accumulated mucus because it is "water soluble" and can mix with the water nasal secretions. I pint bottle \$1.10; 1-quart bottle \$1.65.

R - V - LITE

ALL PURPOSE WINDOW MATERIALS

Poultry Houses--Storm Doors and Windows Porches-Attics-Garages-Hot and Cold Bed Frames.

Made in 3 grades. Reinforced with Cotton, Plastic and Wire Mesh. Transparent, weather-proof, flexible and economical. Will admit over 60% of the sun's ultra violet rays.

Cotton Reinforced_____\$0.62 per sq. yd. Plastic Reinforced_____\$0.80 per sq. yd. Wire Mesh Reinforced_____\$1.08 per sq. yd.

Please add postage.

KEEP POULTRY LICE-FREE • • • LONGER!

Now Pratt's Roost Paint contains D.D.T. and Now Fratt's Roost Faint contains D.D.1. and Nicotine. It kills lice at present on birds and new lice that hatch out over a week later. Just apply to roosts. No handling of birds. 4-oz. cans 60c; ½-pint cans 85c; pint cans \$1.35.

PRATT'S POWDERED LICE KILLER

Especially good for delousing birds on range. Just shake some into the dust bath. Now contains D.D.T. An effective treatment for lice on livestock, too. Now con-An effective treatment for lice

14-oz, pkg. 50c 2-lb. pkg. \$1.00

STOP HEAVY LOSSES FROM BLOODY COCCIDIOSIS

Pratt's C-Ka-Gene, fed as directed on the package, stops those awful losses and setbacks Bloody Coccidiosis causes. It helps establish immunity (permanent protection). Now successfully pro-tecting its second 100 million chicks. It can save yours. 134 lbs. 90c; 3½ lbs. \$1.60.

RELIEVE SIMPLE DIARRHEA

Use Pratt's In-Tes-Trol for drinking water medication. Relieves simple Diarrhea not caused by infection. Retards Mycosis. For chickens and Retards Mycosis. For chickens and turkeys of all ages.

Pint 80c; quart \$1.40

PRATT'S POULTRY TABLETS

Protects the chicks' drinking water all day . . . not for just a few hours. Floats on top of the water. Gives off fresh medication gradually and

1 1/2 oz. pkg. 35c; 31/2 oz. 70c.

PRATT'S PIK-NO-MOR

Valuable in preventing and breaking up outbreaks of feather picking and cannibalism. Easy to apply. Inexpensive. Effective. 5-oz. pkg. 70c.

SULFAQUINOXALINE LIQUID



For control of coccidiosis in poultry flocks and For control of coccidions in pointly house and for checking immediate mortality in outbreaks of fowl cholera. Use 3 tablespoonsfull in each gallon of drinking water for 2 or 3 days until mortality stops. After 3 days on regular water use 2 tablespoons in each gallon for 2 days. Pint Bottle 95c.

PRATT'S DISINFECTANT

For general sanitation around poultry and live-It's a powerful germ killer and an stock farms. effective dip for livestock. Pratt's Disinfectant is a standard coal-tar solution such as is recommended by all authorities for farm sanitation. 1-pint can 65c; 1-qt. can \$1.00; 1-gal. can

PRATT'S ZENE-A-TROL

New "miracle" wormer for hogs, sheep, cattle chickens and turkeys. Discovered by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. All authorities agree it is the most valuable treatment yet discovered for removing worms from farm animals. \(\frac{1}{2}\)-lb. pkg. \$1.25; 1-lb. pkg. \$2.25.

PRATT'S ANIMAL REGULATOR

Protects livestock from many health and profit wrecking deficiencies. Supplies vitamin D and "Trace Elements." Helps livestock produce better on the same feed. Completes mineral diet, Guards health. 1-lb. pkg. 50c; 2½-lb. pkg. \$1.00; 6-lb. pkg. \$2.00; 35-lb. pkg. \$11.00.

PRATT'S COW TONIC

Add Pratt's Cow Tonic to your Dairy Feed. Aids appetite and digestion. Helps cows produce more milk from the same feed. Valuable conditioner. Especially helpful at calving time. 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. 75c.

PRATT'S BAG OINTMENT

This soothing, benzoinated ointment has peculiar penetrating powers that make it extremely effective in relieving udder trouble. Keep some on hand at all times. 8-oz. 65c.

PRATT'S HOG POWDER

Completes the mineral diet hogs need. It supplies growth promoting B-G complex Vitamins. Rich in Vitamin D that saves feed. Contains "Trace Elements" which keeps hogs so content they root the ground less. 1/4-lb. pkg. 45c; 3-lb. pkg. 90c; 7-lb. pkg. \$1.80.

PRATT'S CALF VITAMINS



Pratts Calf Vitamins are the easiest to feedjust mixed with milk, dry feed or give directly in mouth of calf. They are economical, too.

CALF VITAMINS— New product promotes growth, helps prevent scours, pneumonia, and other diseases. Rich in vitamins A, D, riboflavin and niacin to meet demands of modern feeding practices. . . saves valuable milk.

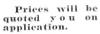
6 oz. \$1.50; Pint \$3.50.

SUPPLIES AND REQUISITES

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE

Plymouth Binder Twine

Plymouth is a very splendid Binder Twine. Long Fibre, strong, smooth strong, smooth and even. Runs uniform size. Does not kink or break like some other brands. If you have never used it, be sure and try some this season and be convinced. We are sure you will like it.







Garden Gloves

All Leather Durable Extra Soft Easy to Wear —for Men and Women

Women

Eezy Wear gives you everything you want in a garden glove; all-leather protection from dirt, scratches, stains, infection—yet permit almost BAREHAND FREEDOM. Their amazing softness and pliability are the result of a special processing of select lamb skins. Economical, too—outwear 6 pairs of ordinary fabric gloves, are washable and can be used the year round for gardening, housework, painting, furnace, garage, etc. Sizes for WOMEN (small 7, medium 8, large 9) and MEN (small 8, medium 9, large 10).

Price \$1.40 a pair. EEZŸ WEAR

Rubber Bands

RUBBER BANDS — For bunching and tying vegetables. Saves time and labor. Packed in one-pound boxes. No. 14, 2 in. \$1.75 per lb.; No. 16, 2½ in. \$1.75 per lb.

Money-Back Guarantee





pounded from the mole's natural food. True mole food scent attracts and will positively destroy large numbers of moles. Kill the breeding stock now before they multiply. Send 30c for 35 pellet package; 60c for 75 pellet pkg.; \$1.00 for 185 pellet pkg.

We Carry A Complete Line of Garden Rakes, Garden Hoes, Grass Whips, Spading Forks and Garden

ADCO

Mix ADCO with leaves, weeds, vines, clippings, cuttings, straw, cornstalks, etc., and turn them into rich plant food.

Morton's Tender-Quick
2½-lb. can 65c. (Makes enough
pumping pickle for 100 lbs. meat.) Morton's Meat Pump.....

Morton's Sugar-Cure

 $7\frac{1}{2}$ -lb. can **\$1.00.** (Enough for 100 lbs. meat.)

Morton's Sausage

Seasoning 10-oz. can **55c.** (For 30 to 40 lbs. meat.)

Non-Skipper Compound

Moisten meat and rub Non-Skipper Compound thoroughly into all cracks especially hock end. Small can 60c; large can \$1.00.

Wright's Condensed Smoke

QUICKLY APPLIED
SAVES TIME AND MEAT
Wright's Smoke is quickly and easily applied with a cloth or brush. Simply "paint" the meat with the Smoke and the job is done. The usual meat shrinkage of 10% to 20% due to the smoke house heat, is prevented when Wright's Smoke is used. This saving more than pays for Wright's Smoke. Pint Bottle (Smokes 150 lbs. meat) 60c. Quart Bottle \$1.00.

Knee Pads

All rubber cushion pads constructed of solid and sponge rubber with adjustable straps; fit any knee, will not slip down. Price, \$2.25.

DOG ZIX (Dog Repellent) — Protects evergreens, shrubs, etc., from dogs, cats, and rabbits. It is not a poison, will not harm animals or birds. 3 oz. bottle 50c; 6 oz. bottle

Six Ways Green Gold Improves Soil

(especially "problem" soils)



Improves Soil Structure Structure
"Green Gold,"
when applied
properly produces
a smooth, loose,
easily - worked,
crumbly loam.

Improves Moisture Conditions Improves Plant Nutrition

Improves Aeration Increases Yield Retards Erosion

G-100—Treats 20 square feet to 3 inch depth, mix with 8 quarts of water

G-249—Treats 70 square feet to 3 inch depth, mix with 20 to 40 quarts of water

Peat Moss

An ideal soil conditioner that will improve any type soil and assure better plant growth. Breaks up hard clay soils and gives body to sandy soils. Readily makes humus. Its millions of tiny sponge-like cells maintain moisture constancy, keep the soil well aerated and stimulate healthy root development—the secret of all good top growth.

Bale (approx. 20 bu.), \$5.35.

We will quote special prices on large lots.

Rootone

ROOTONE, the plant hormone powder, for cuttings, seeds, tubers, and bulbs. 1/4-ounce packet, 25c; 2-ounce jar, \$1.00.

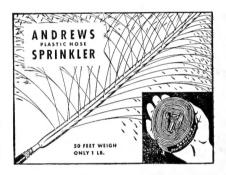
Transplantone

TRANSPLANTONE, the hormone-vitamin powder for stimulating roots in transplanting. ½-ounce packet, 25c; 3-ounce can, \$1.00.

Fruitone

This plant hormone spray will help develop a better set and bigger crops.

25c pkt. makes 5 gal. \$1.00 pkg. makes 25 gal.



IDEAL FOR UNEVEN GROUND BECAUSE IT'S FLEXIBLE

Bend the Andrews Sprinkler around curves, up hill or down.

SAVES WATER

—Because the water is put where wanted and stays there, 1 foot wide or 15 feet. Doesn't run off banks as with ordinary sprinklers.

30 FEET WEIGHS UNDER 1 POUND

GENTLE SPRAY CAN'T HARM
DELICATE FLOWERS
Used by nurserymen even on fragile blooms and bedding plants.

WILL NOT ROT OR MILDEW
May even be stored wet! Andrews
Sprinklers are made of Vinyl Plastic
(same as plastic tile floors and electrical insulation).

IDEAL AS SOAKER

Just turn the sprinkler over. The gentle spray minimizes any soil wash-The

MANY USES

Ideal for new lawns, the gentle spray will not erode soil. The sprinkler will easily cover two rows on either side in a vegetable or flower garden. Excellent for parkings and narrow strips.

Each sprinkler is complete with brass connector and washer, ready to attach.

20	feet		\$2.50
30	feet	***************************************	3.50



THE PLANTER'S TIME TABLE WHAT, HOW AND WHEN TO PLANT

Variety	When to Plant	Quantity For 100 Feet	Quantity For An Acre	Distance Between Rows	Distance Apart In Row	Depth to Plant	Pounds to the Bushel
LFALFA	Mar., April-Aug., Sept.	Broadcast	20 to 30 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	3/4 to 1 inch	60 15s.
SPARAGUS ROOTS	Spring and Fall	50 to 65 roots	5000 to 7000	4 to 6 feet	18 to 24 ins.	2 inches	
EANS, Dwarf Snap	April to Aug. 15	1½ lbs.	100 lbs.	2 to 3 feet	3 inches	2 inches	60 lhs.
Pole	May and June	1 lb.	30 lbs.	4 feet	3 to 4 feet	2 inches	60 lbs.
Dwarf Lima	May, June, July	1 to 11/2 lbs.	30 to 60 lbs.	3 feet	15 to 18 ins.	1½ inches	56 to 60
Navy	June and July	1 lb.	15 lbs.	3 feet	1 foot	2 inches	60 lbs.
Soy or Soja	April, May, June	1 lb.	15 lbs.	2½ to 3 feet	6 inches	1 to 3 inches	60 lbs.
EET, Garden	March to August	2 028.	6 to 8 lbs.	15 to 18 ins.	4 inches	1 inch	
Stock	April, May, June	2 ozs.	6 to 8 lbs.	2 to 2½ feet	8 inches	1 inch	
RUSSELS SPROUTS	May, June, July	1 oz.	1/4 1b.	2½ to 3 feet	18 inches	½ inch	
ABBAGE, Early	Jan. to June, Sept., Oct.	1 oz.	6 to 8 ozs.	2½ to 3 feet	18 inches	½ inch	
Late	April to July	1 oz.	6 to 8 ozs.	3 feet	2 feet	½ inch	
ARROT			3 to 4 lbs.	12 to 24 ins.	3 to 4 inches	½ inch	
	March to August	1 oz.					
ELERY	Feb., March and April	1/2 oz.	3 lbs.	2 to 4 feet	6 to 8 inches	1/2 inch	60 lbs.
LOVER, Crimson	July to October	Broadcast	15 Ibs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	½ inch	
Lespedeza (per acre)	March and April	Broadcast	20 to 25 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/4 inch	25 lbs.
Sweet	April, May—Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast	20 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/4 inch	
Red	Feb., March—Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast	12 to 15 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	½ inch	60 lbs.
Sapling	Feb., March—Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast	12 to 15 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	½ inch	60 lhs.
Alsike	Feb., March—Aug. to Nov.	Broadcast	12 to 15 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	½ inch	60 lhs.
OLLARDS	March to August	1 oz.	½ 1b.	21/2 to 3 feet	2 feet	1/2 inch	
ORN, Garden	April to early August	Lb., 100 hills	10 to 12 lbs.	3 feet	12 to 18 ins.	1 to 2 inches	
Field	April to July	Lb., 100 hills	10 to 12 lbs.	3½ to 4 feet	12 to 18 ins.	2 inches	56 lbs.
JCUMBER	April to July	Oz., 50 hills	2 lbs.	4 feet	4 feet	1 inch	
GPLANT	Feb., March, April	½ oz.	6 ozs.	3 feet	3 feet	1/4 inch	
IDIVE	March to Sept.	1/2 oz.	1 lb.	18 inches	1 foot	1/4 inch	
		2 ozs.	8 1bs.	18 to 24 ins.	6 inches	½ inch	
ALE, Spring	Feb. to April, Aug. to Oct.				6 inches		
Winter	Feb., March, Aug. to Oct.	1 to 2 ozs.	4 to 7 lbs.	18 inches		½ inch	
OHL-RABI	March to July	1 oz.	1 lb.	18 inches	5 to 6 inches	½ inch	
TTUCE	Feb. to May, July to Oct.	1 oz.	2 lbs.	8 to 12 ins.	18 inches	1/4 inch	
EK	Feb., March, Sept.	1 oz.	5 to 6 lbs.	12 to 18 ins.	4 to 6 inches	½ inch	
USTARD	Feb., Mar., Apr., Sept., Oct.	1 oz.	5 to 6 lbs.	6 to 12 ins.	3 to 4 inches	½ inch	
ELON, Musk or							
CANTALOUPE	May and June	Oz., 50 hills	2 1bs.	4 to 6 feet	4 to 6 feet	3/4 to 1 inch	
ELON, Water	May and June	Oz., 30 hills	3 lbs.	8 to 10 feet	8 to 10 feet	1 inch	
ILLET, German	May, June, July	Broadcast	1 bu.	Broadcast	Broadcast	½ inch	50 lbs.
ATS	Feb. to April, Sept., Oct.	Broadcast	2 to 3 bus.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1 to 2 inches	32 lbs.
(RA	April, May, June	3 ozs.	8 to 10 lbs.	3 feet	1 foot	1 inch	
NOIN	Jan., Feb.—Aug., Sept.	1 oz.	5 to 6 lbs.	12 to 18 ins.	3 to 4 inches	½ inch	
ARSLEY	Feb., MarchSept., Oct.	1 oz.	4 to 5 lbs.	12 to 18 ins.	2 to 3 inches	½ inch	
ARSNIP	March to June 15th	4 ozs.	5 lbs.	18 inches	4 to 6 inches	1/4 to 1/2 inch	
ANUTS	May and June	1 lb.	35 to 40 lbs.	2½ to 3 feet	8 to 10 inches	1 to 2 inches	22 lbs.
AS, Garden	Feb. to May	2 lbs.	90 lbs.	2½ to 3 feet	3 to 4 inches	2 to 3 inches	56 to 60
Cow	May, June, July	Broadcast	1 to 1½ bus	Broadcast	Broadcast	2 inches	60 lbs.
PPER	Feb. to July	Oz., 1000 plts.	½ to 3/4 lb.	18 inches	2 to 3 feet	½ inch	
			10 to 12 bus.	3 feet		4 inches	60 lbs.
TATOES, Early	March, April	½ peck			15 inches		
Late	June, July, August	½ peck	10 to 12 bus.	3 feet	15 inches	4 inches	60 lhs.
MPKIN	May and June	Oz., 20 hills	3 1bs.	8 to 10 feet	8 to 10 feet	1 inch	
DISH	Feb. to May, Aug. and Sept.	2 ozs.	8 to 10 lbs.	18 to 24 ins.	4 to 6 inches	½ inch	
PE	Feb. to Apr. 15, AugNov.	2 ozs.	6 to 8 lbs.	1 to 11/2 feet	4 to 6 inches	½ inch	
UBARB	March and April	1 oz.	8 to 10 lbs.	Trans. 6 feet	4 to 5 feet	½ inch	
		Broadcast	1½ bus.	Broadcast		2 inches	56 lbs.
E	July to November				Broadcast		
LSIFY	March to July	2 ozs.	6 to 8 lbs.	18 inches	4 to 6 inches	1/2 inc h	
INACH	Feb. to Apr., Aug. to Dec.	2 ozs.	12 to 15 lbs.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet	4 to 6 inches	1 inch	
UASH	April to July	2 ozs. (hills)	3 to 4 lbs.	3 to 4 feet	3 to 4 feet	1 inch	
BACCO	February		1 to 2 ozs.	3½ to 4 feet	3 feet	1/16 inch	
				4 feet		/	
MATO	Jan. to July	Oz., 1000 plts.	4 ozs.		3 feet	1/4 inch	
IRNIP	Feb., July to Sept. 15th	1 oz.	$1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 lbs.	2 feet	4 inches	½ inch	
тсн	Feb., Mar.—July to Nov.	Broadcast	25 to 30 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	2 inches	
		Broadcast	5 pecks	Broadcast	Broadcast	2 inches	60 lbs.

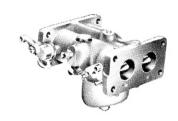
BEGIN RIGHT-PLANT HALL'S PREMIUM SEEDS-END RIGHT

Meet These Tractors They Step Up Performance in All These NEW Ways

In their livelier, more flexible power... their new, "live" power shaft and "live" Fowr-Trol... their effortless steering... quick-change wheel tread, and many other major engineering advancements and improvements, these heavyduty 2- and 3-plow John Deere "50" and "60" Tractors step up performance in many new ways. See your John Deere dealer and arrange to drive one of these great new tractors in the field.

DUPLEX CARBURETION

This new double-barreled carburetor meters fuel in identical amounts to each cylinder giving you more "get-up-and-go"... outstanding fuel economy... smoother engine performanca... faster cold-weather starts.



"LIVE" POWER SHAFT

Operating independently of the transmission clutch, the "live" power shaft speeds up every PTO job ... practically eliminates clogging of power-driven machines ... saves cost of auxiliary engines in many cases.

"LIVE" HIGH-PRESSURE POWR-TROL

Provides ever-ready hydraulic power—independent of both transmission and power shaft—for faster effortless equipment control. Direct engine-driven high-speed pump increases lifting capacities as much as 114% over previous models.



QUICK-CHANGE WHEEL TREAD

Makes re-spacing of tractor rear wheels a simple, easy, one-man job. No lifting, tugging or reversing wheels from side to side to obtain any tread from 56 to 88 inches.

EFFORTLESS STEERING

Highly-finished worm and full gear, increased gear ratio, one-joint construction and a ball thrust bearing at the pedestal base, combine to make the new Models "50" and "60" the easiest handling tractors you've ever known.



 		2.0	 Me terretaria da ationa		
E D			LET	JOHN DE	0.60
	Barre		Сопроп	to C	MA.
			ine, Ill.		

Please	send	free	book	clet	on	the	New	John	Deere
	Mod	lels '	'50 ''	and	"6	0" 1	racto	rs.	

Name Box State